SCIENCE FICTION FALL

REVIEW NUMBER 56 \$2.50

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FILE 770
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NIGHT OF POWER
HARLAN'S WORLD

HARLAN'S MORLD
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SCIENCE MADE STUPID
THE ADVENTURES OF TERRA TARKINGTON
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Next Issue....

THE FACES OF FEAR, a profile of Charles Grant by Douglas F. Winter.

SCIENCE FICTION BY THE NUMBERS By Robert Sabella

By Robert Sabella OATH OF FEALTY: NO THUD, SOME BLUNDERS By Sheila Finch

And other stuff you all expect every issue.

ACIEN THOUGHTS

RICHARD E. GEIS

A RADICAL FORMATECTOMY

is roughly what you see before you. I mentioned in THE NAKED ID that this move was likely and here it

The format of SFR has been...er...altered. 48 pages, now, and a streamlining of the cover/contents pages as well as the back-issue pages. A wider layout nage allows 40-character (elite) columns and reduces the typesize to give many

and reduces the typesize to give many more words per page.

This is to compensate for the drop from 64 pages to 48. I'm reducing the size of illos and cartoons, too, to vield the same illo/cartoon count and also provide more space for text.

Why? Ah, the age-old answer, to save money. In fact, it saves around \$500 per issue, counting printing savings, postage savings and being able to use less costly shipping containers to bookstores.

when I see this in magazine printed form, this is the way SFR will look from now on

With #62 and the opportunity for a fresh start or a final goobye, I'll decide whether I want to launch another longterm cycle of publishing, or not. The factors influencing me then will be the state of my novel-writing career, the state of my health, the state of my fin-ances, the state of the nation.

SPEAKING OF SFR #62...

the way the subscription forms are set up, some of you will expire with #61, some with #62. not worry. Those who expire with #61 will receive a one-issue subscription form and will have the opportunity to receive the-final-issue-in-this-format-for-

This will mean the nostulated final issue will actually be the Feb. 1987 issuc. This will drive most libraries and subscription agencies crazy! Sorry, but I see to other way...short of refunds of all those *62 (and a few larger *) subs. Well, I never did run this magazine

for the convenience of libraries. as wants to bother with #62, will.

IF SFR continues (in my current think-ing) it will follow the 8-page format of THE NAKED ID and be mailed approximately every month. But this is ringed with a lot of maybes and ifs and is not a prom-ise---or a threat. I just like to keep you appraised of how I feel about it now.

HOWLING FOR BLOOD Now forming a writers organization -- Hormor and Occult Writers League-H.O.W.L. Focus on horror/occult. Send \$5.00 in U.S. funds for progress re-ports and further information. H.O.W.L., Karen Lansdale, 608 Christian, Nacoodoches. TX 75961

THE READERS AND THE NON-READERS---ARE THE DADDAD LANC WINNING

The basic stats seem to show that 60 million Americans are basically illiterare---they can't read a book, a newspaper. the Bill of Rights, or the instructions on a can of Drano. [Hey, man, I think it says mix with Ripple and add a dash of salt...

And, warm the doomsavers, the U.S. is 24th in book readership, compared to 5th Russians read? The classics and their censored newspapers?1

Further depressing statistics tell us that in the United States an estimated one million teen-agers read at a third grade level, while 47% of black youths are illiterate. Not just functionally illiterate, plain, unvarnished illiter-

More disaster is in the future say the experts who advise readers that illiteracy is rising by 10% a year, while literacy programs are serving only 5%.

Aww! I bleed for all those kids and ANN: 1 Dited for all chook as a dults who can't read and don't want to read! That's the bottom, distasteful line of truth, isn't it? These people simply don't give a damn about being able to read

So to hell with them. They'll rot in the underclass for the rest of their lives. They'll be our criminals. They will be our welfare class.

If they want it, they can have it. There are millions of newcomers to the United States, that 'ideal minority' the Asian immigrants, who know the key to making it in this country (or any country for Christ's sake!) is being able to read the language and speak the language. Regularly on TV and in the papers I read stories and see stories about how quickly these people are progressing, how their kids are three-year whizzes in school,

and how these Asians are working like heavers saving money, starting business-

All the federal state and local programs in the world, all the billions of dollars we care to spend, will go to waste if the objects of our desire to learn to read simply don't see any point to learning to read. They are irrelevant to modern high-tech civilization. They are out of it by their own choice. we used to believe, it's a free country. Let them have their visual-oral life-style and be done with it.

Anyone, at any age, who wants to read will learn to read! This illiteracy "problem" is not a problem. The truth is this country probably doesn't need extra millions of readers. [Although writers and publishers naturally disagree. And Liberals and statists naturally want to set up a trillion-dollar Literacy Program to force these by-choice illiterates to join Civilization by learning to read--it means high-pay jobs to the Liberals who would staff such a wonderful waste of taxpayers' money.]

My attitude is heresy, of course. The usual non-think feeling is that if a certain percentage of adults and teenagers can't read it must be because they weren't taught correctly or had a bad homelife ... III.S. Secretary of Education William Ren-



nett says the problem is caused by parents nase a law requiring all navents to read to all their children and nenviding inhome readers for those parents who are se model

But I believe these people have been exposed to the unending propaganda in the media about how important education is and how with it is to learn to read and speak well, if you want to succeed in speak well, if you want to succeed in life...be a Yuppy...and they have said to hell with it. They don't see any great need to read. They don't want to be 'successful'. For complex (and simple) reasons they have chosen to be illiterate. They have rejected the mainstream U.S. lifestyle.

That rejection of our values probably hugs the hell out of the Liberals

Tarret abia We have a stew of different cultures and lifestyles in this country, all kinds of mixtures and overlans. The non-literate is one element. [We probably also have a large group who read too much! Is that a problem Liberals will bleed about next year? It might be if they can figure a way to acquire power over people and money from the government to 'fix' it.

Let the illiterates alone. At least they don't advocate federal programs to discourage the rest of us from reading

REVISING THE COMING REALITY

Wot, again? Well, a Gestetner agent called upon me today [6-6-85] and plied me with folders. The new super-automated Gestetner mineograph...the Gestetner line of conjerc

I manfully resisted. But one item of info was dropped in my lap: Mita makes the Gesterner coniers.

I will eventually be interested in a copier, but not at Gestetner's inflated prices. They habitually sell machines to corporations and assume corporations will pay any price.... And these highpowered corporations like Gestetner and IBM always have high overhead and high salaries to pay.

But when the time comes, I'll check out Mita copiers to see if they sell cheaper that the same machines under the Gestetner namenlate.

Oh, reality. Well, I've come to the conclusion that if I continue SFR nast #62, it cannot be 8 pages. The needs of material, balance, departments, etc. require at a minimum 16 pages. And the price would have to be \$1.50 for first class mail

But if my novels sell well enough, and if the money is good enough, maybe that will tempt me to not continue SFR. Yet I love it so... No, no...yes, yes. Maybe, maybe.... Shit, shit!

IN CASE YOU MISSED THEM, ...

My three self-published sf novels will soon be available in microfiche editions from: MICRO INFORMATION CONCEPTS

P.O. Box 2163 Dallas, TX 75221

The titles are:

CANNED MEAT STAR WHORES THE CORPORATION STRIKES BACK

STAR WHORES and CORPORATION are erotic sf novels. CANNED MEAT is less erotic. I have no information at this time as

to price or exectly when they'll be offerad I should have a maries info next is-

M.I.C. are also offering the complete rofiche They are also in the process of putting all Loompanic titles on fiche, in-cluding the two Gilliand carton collections and my own just-published HOW TO (Illustrated with 12 Gilliland cartoons). HOW TO is available now from Loompanics [POB 1197, Port Townsend, WA 98368] for \$795 plus \$2, shipping and handling

charges.

FOUR-LETTER WORDS. WHAT STRANGE POWER... Mike Hoy of Loompanics reports that

FIS FOR FUN AND PROFIT, will be delayed because his usual printer wouldn't print ----

I'm surprised. Mike says my work is now in the same category as books on how to manufacture illegal drugs, how to break into people's houses, how to tor-

ture guys... all books this printer has refused to do in the mast. I suppose I'm flattered, in a lefthanded kind of way

I DO DECLARE...

that in spite of the above buckstering. SFR is no longer a semi-prozine. It is a fanzine! Hear that Mike Glyer? SFR no longer pays for its material (has not since the beginning of 1985), does not make a profit (as of now, this issue, for sure!), and is definitely not a major contributor to my income (say rather outgo). and though its print run is declining by about 100 copies per issue, it does still run higher than 1000. Unless I misremember, however, the Rules say a fanzine can violate at least one of the four vardsticks for determining its status as a pureblooded, blessed by Yngvi, amateur fanzine.

Of course, SFR isn't a faanzine (that is, a zine devoted to fans and fan egos and fan doings), but is instead a fanzine devoted to (horrors!) science fiction and fantasy.

I do so state. Let the revelry be-



AWARDS....AWARDS....AWARDS....AWARDS.... Ah, when will it ever end? The new

SCIENCE FICTION CHRONICLE (nice orange and black cover. Andy!) has news of the Nebula Awards and of the SEC Reader Awar-I *shem* upn the SBC Rest Fan Writer

award. Again. I think this is the fourth time in a row. Quadruple wow. Thank you. all you readers.

Who won the other awards? Trivial information, but if you must know....

DC DEADED AWADDS Best Novel: NEURCHANCER by William Gibson Best Novella: PRESS ENTER[] by John Varley Best Novelet: BLOODCHILD by Octavia Butler

Best Novelet: BLOUDCHLLD by Octavia Butler Best Short Story: SALWADOR by L. Shepard Best Dramatic: Z010:0DYSSEY TWO Best Pro Editor-Magazines: Edward Ferman Best Pro Editor-Books: Terry Carr

Best Pro Editor-Books: Terry Car Best Pro Artist: Michael Whelan Best Semi-Prozine: SF CHRONICLE Best Fanzine: FTIE 770 Best Fan Writer: Richard E. Geis Best Fan Artist: Brad Poster

Congratulations, all. And especially to Brad Foster. His cover on this issue of SFR shows you why he won; great style and himor

NEBULA AWARDS

NEBULA AWARDS
Best Novel: NEUROMANCER by William Gibson
Best Novella: PRESS ENTER[] by John Varley
Best Novelet: BLOODCHILD by Octavia Butler
Best Short Story: MDRNING CHILD by G.Dozois

Remarkable agreement among the two sets of voters; one set the readers. and the Nebulas are voted by professional

Since SFR is sent to the printer in mid-July, it is unlikely (as it is every year) I'll get word of the Hugo winners for this issue. Sorry, Keep watching SF CHRONICLE and LOCUS.

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111

BIG PERSON OF INDETERMINATE AGE,

TOM SANYER IN TROUBLE WITH LONDON CENSORS By Joseph Crigg (Cox News Service)

London, 8th April. TOM SAWYER, the Mark Twain classic on which tens of thousands of American children have been raised is in hot water

A century or sore after it was written, left-twing education officials in Londom have ruided it "racier" and "westig" and ordered it removed from school libraries under heir control. HERLIBERRY PINN, barmed by some local school authorthas escaped this fate in Londom has escaped this fate in Londom however the control of the thing have not beard of it. The Inner Londom Education Authority (ILEA) has also barmed many other classics

Daniel Defoe's ROBINSON CRUSOE, dubbed "racist, sexist and imperial-

Charlotte Bronte's JANE EYRE, condemned as sexist.

Beatrix Potter's PETER RABBIT and BENJAMIN BUNNY children's books because they were about "middle--lass rabbits"

Nr. John Colimene, until recently Headmaster of St. Charles Primary
School in the Kensington district of
Mest Lundon, said, "I was Tlabbergasted when my staff were ordered
to check each book in our library
ageism." He quoted Wrs. Pamela Pulen, an ILEA schools inspector, as
ordering all books written more than
n wears ago to be thrown out of
the library and replaced by others
approved by the authority. Mr. Colsported with the subority.

But a spokesman for the authority said: "This is a genuine attempt to counter racism and sexism in books and to produce books that give a broader, fairer view." The Inner London Education Authority is an elected local government body responsible for all State Schools in London. It is dominated by extreme left-wing Labourites, called by more conservative-minded Britons "the looney left". Its boss is Mrs. Frances Morrell, prominent left-wing activist and one-time close associate of "hard left" Labourite member of parliament, Mr. Anthony (Tony) Benn. She has ruled that all "sexist, racist and classist stereotypes" are to be avoided and eliminated from education of children in London. Mr. Colinene said that he first knew of the new leftist policy twist when Mrs. Pullen, an aide to Mrs. Morrell, showed up unannounced one day at St. Chalres school and demanded to see its library and teaching books. "Only then," he said, "did I learn about the bans on so many children's classics," He said the school library was ordered closed down and any books written more than ten years ago destroyed. He said rather than destroy books. he sold them off to eager parents at 10¢ a copy. Then he quit and took a less risky job working on Church of England archives.



Other books that he said aroused the ire of ILEA officials included Charles Dickens; COLIVER TMIST, denounced as "mari-semitic", Shakespeare's KING LEAR, rejected as sexist, and a commentary on the BIBLE by the Reverend Ronald Knox, simply because it was written more than ten vears ago.

much-used to teach reading to fiveyear-olds was disapproved of because it showed well-dressed little girls helping their mothers in the kitchen and little boys helping their fathers in the garage.

"That," ILEA inspector Mrs. Pullen was quoted as saying, "is sexist and classist." Mr. Colinene said: "They were ordered replaced by a reader showing little girls in overalls working in a garage and little boys in a kitchen."

Other schools reported their libraries and teaching books also were subjected to a thorough purge. They said this was based on the new ILEA policy directive banning "racism" and "sexism" and "promoting "equal opportunities". They said discarded books have been replaced by others of "multi-ethnic character" approved by the ILEA.

Mr. Ron Letheren, ILEA senior staff inspector for schools, said that "in a multi-racial society it's very important that children should be given books which don't diminish their view of themselves."

Some London schools also have been ordered to stop teaching Latin because it is "elitist".

From THYME #44, the Australian SF News Magazine, May, 1985. The "Big Person..." heading by REG

THE NAKED

THE PERSONAL JOURNAL

The goal here is total honesty and disgusting self-revelation. Alas, I often don't have the guts to attain that...very oft-

Four issues of THE NAKED ID have been published so far. I'm spilling my guts now in #5. Some of the things in #4 were:

Self-rage at my failure to write as much as I should. Sloth, sloth, thy lure is

Proposed novels I should write the partials of...when I get the time. Doing THE MASTER

FILE NOW (sold).

My opinion of Bernard Geotz, subway shooter extraordinaire.

My opinion of Scientology...
and all religion.
The exploitation of sex---by

The exploitation of sex-the government.

Good Old Ronnie and his tax reform con game. This guy is worse than President Johnson and Carter combined!

Movie Reviews: RHINESTONE, DECEPTIONS, SIXTEEN CANDLES, ANDROID, FOOTLOOSE, REPO MAN, other.

The Hijacking and what I think is really behind it.

My thinking on abortion and why some women think \underline{I} should have been aborted.

THE NAKED ID is published completed. \$1.00 per issue. (US\$1.60 for overseas airmail) All issues sent first class. Subscription limit: 10 issues. Please make all checks payable to Richard E. Geis.

P.O. Box 11408 Portland, OR 97211

INTERVIEW:

robert shea

PROLOGIE

The son of a doctor, Robert Shea was born in New York City on St. Valentine's day 1933 He attended Manhattan College, where he worked on the college newspaper, yearbook and literary magazine pensed with blackballing and pledging. Drafted in 1954, he spent most of his two years in the Army doing public relations writing. After earning a master's degree in English literature at Rutgers University and writing the first draft nublished) about his college years. Shea returned to New York, where he tried free-lance fiction writing for a time His first professional short story was nublished in EANTASTIC INTUEDED by Hone Steffan Santesson: who invited Shea to ioin the Hydra Club. At a Hydra meeting Join the Hydra Club. At a Hydra meeting Shea met Larry T. Shaw, editor of INFIN-ITY, who hired Shea to work on CUSTOM RODDER and CAR SPEED & STYLE. (Shea was not to pass a driver's test for another In 1963 he joined the editorial staff of TRUE magazine and in 1966 he was appointed editor of CAVALIER. In 1967 he was asked by PLAYBOY to become one of the editors of "The Playboy Forum" letter column. As a "Forum" editor he represented PLAYBOY in many lectures, panel discussions and debates. By 1977 he was solely responsible for edit-ing "The Playboy Forum." He lost his iob at PLAYBOY in an economy drive in Sentember, 1977.

Throughout his career as a magazine editor, Shea continued to write. His work included occasional science fiction short stories and a couple of novels (he tends to be varue about how many there were) that never saw the light of day. as well as other pieces that did. He had better success with non-fiction, his articles and essays appearing in maga-zines as diverse as TODAY'S HEATH and the LOS ANGELES FREE PRESS. In 1968 he was one of a group who put together LAW AND DISORDER, a one-shot magazine sponsored by the American Civil Liberties Union in the aftermath of the 1968 Democratic National Convention in Chicago. The publication attacked Mayor Richard J. Daley and the Chicago police and supported the peace demonstrators. Shea writes mostly about subjects related to the behavioral sciences, such as psychology, sex, religion and politics. As his novel-writing schedule gets heavier, his articles become less frequent. An im-portant article was his "Women at War." a critique of the women's anti-pornography movement published in the Febru-ary, 1980 PLAYBOY. Lately he has taken to doing travel pieces on hotels and res-taurants in the Midwest for TRAVEL & LEISURE. His most recent published art-icle was 'Nobody Else Can Do It For You," in THE WRITER, November, 1984.

During his years at PLAYBOY Shea met Robert Anton Wilson, also an editor on "The Playboy Forum." Together they wrote ILLMINATUS!, published by Dell in 1975. The three volumes of ILLMINATUS! have been described as "the marchist/acid rock answer to THE LCRO DF THE RINGS"by David Harris, one of the editors who excited in the control of th

ILLMINATUS! is still in print, unusual for a paperback original; it has been produced on the stage in England, the Netherlands, Germany and the U.S. and a small, antic cult has grown up around it. It was republished in a one-volume trade paperback edition in 1984 and has since appeared on a couple of science fiction and libertarian best-seller

Shea continues his career as an editor by getting out his own amateur magazine, NO GOMERNOR. He claims it has a circulation of a little over a hundred.

Shea's next novel, SHIKE (pronounced she -kay), set in medieval Japan, was published by Jove Publications in June, 1981. It has come out in eight foreign editions and is now in its seventh print-

His newest novel, ALL THINGS ARE LIGHTS, a novel about a troubadour and the women he loves in the time of the Crusades, will be published by Ballantine Books in the summer of 1986. He teaches part-time for the Department of Communications at Loyola University, Chi-

Shea lives with his wife, Yvonne, and his son, Michael, in a small yellow house surrounded by evergreen shrubs in a suburb of Chicago on the shore of Lake Michigan. It is a surprisingly conventional setting for a man who writes science fiction and calls himself an anarchist. The choice is possibly explained by a quota-tion from Flaubert Shea has tacked to the bulletin board of his office: "Live like a hourgeois and think like a god." He We bought this house because we needed room and it was cheap and pretty, and now the price of houses has gone up so much that it's even cheaper to live here. In fact, we probably couldn't afford to move."

Shea works in a room in the back of the house which has a pleasant view of green fields. Crammed with books, the room is papered with a black and white design of heraldic lions. The walls are decorated with framed posters advertising erformances of the stage version of IL performances of the stage version of the LIMINATUS! There is also a small picture of Shea and Robert Anton Wilson side by side, each with his head enclosed in a pyramid surmounted by an eye, the symbol of the sinister Bavarian Illuminati. There is a bulletin board on which, Shea savs. he changes the items once a month. This month's items include a calendar of his own devising (the weeks begin on Monday), a schedule of the editing course he is currently teaching at Loyola, the

above-mentioned line from Flashert and several odd-looking abrographs without captions clipped from necoppers. Some shelves the books share space with what Shea calls 'my collections of tacky sourceins,' cheep, gaudy objects purchassorid. There is a gilt replica of the infell lower, a Space Needle pencil sharpener from Seattle, a dimmer bell from the cushion from St. Louis, Missouri, and a replica of New York City in a bottle. The centerpiece of Shea's worktoon is an Apple //e compret which he calls 'Mt.

Shea is about six feet tall, slightly owneeight, and has a full head of early, greying hair and a brown mustache that dropps over the corners of his south. He wears gold-framed bifocals. His manner is calm and pleasant. He speaks with a slight New York accent in a nasal voice that tends toward loudness, he says from years of trying to talk above subway noises.

SFR After the publication in 1975 of

SFR: After the publication in 1975 of ILLUMINATUS!, which you wrote with Robert Anton Wilson, your opus enjoyed a remarkable career on the stage. How did that come about?

SHA: A and English showen by the name of km Campbell discovered the ILIMINAT-US! books and decided to try to produce a theatrical version. Campbell's Science of ILIMINATISI operation of ILIMINATISI operation November 23, 1976 in a coffee shop called the Liverpool School of Language Music Dream and the Company of the State of ILIMINATISI operation November 23, 1976 in a coffee shop called the Liverpool School of Language Music Dream and the time of the Liverpool School of Language Music Dream and the Liverpool School of Language Music Dream and Later in Amsterdam and Frankfurt. In the Company of the State of t

PHILOSOPHER - KING! WHAT A
CROCK! THATO'S ACADEMY CORNERED
THE MARKET IN PHILOSOPHY AND
GAVE THE CONCEPT A BUG PR PUSH!

BUT THE ATHENIANS WERE TOO SMART TO BUY IT !



CONDUCTED BY

NEAL WILGUS

to do their own, halfway around the sovilad, which run from Spetcher to December of 1978. Campbell and his co-play-right, Chris Lumphan, an illuminated comedian who used to write for the Mappel of the plays as the plays lasting from noon to admight, with play breaks a suitable intervals. For the National Theatre they trimmed that to eight and half hours. The play's gaace turned it into a cycle of anose lasted about ten bours.

SFR: What did you think of the stage

CHFA: What greater delight can a writer experience than to see real people taking the trouble to bring his work to life? When what began as a vague shape in the mind takes on solid form in a theater before an audience, it's a thrill that can't be dumlicated. It was one of the most sublime experiences in my life, second only to being with Yvonne when she gave birth to our baby. Novelists are often displeased with adaptations of their works to other media. But Wilson and I were delighted with both the British and Seartle productions. They were ingenious in handling problems of staging and special effects, and they were faith-ful to both the text and the meanling of the books. The actors were passionately dedicated and gave brilliant performanc-

SFR: How were the plays received by the public? Did people have trouble sitting there for eight to twelve hours?

SHEA: Audiences at the marathon performances seemed even more enthusiastic than those who saw only one play at a time. ILLMINATUSI schieves some of its best effects through sheer size and all inclusiveness. In liverpool, London and Seattle the house was always full for every marathon performance.

SER: What did the critics have to say?

SHEA: There were dozens of reviews of the various stage versioms, nearly all of them favorable. The few negative reviews were invariably aimed at the material rather than the actors. I'm glad we got at least a few hostile reviews.

SFR: Why?

SPA: ILLMENNIUS was intended to outrage, dispust, disturb and behalfer many sorts of people. When two marchists write a long nowel full of satire aimed at everything from conspiracy theories to government and organized religion, the property of the constitution of the conthernium of the content of the conthernium of the content of the contended of the co

SFR: In addition to its science fiction and anarchist aspects, ILLUMINATUS! displays a strong preoccupation with the occult and the paramormal. Has your interest in this area grown, or are you more skeptical these days?

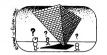
SAFA: I've always been pretty skentical SHA: I've always been pretty skeptical about the occult and the paranormal, but in an open-minded way, if you take my meaning. I think magick, witchcraft and paganism have value as alternative pathways to what the mystics call illumination I am willing to believe that occult or paramormal phenomena really exist, if ever I'm presented with conclusive evidence I think that it is a betraval of science that some so-called scientists are trying to use institutional sanctions to discourage research in these areas But I don't think anything has been provon faith. I was a helieving Catholic until I was thirty, and it was difficult enough to get away from that. No more spooks for me, thank you. Meanwhile. however, in ILLIMINATUS and elsewhere I'm willing to use such concepts as story material without worrying about whether they're real or not.

SFR: What about the Ancient Illuminated Seers of Bavaria? Don't you believe in

them? SHFA: At the time the book was written. thought the legend of the Bayarian Illuminati was a silly, paranoid myth. We were simply using the Illuminati legend and the related plethora of conspiracy theories about the sixties' wave of political assassinations as a launching pad for an extended flight of black humor and political satire. In the years durcountry was awash in naranoia, and we were hoping to exorcise some of it by poking fun at it. It had not been that whole country in the grip of Communist conspiracy mania. It was not that lone since a harmless couple named Julius and Ethel Rosenberg were sent to the electric chair as atomic spies. The evidence against them was pure shit, if you look at it today, but it was convincing at the time because of the prevalent hyster-ia. At the time we were writing the John Birch Society had magnified that conspiracy mania by connecting the Commmist conspiracy to the Illuminati conspiracy, which Robert Welch had now dis-covered, and they were blaming that conspiracy for sex education, fluoridation, rock music, the peace movement and the popularity of marijuana. And they were popularity of marijuana. And they were being believed. It was in that climate that Wilson and I took up our pens to tilt at the windmills of political madness.

SFR: Have you changed your mind at all about the existence of the Illuminati since the book was published?

SEA. You, yourself, having written and researched TE (LLMANNIDE, which I consider to be a very same and scholarly study of the Illuminati myth, are in a better position to say whether they achieve the birth Society picture of the Illuminati-which is now also being put about by a Birch-like group led by an extreme authoritzarian named byndom Laroucher-secret deals among world leaders and dastardly criminal acts are committed coveryl by government agents. Still, I age old conspirmy that explains All of the Bad Things That Are Happenins All of



There is also the tradition of philosphical research whose initiates are sometimes known as Illuminati, a tradition that includes the heretic-martyr Glordano Bruno, the magician Aleister Crowley and Bobert Antom Wilson, my coauthor. But members of this tradition have not tried to take over governments more light in their own--and others'--heads.

SFR: So you wrote ILLUMINATUS! purely as political satire?

SHFA: Our intentions kept changing all the time. At first we saw it simply as an international esnimage thriller with the Illuminati as arch-villains, giving us. as I said, an opportunity to satirize current paranoias. As the book developed it molled along like a blob-monster absorbing everything in its path. We came to consider it what the literary critic Northrop Frye calls an anatomy, a long work of prose fiction that incorp-orates everything that interests the author---ideas, opinions, curious facts, campy stories. MOBY DICK is a good example of an anatomy. We wanted to out-rage authoritarians of left, right and center, so we made the book subversive. blasphemous and pornographic. We threw in generous helpings of anarchist propa-ganda and our notions about the theory and practice of mysticism. Eventually we dared to home that ILLIMINATUS! might be a more-than-literary experience. might actually have psychotherapeutic or mystically enlightening value, make readers feel as if they were participating in some magical or religious rite. Only, the aim of this rite would be to liberate people, rather than confirm their current programming. I think the stage versions of ILLUMINATUS! really did have this magical quality. The marathon performances reminded me a bit of the long Catholic services for Holy Week that recapitulate the trial, crucifixion and resurrection of Jesus. Of course, ILLIMINATUS! is a good deal more entertaining than any religious ceremony I've ever sat through. Maybe this is what religion was like before somebody decided it had to be boring to be good for your soul.

SFR: You wrote ILLUMINATUS! while an editor at PLAYBOY. Did you find working there an enjoyable or a stultifying experience.

SPÉ: It was a very lively, creative place to work, septically during or earlier years there. My work on "The Play-tor boy Forms" gave me lots of naterial for ILLBURNATIS! Later on, though, the corresponding started to pur short of smery, take on most of the work that had formerly been done by a group of people. It took all my time just to do the "Forms" well, and there was nothing left over to the job became something of a trendmill. Then there was an ecomony drive. On a

single day in September, 1977 about 150 employees were axed including several editors, and I was one of them.

CED. Was that tranmatic for you?

SEA: No m atter how much they tried to tell me I was a swell person and my work was first-rate, I couldn't help but feel I had been weighed in the balance and found expendable. Also, Yvorne and I had some family tragedies at the same too months after I was fired my mother, who died in 1979, became an invalid, and Yvorne's 12-year-old brother was killed in a motorycle accident. So the end of 1977 was a bad time for us, not just move the produces of my being kicked out by PAX-source out by

SFR: How did you get through it?

SEA: I was buyed up by Yeones's unshakable confidence that I'd find sorthshile work to do. Years of studying Zen helped a lot, too. It's a bounce-back philosophy. When fears of not being able to support my family plunged se into anxlety or depression, I reminded myself, asky cals and observal more than they needed someone who had a job. That helped me out of a lot of funks. Besides, PLMSOY didn't exactly cast me adrift without a life raft. There were IS week's sewerence pay, my profit-sharing and sevreal free-lance delting and writing as-

SFR: How did you manage to strike out on your own as a free-lance writer?

SHEA: I'd always intended to leave PLAY-BOY---on my time-table, of course---and try to write for a living. I didn't feel ready to do that when I was unexpectedly fired, but while I was job-hunting a substantial amount of free-lance writing work came my way. At the same time. gave some short outlines for novels to my agent. Al Zuckerman. One of them turned into SHIKE, the medieval-Japanese novel which was published by Jove in 1981. That's a publishing company, not a Roman god. Once Al landed a writing contract for me that would pay enough to support us, there was no question about going back to the old office-job-andnavcheck routine.

SFR: What is life like out on your particular limb?

SHFA: When I had a regular job I used to observe the free-lance writers I knew and say it must take nerves of steel to live like that, but I had no bone-deep understanding of how frightening it really is until I started to do it myself. It is very difficult to be creative while worrying about when my next check is going to come in. I've learned to put thoughts of money firmly out of my mind as much as I can. It helps a great deal now that Yvonne now has a full-time iob and I can ditch that old role, so destructive to men, of being the sole support of my family. Work is much more of a pleasure than it was when I was a magazine editor. It's hard at times and lonely at times, but what could be more fun than spending all day in a quiet room watching and recording the doings of the creatures of my imagination?

SHEA; As a kid I constantly drew and robors and horrible monsters. I made my own toy soldiers out of namer. They were usually summosed to be Martians. built fleets of paper rocket ships. I staged great hattles on the living room rug. At the same time, I was making my own newspapers Refore I knew how to write I would fold nieces of namer and decorate them with regular rows of any interested adult, making the news stories up as I went along. I made up a long epic about my teddy bear, which I told in daily installments to my mother. As I grow older I developed the ambition to write and draw my own science fiction comic strip. This grew out of my fascinreading in 1938. I felt about BICK ROGERS the way my son now feels about STAR WARS. I drew my own comic strips and passed them out to friends

SFR: How did you get started as a writ-

SAFA. Just as reading BICK ROGERS made me want to do my own comic strip, reading of made me want to write the stuff. I started reading science fiction---a CAPTAIN FUTURE story called 'Magic Moon' ---uhen I was eleven Since the manazines didn't come out fast enough for me, I started patronizing a back-number magazine store in my neighborhood, and pretty soon I had built up a big collection of sf magazines. About the time I got the urge to write sf stories myself. discovered that this store had stacks of back issues of WRITER'S DIGEST. THE WRITER and AITHOR AND JOURNALIST. These magazines fed my ambition, and they also taught me that there are principles in the construction of fiction, techniques for telling a story, methods of going about writing. I started reading howto-write books. Those by Jack Woodford were among my favorites. By the time I was in high school I was turning out short stories pretty regularly. As a senior in high school I wrote a long pseudo-history of the future, which I called THE MARCH OF THE MARTIANS. It leaned heavily on a book I loved, THE MARCH OF THE BARBARIANS by Harold Lamb. a history of the Mongols. I had a counle of short stories published in THE MANHATTAN QUARTERLY, the college liter-ary magazine. I had finished college and done two years in the army and was in graduate school when I had my first professional publication, a short story called "Brave Feast," which appeared in the January. 1958 issue of FANTASTIC UNI-VERSE, edited by Hans Stefan Santesson.



AH... I HAVE TO

H.L. Sold published a story of mine called "Mutineer" in the July, 1959 issue of IF. I wrote faction and articles freduction of the story of the story of the cality, and the story of the story of the Bob Wilson and I came out with ILLIMINTUS, which was the first time I had myname on a box.

SFR: Can you remember the first novel

SEA. Not for sure, but the most important was THE MIND IN THE MILLIONS. One of the great books of all time. Yvenne and I took turns reading it aloue to each other a few years age and I recently thank it is a beautiful and delightful book. SMISS FAMILY ROBINGON was another accordance to the season of the seaso

SFR: What books did you like most when

SPEA. I mad nore magazine science fittion than mynthing sles. When I was in my teems there were no publishers regularly bringing out of books. I was enchanted by Leigh Brackett's SHADOW OVER MNCS and by Asimot's FUNDATION series. MNCS and by Asimot's FUNDATION series. ALL THE KING'S MNC and Avn Rand's THE COUNTAINMEND. I also liked big gaudy historicals like COME WITH THE WND and ANTHOM ADMENSE and the many movels of

SFR: You must do a lot of reading as part of your work. Do you read for pleasure as well?

SHFA: A writer who doesn't read for the sake of reading is doomed to lose all sense of what writing is all about. do most of my leisure reading either for pleasure or for self education. Recently, for pleasure, I have read LINCOLN by Gore Vidal, HERETICS OF DUNE by Frank Herbert, THE WARLORD by Malcolm Bosse. THE GATE OF WORLDS by Robert Silverberg. THE TOMB by F. Paul Wilson, and PET SEM ATARY by Stephen King. For enlighten-ment, in the last few months, I've read THE TIME FALLING BODIES TAKE TO LIGHT by William Irwin Thompson, THE C ZONE by Robert and Marilyn Kriegel, INTIMATE CONNECTIONS by David D. Burns, THE HOLO-GRAPHIC PARADIGM edited by Ken Wilber, THE TURNING POINT by Fritiof Capra and PROMETHEUS RISING by my good buddy Robert Anton Wilson.

SFR: What contemporary authors do you get the most out of reading?

SHA. The list is continually undergoing revision as my taste changes and my reasons for reading change, but John Fowles, Romain Cary, Norman Maller, Yukio Mishima, Vladimir Nabokov, George Orwell, Thomas Pynchon, J.R. R. Tolkein and Robert Penn Warren seen to have taken up permant residence in my literary pantheon.

SFR: As a former magazine editor, you probably read a lot of magazines.

SHEA: Dozens, though I don't have enough time to read as many magazines--or books for that matter--as I'd like to. My favorite is THE NEW YORKER, which I think is the best magazine being published in the U.S. today. I also love NATURAL HISTORY, especially the column on evolution by Stephen Jay Gould. THE NEW YORK TIMES SUNDAY MAGAZINE and SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN are other favorites

SFR: Could you describe your working

SEA: I'm always experimenting with new yor of going about writing. The habits of the moment are not the habits I had last year and say not be those I'll be using next year. Right now, though, I try to foliou a routine that varies little from one day to the next. Menday start writing between eight and nine. I eat a light lunch and go for a long walk. Then I continue working till six. Mose may seem like long hours, but there are interruptions, because I have to be available to our belve-year-old Michael he did when I started free-landing. From six to eight is free time, then I read till around ten, and so to bed. That's my ideal schedule, you understand. The reality is puncturated by all sorts of

SFR: Isn't it boring to follow a daily

SHEA: I like it. Many teachers of mysticism recomment a daily schedule, by not having to worry about what you're going to do next, you keep your wind on a higher plane. That's why manks the world over follow a regular routine. It encourages the growth of the inner life and of creativity.

SFR: How much planning do you do before starting to write a novel?

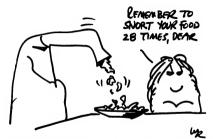
SEA: To get an advance from a publisher you have to submit an outline of your proposed novel. So I write an outline of forty pages or so. But I dan't necesor for the page of the submit of the submit and I plan the finer details of a chapter or scene may hem I'm ready to write that particular section. Also, I welcome that particular section. Also, I welcome the original could be accident, John Fowles' nule, "Follow the accident, fear the fixed plan." I try to look at my original idea as nothing more than a cross shapening as I bork allows.

SFR: Do you work through a piece of writing from beginning to end, then, or do you hop around, writing sections as they occur to you?

SEA: I've tried hopping around, but the results are confused and don't seem to fit together too well. For me, the most natural way to write is the way I read most novels, straight through from start to finish. But I often do get ideas for parts of the book other than the one I'm and use them when I'm read those ideas and use them when I'm read those ideas

SFR: When you're writing fiction, do whole scenes appear in your mind, or do you have to make yourself figure out what happens next?

SEA: I start by rereading what I wrote vesterday and looking at my notes or outline for the scene I'm writing. This gets my mind back into the story. The scene starts to unfold in my mind as if I were reading it in a book or watching it on a movie screen. Sometimes I'm a passive observer, and I simply write what



I see and hear. The words and sentences come to me without much effort on the control of the con

SFR: Do you find that writing dialogue is easier than straight narrative?

SEA: So much so that it's a problem. Once my characters start talking to one uncher it's hard for me to get them to shut up, so we can get on with the story. You know those monologues in Ayn Rand's novels that go on for pages and pages? Well, I could easily write dialogues heat would go on just as along. Busully, I let my people talk as much as they want the conversation when I'm revision.

SER: How much revision do you do?

SHFA: I try to keep it to a minimum. I try to avoid what I call "overfuss, which means tinkering with a piece for seven years or so before submitting it, something I have been known to do from time to time. I think two drafts is best. My first draft writing usually needs that much revision. I did SHIKE in three drafts for the most part, typing several pages of first draft material, then rewriting that, then typing a ial, then rewriting that, then typing a final draftand moving on to the next clump of pages. I don't like to write a whole draft of a novel, then go back to the beginning and start over. But the novel I just finished, ALL THINGS ARE LIGHTS, was tougher to do than SHIKE. It took me six complete drafts over four years before I finally got it done. This is still not the way I prefer to work. Of course, I could go on revising my writing endlessly. There are always improvements that can be made. But I think the best way for me to develop as a writer is to get a lot of practice by producing a large quantity of work, rather than by perfectionistically polishing a few pieces.

a few pieces.

Now that i do my writing with an Apple //e computer and a word processing program called Apple Writer II. revising

is a lot easier. I just call up the old draft on the screen, type in my changes, punch a couple of keys and turn out a new draft on my Apple letter quality printer at the rate of about a page a minute. As you can see, I'm an Apple loyalist. I got the computer in 1981, and all those later drafts of ALL THINGS ARE LIGHTS were done on it.

SFR: What do you think is the strongest

SHA: Story structure. Keeping the story moving in a definite direction without wandering away from it and without losing track of the various plot threads. I'm also good at imagining and describing pageantry and spectacle, big scenes, e-wents on a impressive scale.

SFR: Do you think a work of fiction can satisfy the demands of an intellectual, educated elite and the larger, general public simultaneously?

SEAs First of all, the wart majority of people in this country don't read books at all, so as soon as you write a soon you are already appealing to an individual control of the season as soon as a season as you write a season as a season as you write a season as a season as a season as you will anotice that they are all respected artists and they have all written beet sellers. Wy ideal is to write about the season as you will anotice that they are all respected artists and they have all written beet sellers. Wy ideal is to write about the peal, yet tell my stories with a richness that will satisfy discriminating readers.

SFR: Do you have an imaginary reader in mind when you write?

SFA: Much of the time I'm not thinking of any reader at all, just doing wy best to put the right words on paper in the right order. At other times, all sorts of readers invade my mind. I imagine my agent on my editor, or some friend or or some reader invade my mind. I imagine my agent on my editor, or some friend or such reader to written. These readers over my shoulder tend to make negative comments. I would like to have an ideal reader to when the could address my work, but I haven't been able to develoy in my mind. In live of strength of the conditions of the interest of the ing in my mind. In live of the conditions. I try to write the sort of thing I myself would like to read. I

try to write as my favorite writers do. I figure, if my writing pleases me, there must be some other people out there whom it will also please.

SFR: Do you think it's true that a writer is never the best judge of his or her

SEA: On the contrary, the writer is the unity judge whose opinion is important. In order to work at all, I must be able to judge my one work and to assume that I am a good judge of it. I have to know one of the work, and when it's okey and I can leave it as it is. If I couldn't make such decisions, I do writing in a vocume-dict how their work will be received by others. Others may praise work of mine that I am unhappy with, or distile somethat I am unhappy with or distill the source of the source

SFR: Isn't it important for writers to

SHEA: If you encounter an editor who deosn't like your work, it's best just to go looking for another editor. nublishing business shounds with etc. ries of writers who had a manuscript rejected by twenty-two publishers only to have it accented by the twenty-third and become a best-seller. A high-ranking editor at PLAYROY once stated categorically at a staff meeting, "Isaac Asimov can't write." Now. Isaac has strong ego and a huge following, and he could care less what any one editor thinks of his writing. But 1 wonder how many potential Asimovs may have been cut
off at the beginning of their careers because they took some asinine editor's word for it that they couldn't write. In fact, when I was making my adieus at PLAYBOY another high-ranking editor advised me to look for snother editorial job rather than try free-lancing because in his opinion I wasn't that good a writ-er. Thank God I dich't listen to him. The editor whose word you take as cosnel today may be a public relations account executive---or a free-lance writer---tomorrow. The only teacher you can rely on over a lifetime is yourself.

SFR: Are you very critical of your own

SHE: I try to be neither too severe nor too lenient. You can't fool your-self, and when you are a writer, you're sowring for yourself. You know Men work done, spending too much time sharpening pencils. You know when you're doing belew-tundard work. So there inst' really much diagne of a person sho is with hisself or himself. The greater danger is paralyting oneself with per-



fectionise. Aside from listening to too many other opinions, the factor that more than anything stifles would-be writers is an overactive critical faculty. The people who tell you that writing is agony for them are usually criticiaing their try to would that. When developing story ideas or doing first draft work, I try to ignore the voice of my critical faculty. Get smething on paper first. The critical faculty is nore useful to the control of the control of the critical faculty is nore useful to the control of the critical faculty is nore useful to display the critical faculty is nore useful to display the critical faculty is nore useful to display the critical faculty is not u

SFR: Could you describe ALL THING ARE

SHFA. The title comes from a medieval philosopher, Scotus Erigena, who said, characters have an outlook that is as mystical as that statement, only their mysticism is not of the orthodox variety. The main character is a troubador who achieves illumination in an adulterous affair with a countess through the rites of courtly love, which I portray as a Westernized version of tantric vowa. The troubador is also in love with a woman minister of the heretical Cathar sect. Nowadays they tell women they can't be nriests: in those days they burned them at the stake for trying. These people get caught up in the disastrous Seventh Crusade led by King Louis IX, known today as Saint Louis. The crusaders are eventually defeated by the Egyptian Mame lukes. The survivors, including the King, are held as hostages by the Moslems and try to save their lives by paying an enormous ransom.

SFR: Sounds strangely familiar. What

SHEA: It's in the formative stages and I don't want to say too much about it, but it seems to be a sequel to ALL THINGS ARE LIGHTS. It will be a continuation of my dyspeptic view of the Crusades and of the Middle Ases senerally.

SFR: Let's talk about SHIKE for a moment. How did that novel fare in the marketplace?

SEA Oute well, though it wasn't a best seler. That is to say, it disn't make the NEW YORK THES OF PUBLISHEN'S HEREN'S THE SECONDARY OF THE SEC

SFR: Did you learn anything in researching Oriental history for SHIKE that might be of interest to us in the twentieth-century Occident?

SHEA: Many things. For instance, rightwing libertarians often talk about private amies and private police forces as a necessity for a free society. I learned that the samural, whom we look upon as the epitome of militarism, were just that, private warriors. They were not official government troops. They were armed retainers protecting the private armed retainers protecting the private samural means from who serves. But only a few hundred years after the class first appeared, they became the government. Government is based on the power to correct, and as long as that power ex-

SFR: Your outlook is both anarchist and pacifist. Did you have trouble writing with sympathy about authoritarian militarists like the samurai?

SHFA: Any writer of fiction who sympathizes only with characters whose ideas scree with his or her own is coing to rim out of material fact. I've always admired Japanese culture, and in particular the samurai. The samurai ideal is to develop oneself as a whole human being, to be an artist, poet and philoso-pher as well as a fighting man. The samurai often studied under Zen masters. and some who lived long enough retired and became monks themselves. I find this cultivation of secthetic consitivity side by side with martial ferocity to be most attractive. You have to go back to the knight-troubadors of Provence the Vikings or the pagan Celtic warriors to find anything similar in Western culture. vet as recently as World War II Jananese officers were still writing poems in beautiful brush-and-ink calligraphy before charging into battle waving their heautiful obsolescent swords

beauting, obsolescent sorts.

Dealting, obsolescent sorts.

paradoxically the martial virtues are not antithetical to pacifism. Gambii remarked that many of his most steadfast marked that many of his most steadfast military training and experience. In fact, both Gambii and the Buddau sere born into the Kshatriya, the Indiam war born in the Kshatriya, the Indiam war born in the Kshatriya, war in see Call Ourselves. We fight for splendid virtue, for high embedown, for splendid virtue, for high embedown, in the Indiam war income in the says in NBN LIBERARIAN several issues ago on the need for an effective pacifist to have the heart of a

SFR: Isn't historical fiction a rather drastic switch from science fiction?

SHEA: Well, SHIKE started out as a proposal for a science fiction novel which borrowed its plot from certain historical events---the Wars of the Roses in England and the Mongol invasion of Europe in the thirteenth century. An editor expressed interest in the story, but asked if I could set it in medieval Japan. since he was in the market for historical romances, bot science fiction. This is not, by the way, the editor or the publishing house that ended up buying the book. Anyway, I did a little quick research and discovered that there was a Japanese civil war like the War of the Roses. The parallels were startling, even to the opposing sides using red and white as their official colors. I knew, of course, that the Japanese had suffered a Mongol invasion. Since the novel was in an embryonic state at that point, it was possible to do a little genetic engineering and program the organism to fe-velop into a historical novel rather than a science fiction novel. This new novel

is connected to my other work in other ways as well. My hero belongs to an order of warrior monks whose resemblance to the Illuminati is not coincidental and whose teachings suggest many of the ideas about mysticism, philosophy and politics expressed in ILLUMINATIS! There sumilar threads councetting ALL HIMOS

Generally speaking, there are many similarities between science fiction and historical fiction. A lot of science the future. In both general the virtues when travers are travers and a way of life that they cannot know and a way of life that they cannot know and a way of life that they cannot know and a way of life that they cannot know and a way of life that they cannot know electrically a life that they cannot know a least that they want to be a life to b

SFR: What other writing have you done recently?

SHEA: The last piece published was an article in THE WRITER for November, 1984 called "Nobody Else Can Do It for You." In it I said at greater length what I've just told you, that a writer has to be his or her own teacher and critic.

SFR: Would you like to write more SF?

SHEA: Oh, sure, but I could never be exclusively or even primarily a science fiction writer. There are too many other

kinds of writing I want to do.

SFR: Do you have any advice for aspiring

SEA: Write the sort of thing you yourself prefer to read. Use your own taste as a guide to what to write and how to write it, and you are more likely to find a market for your work and to be happy doing it. Durit write what you consider to make a lot of money. Durit, on the other hand, try to write belies lettres because such writing confers prestige, if reading such literature puts you to sleep. Take as your models, not the writers who make the most money or those writers who make the most money or those that the writers from whose work, you prebat the writers from whose work, you premaily derive the most satisfaction.

There's another word of advice I consider equally, maybe more, important: Don't listen to people who give advice to aspiring authors. As it says in the painting aboard the Lief Erickson,
"Think for yourself, schmuck." OD'ing on advice produces confusion, stultification, discouragement. I mentioned reading how-to-write magazines and books when I started writing. After a while. though, 1 reached a point where too much reading about how to write messed me up. I was forever changing my methods to follow the latest how-to article or professional tip that impressed me. I even followed advice from writers whose actual novels and short stories 1 had never read. I kept fantasizing that I would discover the Secret and feeling depressed because my writing didn't seem to get any better. When you are trying to learn to write, you usually go through a period of having your work rejected by editors, or naving your work rejected by editors, and during this painful time you're tempted to listen to any plausible character who comes along. All this advice hunting made my approach to writing much more erratic and inconsistent and hamper-



ed by discouragement than it would have been if I'd just figured out my own way of doing things and kept on writing and writing and writing. The kingdom of writing is within you

SFR: Then you agree with the people who say it's impossible to teach anyone how to write?

SHFA: Even that notion is misleading. if it is taken to mean that writing is a mysterious ability that can't be studied rationally or developed methodically People who believe so, if they're not happy with their first efforts at writing, may conclude that they don't have genius or talent or whatever it takes and may give up. What I'm saving is that you have to learn writing by yourself. You can be quite rational and conscious about it, or you may just practice and allow your skill to develop---whatever suits you. You can learn a few things from other writers, but you have to be very selective. You have to invest your own ideas about writing, your own methods and techniques, your own goals. The kingdom is within.

SFR: Have you yourself followed this advice?

SEA: Not all the time; and that's how I've learned that the advice is good. Whenever I've tried to do some sort of writing I despise or dislike I've been miserable and the result has been poor. Whenever I've uncritically adopted somebody else's writing theories or practies, my development as a writer has been held back.

SFR: Looking over your writing career, you seem to have had more work published in the last ten years than you did before that. Why do you think you are accomplishing more lately?

SEA: 1've been gaining experience and 1've learned my way around the publishing business. The fact that ILLIMINATUS! was a collaboration helped me get that book done, too. I had Bob Wilson's encouragement and example to spur me on. Before ILLIMINATUS! I produced several novels which I never finished.

Perhaps most important is that I

started psychotherapy in 1963, when my first marriage was falling maper, and I went into full-scale psychomalysis bewell the full scale psychomalysis beprofessional help I had problems with sticking to project such the sticking ed, with meeting writing commitments, ed, with meeting writing commitments, with figuring out what I really wanted to do. Psychomalysis taught me how to be productive.

SFR; What else besides writing are you working at?

SEA: 1'm teaching, among other things. I give courses in magazine editing and magazine ricle writing at Loyola University in downtown Chicago. It's great fun pulling all my experience together and trying to make sense of it. In my writing course I stress self-criticism and self-development as opposed to seeking answers from writing curus.

Then, I irregularly publish an sanachist magazine called NO SUPENOR. I let this lapse between 1972 and 1984, but then I doing a sagazine for Arthur Hlawty's Golden APA, and that got my editingand-publishing motor started again. Lately my apazine has turned into a revived NO COMPRONR. The magazine is now less purely anarchist and has strong mystical and fanire components.

I write for other anarchist and farup philations when time permits. I give talks when asked and occasionally attend meetings of anarchist and related groups I'm a member of the Social- Newbrails organization for a number of anarchist individuals and groups. Several worsa go I engaged in some anti-draft activity. For the past few years I've been much involved in the freeze newter in Giencoe. I write publicity and propagunda for them and do occasional computerized mass mailings. At the amount the Trees isn't getting much publicity, but I still blus it's the on ly practical in a nuclear was extinction of humanity in a nuclear was extinction of humanity

I'm deeply interested in the study and practice of mysticism, particularly Zen. I meditate. I try to regulate my life in ways recommended by mystical teachers. I have built up a large library devoted to mysticism. I sit now and them with the group at the Zen Center of Chicaso.

SFR: What do you do for fun?

SHEA: Everything I do is fum.

SFR: Does your fiction have a political purpose?

SFA: Naturally my writing reflects my ideas about politics, religion and whatnot. But I do not write to advocate my ideas. Not the way kyn Rand--whose Ideas. Not the way kyn Rand--whose Ideas in THE RUNNIAHBAD and ATLAS SHOUGED. My primary purpose in writing is to be a storyteller, not a preacher. The ideas in my stories are just more material out of which the story is built. A story, we have a story in the story is built, a story in the story is the story in the story is built, a story in the story is built of which the story is built for story in the s

in Shakespeare's plays. If Shakespeare was trying to get some ideological message across, he failed abysmally. And he is too good a writer for that, so I have to conclude that he did not intend to the conclude that the play to the conclude that the conclu

STR: Do you feel a need to take a public stand on political questions, or do you think you should just stay in your study and work?

SEA: I try to participate when I can find time for it. But I -him! I may be doing my most important work for humanity when I stay home and write. So I have no qualus about letting my involvement to the control of the

SFR: Insofar as you do believe in political---or anti-political---activism, what do you think is the most libertarian thing a person can do? What approach would be most likely to hasten the advent of a totally free society?

SHFA: Government will never be abolished as long as most people think there is no alternative they can live with. the first step is education: Explaining anarchism to people. Showing them that it is not inimical to basic human needs and values, as it has often been portrayed. Offering evidence that it is not impossible utopian thinking either, but a way of reorganizing society that can work in the real world. Helping them to see that, far from being a practical necessity, the institution of government is leading the human race to the brink of extinction. We can do this educating by whatever means are available: Talking to measter means are available: laiking to people on the job or in the local tavern. Making speeches. Writing pamphlets and songs. Drawing cartoons. Producing an-archist paintings, novels and symphonies.

SFR: Wait a minute. You previously praised writing that doesn't have any message.

SHEA: True, but Blake said that all poets are of the Devil's party, whether they know it or not. I would say that all novelists are anarchists, consciously or unconsciously. All art that affirms life encourages anarchism.

SFR: Do you consider yourself a leftwing anarchist or a right-wing anarchist?

SHEA: The armment between left-wing and right-wing anarchism makes about as much sense as the argument between socialism and canitalism makes in a world which is tending more and more toward a single bybrid economic system. The more important question is not what kind of economic question is not what kind of economic system we ought to have, but whether our economic system will develon freely by Volumeary participation and volumeary observance of the rules of the economic game, or whether it is going to be enforced and imposed by a government. I was annalled the first time I heard on anarcho-syndicalist declare that in an anarchist society nobody would be allowed nalled by meonle who call themselves onarchists and envision armies of Dinberton types protecting their real estate and industrial holdings. I imagine a free society as one in which many different communities will undertake many different kinds of economic experiments, with the blessing of humanity as a whole

SFR: Many anarchists think violent means are necessary in the struggle against government. Why do you insist on nacifism?

STEA: Because as I see it violence is what makes any organization a government. A government is any person or organization because the second of the second

SFR: You mentioned that you were a believing Catholic until you were thirty. Has anything taken the place of religion in your life?

SEA: Mainly my one philosophical speculations. I an thinking for myself, as I have learned I must do, trying to decide on a meaning for my life, to work out a satisfactory explanation for the world around me and my place in it, to select values that will help me chart my course. I want a philosophy that will do for me what religion does for a person, but with me in control of it.

SFR: How is your philosophy turning out?

SPA: It's a mixture of mysticism, anarchist individualism and scientific materialism, elements that are somewhat difficult to blend. One of my key convictions is that we have to cease to be guided by the ideas of good and evil. One COMESIC tellum and story, as the Botto of COMESIC tellum and the contraction of the company of the contraction of the company of the country of the rough, no preachers seem to have drawn the lofical conclusion that we ought to stop thinking in terms of good and evil. the philosophy behind psychoanalysis seem to suggest. I also think, and this somewhat contradicts the above, that people have a natural noral sense that transsitive hard the seem of the

SFR: How did you get interested in mys-

SPÉ: I mentioned No. I sechicusly read writers' magnitus. One work in a section is a section of the control of

SFR: And, I take it, mysticism to this day continues to satisfy some need in

SHFA: Rv 1968 I had gone through a radical change in my own point of view, and mysticism, especially Zen thought, was the only outlook that made sense to me. I met Alan Watts several times and became one of his many admirers. I learned a lot about mysticism from Bob Wilson. The countercultural revolution of the sixties, in which I participated, was inspired in part by the impact of Oriental minds. By the beginning of the seventies I was meditating regularly and had adopted a number of mystical practices. I started to treat my work, everything in my life, as a Way. I started to treat everything that happens to me as lesson or problem presented to me by life, the true sensei. To me, mysticism has nothing, necessarily, to do with theology or morality. It's simply a means of making direct mental contact with the ultimate, indescribable reality, thereby achieving a state of peace and euphoria. This is an utterly inadequate description of what mysticism is.

SFR: So you are both a mystic and an atheist?

SPA: Yes. One of the important threads in my though derives from the existentialism of Sartre and Simme de Beausoit in a though the tuniverse is not ruled by a god and is meaningless and amoral in human terms, that there is no heristance which is the second of the sec





SFR: I'm curious about your outlook on lifestyle as it affects long life and vitality. Do you engage in activities like jogging or running? Yogo or I'ai Oli? Is nutrition important in your daily life? Are such concerns likely to help us extend our life spans and enjoy

SHEA: I used to lead a determinedly unhealthy lifestyle. I was a heavy smoker. drinker and eater I preferred high cholesterol foods like beef and cheese. I got no exercise. I liked to stay up haif the hight and often worked of play-ed through two days straight without sleeping at all. Sounds like fun, does-n't it? Gradually I got the message that it's a fun way to shorten your life I've been whittling away at these self-destructive habits. Studying and emula-ting the practices of mystics has helped. I try to follow the Buddha's rule of walking a middle path between harmful ascetirism and self-indulgence. I have to say, though, that I am renelled by fads. A couple of the things you mention have become fads to the point where I wouldn't do them even if they would double my life span. When I see a jogger coming down the street in his hundred-dollar Adidas warm-up suit, I want to reach for my revolver

SFR: I note that you and I share the unique distinction of having become fathers for the first time at forty.

Isn't it great? Do you think it's better than becoming a father in your twenties?

SHFA: Fatherhood is rather like its necessary precondition, sex, in that the older you get the more grateful you are that something so nice can still happen to you. And, as with sex, parenthood is an area of life in which our cultural evolution has outstripped our biological evolution. Though it is physically possible for us to become parents in our teens, the cultural tendency seems to be to put off actualizing this potential until later and later in life. The fact that we tend to live longer and to be in better physical shape in middle age makes this postponement of parenthood practical. Women are also putting off motherhood until later in life. In their twenties, and even in their thirties, people are still finding themselves. In the old days, if you hadn't found yourself by the age of sixteen, you were dead. But now people have more time and need more time, because life is more complex and there are more options. So it's often not until their thirties or forties that people have a sense of who they are and where they are going, have mellowed out somewhat and have the matured values that enable them to enjoy parenthood. Parenthood is like any other task---

STR: Many vital and creative people extol the virtues of will power in making life more than just one dammed thing after another. Is will an important part of your approach to life?

SHFA: For a long time I dismissed will SALA: For a long time I dismissed will I thought Freudian psychology had estab-lished that people have no control over the way they act that it's all determined by the structure of their subconscious.
Then I learned that Freud never held any such view. He, and modern psychoanalysts, hold that people can direct their behavior rationally and should try to. Freud even admired those great exponents of will power and character the English Duritane so much so that he named one of his sons Oliver, after Oliver Cromwell. All the important varieties of psychotherapy, even the non-Freudian ones like behavior therapy, agree that for the therapy to be successful the patient must have a strong will to change. This is a precondition of therapy. Psychotherapy doesn't replace will power, it depends on will power to be effective.

In my own case. I thought my had habits smoking and the like, were neurotic symptoms that would go away automatically I completed my analysis. Not so. I still have the same struggle to direct my behavior rationally that I did before. The only difference---and it is a crucial difference---is that I'm a more together person and can struggle more intelligently with my self-defeating tendencies. There is no substitute for will. We must take responsibility for our lives. We can't just go on blaming the silly things we do on our parents or the economic system or the devil. Unfortunately, this doesn't seem to have gotten through to the public at large, which is still looking for miracle cures. All that being said, please understand that I don't consider myself a very strong-willed person. I try to use the power of habit. I'm very conscious of my habits, and I try to strengthen the helpful ones and gradually chip away at the self-defeating ones. I also think that will depends a lot on attitude, and that one's attitudes can be improved---and one's will strengthened---by constantly reminding oneself of the attitudes one wants to have. For instance, if you like to smoke, you have to keep remind-ing yourself that tobacco is a poison and smoking is slow suicide. This is what is meant by reprogramming yourself. In this connection I also like Gandhi's advice, that you should never give something up just for the sake of giving it up, but only make a sacrifice when you can see it as a way of gaining something else that you value more. Good health. say, or mystical illumination. That is what will is, in a sense---a zeroing in on what you value most. Through a process extending over many years I've become a somewhat more disciplined person.
I behave more intelligently than I once did. But I still have a long way to go,

SFR: Thank you, Robert Shea.





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NOISE LEVEL

A COLUMN BY JOHN BRUNNER

IN RE BEING COMMISSIONED AND CHALLENGES AND SUCH

REG reviewed my novel THE TIDES OF TIME on the strength of uncorrected pageproofs. I know that because he was puzzled by cryptic letter-groups in large type, such as ULMAAB, at the start of every charter.

I was pretty puzzled, myself. Those are the automatic system references generated by my word processor, and I never expected a printer to add to his workload by setting them and then having to strike them again.

However, this allegedly experimental device did have one beneficial spinoff. It prompted Dick to send me aletter commissioning a specific column, the first time - to my recollection - that he's ever done so. In it he said I was "seemingly breaking away from the safe ways to tell SF stories in novel form" and asked me to explain Myr.

Oue for still further puzzlement (I baffle easy). After being told in the late sixties, when I published STANO ON ANNIBAR, that I'd invented a wholly new way of writing book-length SF - I him it it was Norman Spinrad, bless him, and the still be shown that a coustomed to the way I told way stories being called "safe." Had my stories being called "safe." Had my then unorthodox techniques now become so much a part of the field's standard vocabulary as to warrant the term!" I don't standard vocabulary as to warrant the term!" I don't safe for the safe is can beach with the safe is the safe in the safe is the safe

"...i seems to me that THE TIES
OF THE and the novel about the aliens
who developed through catastrophic
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THE because of the plot structure, and
the aliens because they really were ali
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Okav. Mr. Editor sir: you're on...

All my working life I've dome my best to devise challenges for myself. When I first turned freelance in 1958 I was getting \$1000 a throw from Ace Dubles, and I had to sell four or more books a year simply to avoid going back to a job in an office.

Pretty soon, however, I realized that writing as much as I could, though it brought me a Iiving, was likely to gain me a reputation as a hack and nothing more. I also needed the occasional opportunity to write as well as I

So for a period of several years I deliberately set myself an annual task to take a standard SF theme and see what to take a stanuary or those one pee a I could do with it that would bear my exclusive stamp rather than being merely derivative. I hope and believe that some of these exercises are still known to the contemporary readership; the first was THE SOMARES OF THE CITY, in which I set out to convert a master chess came into a novel that could be read regardless of its underlying struc-ture, while snother was THE WHOLE MAN in which I tried to say something fresh about telepathic powers, and vet another was OUICKSAND, in which I attempted to create a tragic hem in the classic sense of a person doomed by forces beyond his control, while working within a format that might or might not be science-fictional. (Someone told me just the other day that he didn't like the book because he found the ending ambiguous and never learned whether Urchin really was a visitor from the future, or had merely ensnared Paul Fidler in on excentionally elaborate fantasy. But that was the whole idea, and I felt like saving so, only for once I managed to bridle my tongue. I regard QUICKSAND, by the way, as a trailbreaker for such recent novels by Christopher Priest as THE AFFIRMATION -- which I cordially com-mend -- and THE GLAMOUR, about which I scarcely have call to say anything in view of its deserved success)

The time when I needed to break loose from the demands of pedding a maximal quantity of wordage duly passed and nowadys I aim to write one book a year. But I haven't given up ay exercises; I've done too in the past assemble to the pedding the pedding to the ped

But I'm no longer sure that I can separate my exercises from the rest of my output. You see, after so many books are not neight if you include shortstory collections but discount revisions story collections but discount revisions books a challenge if I'm to convince myself it's worth writing at all. That's shy I spent so such of the late seventies on my first-over historical novel, excellent reviews, plus some of the nicest fan-letters I ever received, including a few from colleagues whose work in



both fields I greatly admire. Unfortunately it was caviare to the general; both B. Dalton and Waldembooks rejected it as a mass-market best-seller, and according to Chip Delamy it had five days' exposure at his local bookstore in mid-toen Newhattan, being put on show on Menwarehouse. Nor mach, to be candid, for a book into which I sank more than five years' hard graft...

I did at least learn one lesson from that venture. It's easier to write SP than historical novels. If you paint yourself into a comer in an SP story, you can conjure up a space-warp through the wall. If you're writing a historical you have to make do with what was available in the real past - that is, we written about this elsewhere (FOLDS, AN SWATER'S WAGALTE, 88, AURIN 1983: "Researching THE CERAT STEAMSANT RACE") SO I won't repeat myself.

with person and one further point, to librough as the impossibility of distringuishing nowadays between what is set myself as an exercise and what I simply want to write. A couple or three warrange I was at a Nowofun, and I resultating people that one of the projects of the ever tackled was a novel without any human characters whatsoever... and virtually nowled is he had tried it.

"Fine!" I said to myself, and went home to see whether I could bring it off The result is THE CRUCIBLE OF TIME. Whether it's an exercise or not, I leave you to judge. (Please read it -- I need the royalties!)

A "salated point: Since the outset of my career I've now and then felt the need to do something torally out of my usual run, because if I didn't I could too easily fall into the trap where sundry of my colleagues have wond up, mechanically rehearsing ideas that justified a single book and letting them sprawl into a trilogy or even a series, and the sundry of the sundry th

Ace Doubles. I've been struggling to

And if moving into a different that idea to the Max Curfes thrillers, THE DEVIL'S WORK, THE CREAT STEAMBOAT FACE—didn't solve the problem for me by providing the financial independence I've always dreamed of, videlicet the resources I'd need to cease relying for income on what I write during any given year, a goal that even now cludes me...

You name it! I have great respect for versatility. I wastly admire Anthony Burgess, for example. I try to cultivate something of the same kind in my own work. Above all, I want to be eclectic in my craftsmanship. I want to match style to subject, as best I can.

In other words, I try not just to tell a story, but to tell it in the most suitable manner.

Yet and still... Hang on; I just hit an analogy from a totally different field. I used it before, but never mind.

Since I was about fifteen, I've been pretty much of a jazz fam, mainly of the traditional and revivalist New Orleans style but with a lot of time for thirties jump bands, early R&R, boogle-woogie and the like.

I don't follow jazz the way I used to, but I still listen and enjoy when there's a retrospective on BBC Radio 3 - there was a recent month-long series on Benny Goodman, for example, and we just had another on Bill Evans - and no matter who you name who's made it in that field.

He or she, instrumentalist or singer, keeps coming home to the blues. In that brief sequence of twelve bars there is an infinity of possible variation. This is despite the fact that, with the passage of time, hundreds of alternatives have opened up.

In exactly the same way, a writer keeps coming home to the marrive format that has its roots in the oldest kinds of story-telling; the folk rade, the common telling in the folk rade, the common telling the folk rade of MTSSFS and GILGAMESM. (Blast you, Silter better) if Yee had Gilgamesh on my list of "jobs to be tackled" for not less than thenty years: My ome fault for right buyer. I wanted to write the film script, not the nowel.)

In our times the said narrative form has become marvellously flexible. If you want my full views concerning it, please consult THE CRAFT OF SCIENCE FIGTION AND SCIENCE FANTASY edited by Reginald Bretnor, published by Harper & Senial Bretnor, but and to repeat my-

self. But in my contribution to that volume lenshriand -or hope [did-everything I know about telling a straightforward story to maximal effective to be the rules one has to understand the reason for before one dere start towarding them. It's a bit like learning them, It's a bit like learning to progress, one has to knowly such a concept as "key" exists... then what the other keys are, and which of them

Coming home to the blues is very much like writing a good plain novel with a sequential narrative whose chanters succeed one another in real time and the characters internlay with one another in strict chronological order (stress on logical)...as they do in THE TIDES OF TIME, by the way. Dick, I'm surprised at you. I'm astonished how you missed the point that this is a story eventuating in real time, one day per month being singled out during the progress of Stary's premarcy until the birth, whereupon one extra day forms a coda. I might add that my British agent, Leslie Flood, caught on. Furthermore, I'm very proud of the fact that he sent me a fan letter saving it's rare for him to be emotionally moved by a science fiction movel but in this case it had bannened Agents are tough; one doesn't often penetrate their armour

I can't belo wondering whether the book might not have done more business than appears likely had my original choice and second choice of title not both been discarded by the publishers. I called it CONTINUE and was told I couldn't use that because allegedly the name had been spoiled by a series of anthologies published by Roger Ellwood.
My second-favorite title, then, was AN
ISLAND LIKE A SPHINX. (I wish I'd been able at least to tie that on the British It's a pretty good name, don't you think?) But that was rejected, too. and I suspect the outcome is that quite a lot of buyers have been misled into imagining THE TIDES OF TIME has some connection with THE CRUCIBLE OF TIME... which of course it doesn't.

At all events: THE TIDES OF TIME is for me a good plain narrative in sequential time. But you might say it's like a blues by Charlie Parker rather than one by Johnny Dodds,

All the foregoing goes partway toward answering one segment of REG's inquiry, that concerning "why you chose those structures and techniques." There remains the matter of "what reaction you got." You really want to know?

Well, someone in KLIATT (February issue, Vol. XIX *2), hiding behind the initials DM, gave a kindly review to THE TIDES OF TIME, but said I'd written "fifteen" Se novels and called me a "rather pedestrian writer with no real style."

That's the reaction I get ... after 33 years!





TEN YEARS AGO IN SCIENCE FICTION --SUMMER, 1975
BY ROBERT SABELLA

James Blish died at the age of 54.
One of the most important writers in science fiction, he published his first story in 1940. He was best known for his "Okie" series (collected in book form as CITIES IN FLIGHT) and the Hugoward winning novel A CASE OF CONSCIENCE.

Rod Serling died at age 50. He achieved widespread recognition as a leading television dramatist in the Fifties, his most famous work beim; "Bequiem For A Heavyweight." Later he created, hosted and wrote many episodes of THE TMILIGHT ZOME and its short-lived successor NGHT GALLERY.

The Hugo Awards were amounced at Aussiecon, the first workdom held in Australia. Professional winners included Ursula R. Leduin's The DISPOSSESSED (giving it a sweep of every major mard for 1974), Goorge R. R. Martin's "N. Song For Lya," Harlam Ellison's "Mchrift Just Off The Islets of Lingerham; "Larry Nivers S" "The finds Men and Su Brook Control of the Lingerham," Larry Face and Control of the Control of

Important publications included the Robert Silverberg edited anthology TEE NOW ALLANTIS, containing the title SKOP MILANTIS, containing the title story by Ursule K. LeGuin and James Tipture's 'N Momentary Taste of Being.' 'Die Books published Marion Limmer Bradding and the Company of the Most Park of the Company of the

raising Hackles

BY ELTON T. ELLIOTT

alt sounds as if civility and good manares were at a minimum for a few "gentlemen" at the Nebula Awards Cormony and Banquet. The gathering of members of the STMA and various professional bangers-on was held the first weeken in old set the Marrick Notel in New York 101 to the the New York

As usual, awards were presented: William Gibson wan Best Novel honors for his compelling and powerful NUBMCHANCER; John Varley won for his paranoid vision of computers in "Press Enter#;" Octavia Butler won for the splendid novelette, "Bloodchild;" and Gardner Dozois for his arresting short story "Morning Child." But unfortunately, the highlight (or low-light) of the weekend was violence.

Hartan Ellison stugged Charles Platt in shat was apparently another in an on-going and highly personal feud between the two. But what was surprising was thomas Disch's supprovided attack on Willes Counts in the SF media, Disch spotted Gibbon walking down a hallway with his Meula cradled under one arm. Disch muttered something to the effect of "there to story the platter of the programme of the

These churlish acts are but the latest in a long line of boorish behavior at various and sundry 5F events. At this year's Monescon one author's life was threatened, another writer stomped of a panel after calling a panelist "a stupid fool" and telling two other particular of the stupid fool" and telling two other particular of the stupid fool" and telling two other particular of the stupid fool and telling two contriby have included one fair benefits as the stupid fool and the stup

These incidents taken in isolation might seem to be evidence of nothing more than mere lack of manners at best or individual and random acts of violence and wandalism at worst. Taken together they add up to an unheal thy trend that might spell danger down the road to SF conventions and SFMA meetings.

The danger is twofold: that somebody might get injured and sue the convention and the hotel or that the hotel will sustain such damages that it will sue the convention if it is unable to find the perpetrators and the result might be the blackballing of SF convenmisht be the blackballing of SF conven-

tions around the country: a second and less obvious problem is that the violent unruly and generally churlish behavior might turn off fans to the extent that they will, in larger and larger numbers. cut down on conventions or stop going there are many friends of mine who are readers of SF and are delighted to find out shout SF conventions. Most so to one or two, are turned off and never go back. These are good people, the kind of attendees SF cons need. What turns them off the most is the violent atmosphere: the onmipresence of weapons with costumes in hallways and the swaggering behavior and attitude of some members of the SCA.

The solution as I see it boils down to a number of varied items. A 'no weapons policy" for hallway costumes would certainly help. I for one am tired of dodging poorly-secured swords and open spears and knives. Next, limiting num-bers of people might help (although the SFWA banquet was certainly limited) This could be done by eliminating items that attract kids with little or no interest in SF, such as video programs and "hallway persona games" like Logan's Run. (Generally board and role-playing games are fine because the participants are not underfoot causing a racket.) Also, less free booze would greatly help. 1 for one am tired of seeing drunken buffoons lurching around with assorted lethal weapons, but at this point just a greater awareness of the problem would be a desirable first step.

Tha answer might be, take two Nebulas and call me in the morning.

IN SEARCH OF SCHRODINGER'S CAT By John Gribbon

Bantam, 1984, 303 pp., \$8.95

Space limitations necessitate a briefer review than 1'd like of this fascinating book. Gribbon does a splendid job of making the complex world of quantum mechanics and the bewildering number of theories proposed to make sense of it come across in a smooth and dissert of the come across in a smooth and dissert of the come across in a smooth and dissert of the come across in a smooth and the fast of the come across of the come across in a smooth and the fast of the come in the come in the come in the come and in the come in the co

On an ontological and epistemological level this book is marvelous. Bspecially fascinating is the Everett Many Norlds (or Parallel Iniverses) Interpretation of quantum reality: the notion that for every possibility on a particle tated. Thus this universe is in the continual process of branching off into an infinite number of alternate universes. Everything is real as opposed to the Copenhagen Interpretation (which Einstein rebelled against) which says that nothing

But by far the most exciting idea in the book comes out of the paradox which cat, the observer interaction and the limits of knowing the action of subatomic particles. In one of the great theoretical leaps, noted physicist John Archibald Wheeler (the man who coined the term Black Hole) reasons that due to the infinite regression of cause and effect "the whole universe may owe its 'real' existence to the fact that it is observed by intelligent beings" (p. 208). as a wave function making Newtonian reality possible. If this interpretation of quantum reality is true, and the universe needs awareness or self-awareness to exist, it opens up many philosophical and religious doors. A "maker" might be necessary, whether from the beginning, middle or end or -- somewhere else --is problematical. I suspect that Wheeler might not like my interpretation of his Interpretation. Just as Science sumnosedly nut the kibosh on deistic creation and seemed to make atheism or ponosticism more in tune with reality than simple faith -- so Wheeler's Interpretation seems to introduce the concent of awareness and a "creator" at some level as necessary for a discernible, causal Newtonian everyday universe. In any case, the notion of our landscape circumscribed by a surrounding quantascape which is affected by the future presents not only the most bizarre timescape but might be allowed by Wheeler's delayedchoice double-slit experiment (p. 211).

Buy this book. Unless you're dead, stupid or hopelessly bored it'll freak you out. Who needs drugs when reality is this weird!

ORION By Ben Bova TOR, 1984, 432 pp., \$3.50

ORION is a collection of short storries tied together into a novel. Most of the stories appeared in WEIRD HEDGS (where they were the highlight of that Byron Preiss experiment for Pyramid Books). The title page also gives publishing credit to "Floodtide" which appeared in AMALOG.

Despite the necessarily episodic nature of the book, ORION hangs together beautifully as a novel. It is similar in tone to Book's marvatous short story, to the state of the s

Boya fuses the time-travel notion with a revenue motif adds a touch of with a revenge motif, adds a touch or ancient Persian mythology, and all in all has created quite a delightful. smooth vet intense novel

DOWNTIMING THE NIGHTSIDE

THE MESSIAH CHOICE Bluejay, 1985, 380 pp., \$16.95 By Jack L. Chalker

Here are two more nounly from the prolific Mr. Chalker. DOWNTIMING is a Chalker's frequently-used notion of bodyswitching. A secret U.S. project has learned how to travel backwards in time A group of Marrist termorists take over the installation (an abandoned nuclear nower plant) and travel back in time to warn Karl Marx of a plot against his life. From there things get weird. It is a pleasant read and Chalker includes some interesting notions on the physics of time travel

THE MESSIAH CHOICE is a horror/occult novel which still gives me shivers. It is dedicated in part to August Derleth. Fans of Derleth and H.P. Lovecraft and his Cthulbu Mythos will enjoy this dark tale of a multi-national corporation and the strange creature of force that lurks on a Caribbean island owned by the company. The company's founder and owner is mysteriously murdered and a detective is called in. What he finds endangers his life and the world, for what is brewing is high-tech occult evil of the worst kind. Read this in the daylight with all the doors shut and a passel of people in the house, do not read it at night alone. A marvel-ous chiller -- this book scared the shit out of me. I'm getting nervous just twoing this review.

ARTIFACT By Gregory Benford TOR, 1985, 533 pp., \$16.95

I enjoyed this novel of archaeology. suspense and science fiction immensely. I think it's Benford's best novel since TIMESCAPE. The narrative concerns a discovery made while uncovering some Mvcenaean ruins. It is the near future. Greece is sliding further to the left and anti-American sentiment is at an alltime high. Politics intervenes when a headstrong Greek radical tries to close down the dig. Intrigue, suspense and a fair amount of gumplay result as the Americans attempt to steal the artifact.

The novel is also a detective story involving science and the very strange properties of the artifact. Benford brings all the various elements of the story together for a thrilling climax. In TIMESCAPE he proved he could handle





characters and scientific interplay in a smooth understated style that was highly successful. In ARTIFACT he adds the spice of the international thriller to that list. Benford is already one of America's best novelists and ARTIFACT shows he's growing and improving even -

THE GAME OF EMPIRE By Poul Anderson Baen Books, 1985, 288 pp., \$3.50

Poul Anderson is one of my favorite writers. I have practically every book he's written and have enjoyed them all. but my favorites are his stories about the dashing agent of The Terran Empire,

In THE GAME OF EMPIRE Anderson introduces Flandry's illegitimate daughter Diana, in what I hope will be the first of many adventures. In this book she tries to foil the plans of a military commander out to save the empire for its own good. Included are the exotic locales and characters Anderson specializes in. His lush poetic style is per-fectly suited to the decaying worlds of the Empire, and Diana Flandry is a welcome viewpoint character: Dominic Flandry has grown increasingly tired and cynical over the years as the adventures take their toll.

There are several sidekick characters of whom the most enjoyable is a Wodenite philosopher (a Jewish Catholic) who is looking for the existence of Christ. It's a good mix and Dominic Flandry does make more than a cameo ap-pearance. (I also found the political commentary valid and revealing.) I want to see more involving Diana Flandry. Read and enjoy; this one's special.

THIS YEAR'S BEST SCIENCE FICTION: SECOND ANNUAL COLLECTION Ed. by Gardner Dozois Riveiav. 1985 573 np., \$10.95

Once again, cudos to Dozois for the most complete "Rest" anthology. With over 250,000 words in which to play around, Dozois has chosen many of 1984's memorable stories. Foremost among these is John Varley's brilliant novella, "Press Enter *." which should sween all the maint ouarde this year. It is a chilling tale about computers and crime, with a deliciously paranoid ending. Varley is SF's premier writer at shorter lengths and in case anyone had forgotten this Nebula Award winner provides an ample reminder

Incidentally, all three of the traditional "best" anthologies included "Press

Blueiay is to be commended for allowing Dozois enough room to show off all the facets of the SF short fiction field, in particular the novella length.

Other stories include the Nebula award-winning novelette, "Bloodchild" by Octavia Butler and top-flight material by Robert Silverberg, William Gibson, Bruce Sterling, Tanith Lee and twenty o+b---

THE 1985 AMNUAL WORLD'S BEST SF Edited by Donald A. Wollheim DAW. 1985. 302 pp. . \$3.50

This ten-story best-of-the-year has heen consistently superh over the years. 1985 is no exception. In addition to the Varley and Butler award winners, this volume also includes the memorable Berserker story, "What Makes Us Human" by Stephen R. Donaldson, Ian Watson's marvelous and overlooked "We Remember Babylon" and George Alec Effinger's "The Aliens Who Knew. I Mean. Everything."

THE BEST SCIENCE FICTION OF THE YEAR Edited by Terry Carr TOR, 1985, 384 pp., \$3.50

This anthology, number 14 in the series, contains all three Nebula winners. It once again confirms that Terry Carr has a sumerh insight into what stories are likely award contenders as well as selecting other noteworthy material. In this years anthology, "Fears," a quiet but superb story by Pamela Sargent, deserves special mention. Also included are "Summer Solstice" by Charles Harness and "Instructions" by Bob Leman.

THE SCIENCE FICTION YEARBOOK
Edited by Jerry Pournelle with Jim Baen and John Carr

Baen Bks. 1985, 352 pp., \$15,95

THE SCIENCE FICTION YEARBOOK is the least traditional of the four best anthologies. It contains four essays and stories picked for ideas as much as fad. It contains fiction by Gregory Benford, Robert Silverberg, William Gibson and Da-vid Brin. "The Crystal Spheres" by Brin presents an original notion for why aliens aren't already here. Of the essays I particularly like Benford's on hard SF, which I believe was recently printed in SCIENCE FICTION REVIEW. I hope this yearbook becomes an annual event. Highly recommended.

NOT NECESSARILY REVIEWS

I READ BOOKS AND THEN DON'T REVIEW THEM, SOMETIMES, UNTIL MONTHS LATER, A SAD, SORRY STATE OF AFFAIRS,

SO THIS COLUMN IS THE RESIDUE AND DETRITUS OF MY THOUGHTS ON THE BOOKS IN QUISTION, NOT NECESSARILY DETYIENCE

BRAINZ, INC. By Ron Goulart DAW #629, \$2.75, 1985.

Up to his usual satire and inventive modern, you use his lively Hildy and Jake Pace, operators of Odd Jobs, Inc., of the pace of the pace

Ron's robots and androids are marvels of studied insult and rational stupidity, mirroring the humans they deal with and

'serve'.

There is some delicious Tuckerizing in this novel, too: a lecture room named after Harlan Ellison, and there is a dread disease called Malzberg's Syndrome which causes increasing lugubriousness in its belonger wigtims.

Ah, but I love the character names:
Barf McBernie, Professor Zuleika Paternoster of Kansas Pop College, consulting editor of THE SCHOLARLY JOURNAL FOR
THE APPRECIATION OF MASS MARKET TRASH.

Felony Fulsom, Sheldon Sickmann...

Every page is rife with sly digs and blatant witery. Ron Goulart is not appreciated enough.

THE BERSERKER THRONE By Fred Saberhagen Fireside Books (Simon & Shuster) 1985. \$6.95 (paper), \$14.95 (cloth)

This time a Berserker control unit, a highly intelligent Berserker leader, attempts to bribe/lure humans in a strategic ploy to use two human leaders (one an exiled Prince, another a rapacious conspiratorial would-be emperor) to betray entire planets of humans to the Berserkers single-minded aim of destroying all life in the universe.

But the Prince is a Good Guy and only pretends to be Goodlife [intelligent life willing to help the Berserkers].

This story, set in the Templar Radiant, a vast, spherical fortress constructed around an ancient, benien, starlike source of inverse gravity, is rife with plot, counterplot, mystery, suspense and violence.

Predictable, with a few surprises at the end. Well done.

This series can go on as long as Saberhagen is willing to write it. Indeed, it could be handed down from one genaration of writers to another... THE WILD ONES By A. Bertram Chandler DAW: #623. \$2.95. 1985

We're not supposed to speak ill of the dead, and A. Bertram Chandler died a few months ago. This is the last John Grimer normal

novel I've read all the way through. It is a last one little set with confidence in the telegraphic action, it has no surprises, it has John Grimes having a vision which robs the high point of the novel of most of its tension and suspense, and for 800 of its length it is a plonding series extremists of New Salem are puricanistic idiots who are set up for their just desserts (which are feel to them off-camera by a weneful robot.)

Give it this, though: the novel is definitely anti-religion, anti-fanatic and pro-sex, pro-life, pro-rationality. It's a good morality tale for tempers

TOM O'BEDLAM By Robert Silverberg

Donald 1. Fine, \$16.95, July, 1985.

Bob has a literary religious yen. He loves to explore the basics of religion, and loves to throw the suspecting and unsuspecting reader into the jaws of De-

Now here in 22nd century America, after a traumatic war which has left the midwest a radioactive dust bowl, with a fractured society and nanrolly just around the comer, with a spreading new psychoshom is a parently a crary, a man who has vivid, detailed, repetitive visions of far planets and alien peoples. And he tells us that these identical "dremm" tells us that these pools of the

And Bob shows us a bastion of scientific mental technology, the Nepenthe Center, where a kind of selective loboromy, a mindpick, takes away the previous day's menurae including danger

omy, a mindpick, takes away the previous day's memories, including dreams. And Bob shows a religious movement building tremendous momentum based on these utterly real identical visions

which are shared by all the followers. In an utterly inevitable series of events, all these people come together at the Nepenthe Center during the climactic final chapters of the novel, and Bob insists on asking the reader questions inescanable:

Are these alien planets real?

Does the human soul exist and can it
be transported to these heavenly places?

Or---is Tom O'Bedlam a psi-cursed psychotic who is spreading these hallucinatory "dreams" wherever he goes? Is he actually killing people when he "sends" them to their favorite alien planet of their visions, or is he really sending souls to a new life, a new, wonderful

You have to decide. And it will make your head hurt. It will make you think. It will make you look at yourself. My God. Rob. how could you do this to us?

MERVYN PEAKE--A PERSONAL MEMOIR By Gordon Smith

Victor Gollancz, 519.95, Mey, 1985.

Cordon suith, Peake's life-long
friend, her profiles a personal remarance of Merchant and the collis a
genius. There are more that densits a
genius. There are more that densits a
genius there are some the collis a
sensity and the collision of the collision of the
sights into Peake's soul, and no real
analysis. Cordon is too courteous and
gentlemenly to let us look at the real
Peake he must have known.

Merrym Peake died of "premature semity" in 1968 at age 57. He had suffered nervous breakdows in the Army during the war... Plainly, this talented man had severe emotional problems, but Saith does not reveal or describe them. The book--large-size (8₇₄11) is filled out with many of Peake's pencil and ink drawings. A few poems.

The book is available from David & Charles. Inc., North Pomfret, VT 05053.

AN EDGE IN MY VOICE By Harlan Ellison Donning, \$12,95/\$9.95, 1985.

Here is Harian on the attack. He rages, staris, eajoles, purrs, satirizes, savages... And not only his favorite hates like the Woral Majority, but his readers as well, as he jabs and slashes with argument, with data, with quotes, in his endless, frantic, determined, any ry effort to shake his readers to full actention, to make them think and know

and the writes with his throttle stuck flat on the floor. He writes his fascinating, discursive, parenthetical, conversational Harlaneaue prose which is so distinctive and uniquely Harlan that established the second strongly, is so idealistic and realistic established the second strongly, is so idealistic and realistic at the same time. — Now. He house where bodies are buried, digs then up, marderers, He tabes no prisoners,

l can't read these collected columns of his from FUTURE LIFE and L.A. WEEKLY for very long. I dip in and emerge reeking with his intensity.

Sometimes a small voice in my mind whispers that Harlan's ego is behind all this up-front rage, and whispers that this man is too noble and right-thinking the his man is too noble and right-thinking the his rightness). Undefined the modern state of clay and adults to being driven and flawed and sometimes. But he puts his body and his guts and his money where his mouth his...on the line...and I adult modern the modern should be supported by the modern should be supported by the support of the supp

RICHARD E. GEIS

ONCE OVER LIGHTLY

ROOK REVIEWS BY CENE DEWEESE

EMPRISE By Michael P. Kube-NcDowell Berkley, \$2,95

In a near future where atomic fission no longer works and scientists are largely parishe a startlingly simple message is received from the stars. It says, in effect, "We are on our way." and the world finds it has only a few vears to get meady. Just what "get ready" means, however, is another matter.
To one paranoid, militaristic nation it means setting up an impenetrable defence To a world-wide religious cult it means preparing to greet either the new Messiah or possibly God himself. To the ecientists responsible for the contact, it means years of suspense while they wait to learn the true nature and motives of the aliens. And no one. including the reader, gets quite what he expects.

Subtitled "Book One of the Trigon Disunity," DMPRISE is apparently only the beginning, and that's fine with me. It's one of those rare books where the ideas, the plotting, the writing, and the characters are all first rate.

SINGULARITY By William Sleator E.P. Dutton S10 95

Sixteen-year-old twins Harry and Barry, alone for two weeks on a Lovecraftian midwestern farm inherited by their mother from an eccentric uncle. find a spot where time virtually stands still and where things, both living and non-living, are coming through from another universe. The parrator is a trifle annoying now and then, and the explanation for the spot plays a little fast and loose with the science of singularities, but from the first page on, it was hard to put down. According to the publisher, it's aimed at "12 and up" readers, but a lot of adults, especially dimensional-door fans like myself, will enjoy it too.

BLOOD MUSIC By Greg Bear

An irresponsible biotech researcher creates intelligent microorganisms and, when ordered to end the experiment, smuggles them out of the lab by injecting them into his own bloodstream. The result is the ultimate plague -- or is its of the contract of the

The reviewer has already called BLOOD MUSIC the "O'LLEMOOD's DNO for the eighties," and in a way, it's true. The mystical conclusion, with mankind being transformed into "Something else," is certainly comprable to Clarke's masterpiece. However, where Clarke's story of both synie-ting lungly amesome and grandly inevitable, BLOOD MUSIC with its accidentally created micrograpisss and echoes of the mindlessly euphoric vici-cidentally created micrograpisss and echoes of the mindlessly euphoric vici-tims in INVSIGN OF IME BOOK SATURES, is assume enough but not all that grand or spine-tingling, and certainly not limited to the control of the control

Such comparisons, however, aren't really fair, since CHILIHOOD'S END is arguably the best SF book of the last four decades, and BLOOD MUSIC is merely one of the best books of 1985.

ORBITSVILLE DEPARTURE By Bob Shaw DAW, \$2,95

After several years' wait, we find out what Orbitsville (a byson sphere around a distant sun) really is and who built it. Not up to the original, OBB-constitution of the property of the parts directly involved with the mystery of Orbitsville. That way, with its up to the parts directly involved with the mystery of Orbitsville. That way, with its up to the final revelations, it's hand to put the final revelations, it's hand



This book is, to say the least, unusual. Not much reading seems to hemousual. Not much reading seems to hemousual. Not much reading seems to hemoseed narrator gest involved with hoporeading to his through his computer and
take to his through his computer and
several episodes of subway cannibalism,
several episodes of subway cannibalism,
however, even in tothing happened, the
narrator's rambing monolog about New
hattanly, but never lived there. They
were a lot sarret than we'. You'd be
rand leisurely marration grabs you on the
first page, and by the time you reach
the end, you realize that a lot of things
really did happen, and you enjoyed ev-

THE WORLD OF FANTASTIC FILMS: AN IL-LUSTRATED SURVEY By Peter Nicholls Dodd. Nead. Paper, \$14.95

If there's one thing that's as much mas going to the movies, it's reading about then and seeing how often you digree with the author or, even better, how often you can catch him in an error, how often you can catch him in an error, large pages cover 700 files, a couple handred of them in fair detail, can supply namy weeks of happy browaing. It was the most such books, and I'll probably still be dapping into it next year at this time, even though (or perhaps because) on page 33, the author appears ing speech in THE DAY THE EARTH STOOD STILL.

GATEWAY, BEYOND THE BLUE EVENT HORIZON-HEECHEE RENDEZVOUS By Frederik Pohl

Mallantine/DelRey, \$2.95, \$2.95, \$3.90. These 900 - page make in HEROMES SKGA. The Heecher are a superscientific race that ruled much of the known universe in the distant past, but they totally vanished, leaving behind countless mystifying artifacts, including a plame-toid full of spaceships, seach with a still distinction programmed into it. Eventually, we find out where and why the Heeches went and what they're up to now, and it is indeed all very mind boggling, the problem, at least for me, is there for in the first and third books, spends



RACISM IN THE MEDIA AND SCIENCE FICTION

SUBTLETY AND THE FAITHFUL DOG SYNDROME

OR IS MR. T A WOOKIE?

BY ALAN DEAN FOSTER

All my life I heard about something called "monostrolus racism." I graw up wandering what it was, since the pieces on the evening nees on racism stillustrated attitudes that seemed to me anything to unconscious. It took me a while to realize that unconscious racism actually existed, that it was something more list. It's that kind of racism that these ruminations and rumbings are concerned with, the "White Only" and "No Indians Allowed" signposts along the roads of the American consciousness. Specifically, that particular and peculi-

I first became mare of the unconscious variety of racism through that might be called racism by omission. In many ways it's the most onerous kind of all because it's so thorough. You can't discriminate against what doesn't appear to exist. Instead of a Stepin Fetchit to exist. Instead of a Stepin Fetchit or his, you eliminate minorities altogether. When you grow up regarding yourself as one of the underdogs, as I did, you become especially sensitive to their absence in fills. It's hard to root for the underdog when there aren't any. In this respect 55 films are among the

Consider what is still my favorite SF film, MGM's classic FORBIDGEN PLANET. Takes place in the real far future. Chock full o' super science and special effects and production values. But is there a place in this wondrous future for anyone but wasp males? Sure -- one female type love object, decorously placed.

Not that FORBIDEN PLANT was unique in this respect. It was typical of all SF and fantasy films until fairly recently. You admire FORBIDEN PLANTE as film, enjoy it as an SF fam, but there are no underdogs to root for. The Krell are dead, a reflection of how hollywood at large treated all minorities.

Trouble is, we expect more from an SF film. We expect SF to be on the leading edge of sociological and political as well as technological change. When it isn't, we're left disappointed and let down. The racism of omission glares out at you in an SF film.

Ah, but there's not only racism of omission in FORBIDDEN PLANET, there's also overt unconscious racism. Very carefully disguised, as it had to be in all SF films. The black man as faithful dog and obedient servant.

In case you've forgotten, the black servant in FORBIDDEN PLANET is named Robbie.

A case can be made for Robbie as the ideal Hollywood darkie. Superstrong, responsive to his master's wish, intelligent enough to obey orders but unable to think or make suggestions on his own, sexually unthreatening, able even to produce booze on demand and (this is most important) inherently unable to harm his master.

Which leads to the rule of thumb I have devised for deciding if any clinematic minority role arises from genuinelly thoughtful casting and writing or framiliar to one propounded years ago by Namon Knight. If the role in the film could largely be carried out equally well by a well-trained mutr, you know from

Jim Brown's role in THE DIRTY DOZEN certainly qualifies. And of course he sacrifices hisself at the end to save his buddles (masters). Because he's a good dog, stronger and faster than any of the others, and stupider, the proof of the latter being that his character doesn't even ask to draw straws to see who gets to make the suicidal grenade

It can be argued that there are worse things than being stereotyped as big, strong and tough. What this does, however, is limit the public perception of your ethnic group, just as jews are limited by being perceived as smart and clever with money, or Indians as stoic and ouiet.

Television is often pointed to as a leader in changing the way the public perceives minorities. No doubt it is, even when it's leading in the wrong way. Or does anyone think Mr. To f THE A TEAM is an advance over Bill Cosby's pioneering role in I SPY?

Lando gives us problems. In creating the role for Billy Dee Williams,
Lucas was demonstrating his semsitivity
control of the control of the control of the control
in the control of the control of the control
ing really for Calrissian to do. In D4ing really for Calrissian to do. In D4ing really for Calrissian to do. In D4ing the control of the control
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Now we are to have Eddie Murphy in STAR TREK IV. I'll believe it when I see it. For one thing, William Shatner is far too savvy an actor to appear on



the same set as a scene cruncher like Murphy. This is Hollywood's way of cross-collateralizing one of its few minority superstars. Beverly Hills Starship

Maybe the reason this all bothers me so much has to do with my all time favorite book (which I believe is Luxas's as well). A. Coman Doyle's THE LOST WORLD, of which three film versions have been made, each one worse than its predecessor. The best was the 1925 silent version starring Wallace Berry as

Among the exceptionally well-defined cast of charters in the novel is a brazilian servent named Zambo, "a black Hercules, as strong as a horse, and about as intelligent." That line hurt the first time I read it. I thus typically the compared to the strong as a horse, and intelligent couple to deep orders, security intelligent couple to deep orders, security in the strong in the strong the stro

There were exceptions of avorite fibers were exceptions. A course fibers were exceptions of a course fibers with a course finition (the India of the Raj was never quite like this). You could call it the most anti-recise film follywood ands in it actually shows white herees as racists. Watching the film, you sympathize with Ganga Din (the underdog's underdog, a uniority among his our people) and descriptions of the course of the cour

Director Gorge Stevens manages to get away with this because this is India, not Indiama he's portraying. I'll newr forget the impact one scene had on my childish self. It showed an Indiam general leading Indiam nounted trops in a charge against the bad guys. Name another film from the 1936s that shows us a charge against the bad guys. Name another film from the 1936s that shows us a because the 1936 that shows us a because the 1936 that shows us a charge of the 1936 that shows us a best of the 1936 that shows us a company of the 1936 that shows that the 1936 that shows that the 1936 that shows the 1936 that shows the 1936 that shows the 1936 that shows that shows that the 1936 that shows that shows that shows that the 1936 that shows the shows that shows that

Number two on my film list is the 1300 THEF OF BAGDAU (number three HAME), does not pertain here). THEF OF BAGDAU must have given its Hollywood distributors a real headache because everyone in the film is a minority, though an effort; a made to picture the prince an effort made to picture the prince the proposed of the spossible. I alway sprachered if Sahr could have gotten

But MHEF is interesting for monther reason, because it offers an opportunity for one of the great black actors of early Hollywood to play something be-sides a stereotypical black role. Hollywood dish't know what to do with her Ingram. With his Jumes Earl Junes is gram, with his Jumes Earl Junes is gram, with his Jumes Earl Junes is gram, who will be to be the work of the total the bloom servant or shuffer in jive mode. So they made him a genie, when Sabu frees from imprisonment in a bottle, and in so doing let him create one of the truly memorable roles in fam-

Not to mention his final scene in the film when he flies off over the mountains shouting, "I'm free at last! Free, free, free!"

What hannened to Rex Ingram?

Sometimes Hollywood's unconscious racias is perversely amasing. Ingram cropped up in a WMI filick starring hamphrey bogart as the commander of a U.S. tank lost in the North Africam desert. In this bogart and his men dig in the star of the star of

Ingram? He plays a sergeant in the film who meets the same fate as Jim Brown in THE DIRTY DOZEN. But since the U.S. armed forces were strictly segregated in WNII, how to work Ingram's character into the script?

I love this. They made him a sergeant in the <u>Sudanese</u> army. Shades of the <u>Mahdi. Or as Tom Bosley says repeat-</u> edly in syndication, "That's Hollymood!" Or as the airmen say in an oft-overlooked moment in THINGS TO COME, "We'll make it a great, white world"

Amorican television is decades ahead of British TV in this regard, by the way. British comics still play degrading roles in blackface. Benny Hill is not funny in blackface and neither is Monty Pethou.

There's also such a thing as reverse racism. How else to explain the explosive proliferation of female oriental news anchors in this country? But I've got to admit the names are marvelous: Tritia Toyota, Cornie Chung and my all-time favorite. ON's Sacha Foo.

Tune Tavorite, LON's Sasia Poo.

You never how where sociological
breakthroughs will come from. Take the
best daily neverapper cond soft come to be best daily neverapper cond soft come to be the come of the compare hacker (who happens to be black)
is learning about apartheid. ("Does also been how about this!" wherelesse Mackosh how about this!" wherebeen briefed.") Ever seen Gary Coleman or Webster working with a computer?

Years ago we had the black male as faithid ldg. Now have the black male as faith-

Want to know what the great secret Want to know what helped to change infantile racist attitudes among kids throughout the South and the rest of the country? I'll tell you: it was the Tarzan comic book. Not because of Tarzan, though it had its moments. No. it was the strip that ram in the back of the book, a strip entitled BROTHERS OF THE SPEAR. About two married young corulers of an imaginary African kingdom. one white and one black, each married to a beautiful woman. Name another American comic book of the 1950s that showed a corpeous black woman in skimny attire? With a natural instead of straight hair? I'm telling you, that strip was subversive.

Who created it? How did they ever manage to slip it past the corporate collywobbles at Western publishing? Did the comic ever appear in South Africa? We're talking nineteen fifties here. Where's the doctoral thesis on this neglected piece of Americana?



And what about Nurok, Son of Stone, which showed American Indiana as intelligent, sensitive human beings? Sure, we kids all bought the book because the artist drawing it did great dimosaurs, but how many striplings did he influence? How many routine formula westerns did Turok counterat?

These historical musings were brought forth by the recent spate of comments in SFR and elsewhere about the publishing industry's reluctance to place minority (specifically black) characters on the covers of their books. Covers are particularly important influences on young readers. You can't admire role models if you can't see them.

Maybe one month every member of SFWA will turn in whatever story or book is due that month with every minor character described as black. The squirming in New York is already starting.

I once did a book called CAGMACUT in which, for the hell of it, I include on presentative of every which channed the presentative of every which channed the paperback cover looked like? It showed a giganic whale looming over a tiny ship on whose deck stood two ministens for all you could tell. But the other could be principal characters, two mixed-blood Brazilians and a Polymesian, and showed these accurately.

Odd and perhaps significant that the cover artist was Esteban Maroto.

Nor does this attitude in publishing strend only to covers. The two most remonated 850 artists of the past thirty years were Eric Stanton and Gene Bilbrew (better brown as Engl). Bilbrew studied into the control of the stanton and the same of the stanton under, among others, Sume Hogarth of Tarann fame. Few how that Bilbrew was black. He was compelled to draw mostly white characters for his audience white characters for his audience white characters for his audience and with the characters for his day in his carrons for PLATON; to

I Anno. Sometimes the lines is clear and sometimes they inst. But this I do how. It's up to SF to lead the way, and when we turn out stories that deal only with white characters we shirk a certain social responsibility. Sure, it's just 'untertainment." Entertainment is what you use to change people without turning them off. If STAR TREX can do it in television, we should whenever possible that the covers of our books fairly reflect their contents.



You Got No Friends ln This World

BOY TO USE THIS COLUMN

These are reviews of science fiction to the control of the control

score to minima power states to the remaining stories also constitutes a review of sortes. States also constitutes a review of sortes. States also constitutes a review of sortes. States also worth calling it to your attention, or I was too stupid to notice its serits. If you are a writer whose work is ignored here, please assume the flaw is in sy mind and not your tale.

MODE ADMINISTRAÇÃO DE CONTROL DE CONTROL

Sometimes it seems like a disease. Sometimes it seems like a disease.

Time after time, writers with real talent, who have good stories to tell, bury those stories eight feet deep in the worst sort of literary excesses.

There are lots of ways a story can be made unreadable. Some of them are

be made unreadable. Some of them are subliterate—the story that begins on such an emotional peak that you can't possibly engage with it; the story so badly written that you can't pay atten-tion to the events; the story so shallow that you can't believe the characters for a moment. But such stories don't that you can't believe the characters for a moment. But such stories don't bother me much—I just set them aside and figure that either the writer will learn how to do it better, or not, in which case I'll either like something he does in the future—or not. Time will

What worries me are the good writ-ers whose stuff is unreadable. It throws you out of the story just as surely as the garbage writing does, but for quite different reasons. There is surely as the garbage writing does, but for quite different reasons. There is no route different reasons. There is no think the control of th

mected. Worst of all is that you know this writer is talented. He isn't throwing you out of his story because he doesn't you out. He's a snob. He refuses to tell his story to anyone whose sensibilities are not finely tuned enough to deserve his jewel-like writing.

"TRATES NOT WHAT WE MEAN!

"THANTS NOT WEBENE"

I can hear them yelling at me already—Gardner Dozoid, Stuce Sterling,
ack Deann, Michael Swam'rich, Fac Cadiriam Gibeon, Ed Bryant, Lucius Shepard,
Carter Scholz, Kim Stanley Robinson,
James Britick Kolly. "We aren't snobel'
carter Scholz, Kim Stanley Robinson,
James Britick Kolly. "We aren't snobel'
read their voices. Just their eyeread in their teels like yelling when
been shown and the feel like yelling when
not want to throw people out of our
stories. We want tepole to cread them
and be changed by them. We want what
weep other acknowless have went what
weep other acknowless have been proposed to the seven of the standard weep other acknowless have been proposed to the seven of the standard weep other acknowless have been proposed to the seven of the standard weep other acknowless have been proposed to the seven of the standard weep other acknowless the seven of the standard weep other acknowless the seven of the standard weep other acknowless the seven weep other acknowless th

every other story wither wants."

To which I answer: I know that. You wouldn't bother to write stories if you dight' want readers. Besides, every considered to the stories of the stories

But, to my frustration, every single one of you has also written stor-ies that commit some or all of the crimes of artsy-fartsy writing, stories that are impenetrable to all but the most sympathetic and persistent readers, And this is not an accident. You rein-force that tendency in each other, be-cause, unlike the so-called "Labor Day Group" that Thomas Disch conjured out of Group that inomas Discn conjured out or thin air several years ago, you really are a group. You all interconnect; you read each other's stories, collaborate in various concatenations, recommend

each other's works for Nebulas, buy each other's stories for anthologics

others stories for anthouspies.

There's nothing wrong with such a network—you're all terrifically talented and, taken together, I think you're the most potent group of writers of has ever known. But because you all have certain sensibilities, certain expectacertain semsibilities, certain expecta-tions in common, you seem to read each chief service thin a new understanding and the control of the control of the any of you are able amymore to read each other's work the way a stranger would, other's work the way a stranger would, but there are only twile wanna being in America who will read past page one, some of you ween seem to think you're of the control of the control of the control don't like Moby Dick.

clear and interesting to people win What frustraces ae not is that there's not one of you that doesn't have the talent—and the sense of story—to the talent—and the sense of story—to as Lafry Niven's. Some of you, also, have come to believe that most perniclous and snobblish of the lies of sense; and the sense of the incest tabu. Human beings need stories incest tabu. Human beings need stories the way we need air. And if you, with your talent and vision, don't speak to all those humary people, then they have no choice but to devour the junk food we hack writers give them, picking up a few drams of nutrition here and there among the empty paragraphs.

the empty paragraphs.

Enough of this. Those of you who are my friends have already heard me rage about this; those of you who are not are probably wondering who the hell of the time. But while I probably can't convince you to change direction. I can at least explain to other people what's really going on in some of your articlest writing.

WHY DO THEY WRITE SO WEIRD?

New YOO THEY MOUTE SO WELTON'T CONTENT YOU THE CONTENT YOU THE CONTENT YOU HAVE YOU THEY WAS A STATE OF THE CONTENT YOU THEY WAS A STATE OF THE CONTENT YOU THEY WAS A STATE OF THE YOU THEY WAS A THE



The audience has to cooperate with the storyteller. They have to pay attention from beginning to end; they have to comprehend the story; and they have to comprehend the story. This represents a and the audience puts itself at risk; the act of receiving a story can and usually does change the person who receives and believes it. So, while the ceives and believes it. So, while the audience is hungry for stories to struc-ture their universe and give it meaning, they are reluctant to give their trust to any particular storyteller, for any particular story.

Every storyteller faces the same problem with every story you care about enough to tell. You must win and keep the audience's interest; You must tell the tale in such a way that the audience can understand what's happening; you must persuade people to believe you.

No storyteller can present exactly the same story in exactly the same way to everybody, and win them all into your audience. It can't be done. The best you can hope for is to win a certain Portion of the public as your audience. you can mope rot is to win a certain portion of the public as your audience. Dortion of the public as you audience, the public as you was to the public as you are the public as you can handle only over without disquise. As we become familiar with those story motifs, though, most of us become jodde or step-though, most of us become jodde or step-though, most of us become jodde or step-though, most of us become jodde or step-though the public seal sound the same. So we look for stories that spend more time on differentias are more complex and contradictory, their settings more specific and detailed.

As the stories become more differ-niated, they continue to keep our in-creating, who still believes the simplest falses, finds all that differentiation boring, and he rejects it; while was, more differentiated than we need them to be. And so audiences progress, from the continuation of the continuation of the continuation of the continuation of early the degree of differentiation he each, and only a fool would smear at As the stories become more differneeds. And only a fool would sneer at the storytellers who feed the hunger of the newest audience—they are doing the same work, feeding the same need, as the writers whose tales are most differenti ated.

acci. Some septing in unwoidable. The bear witches try to defact this layering process by writing highly differentiated tales that are still accessible to audiences that don't need easily achieved by greening the differentiation in small domes, like tiny leaves to the control of the control slow or stop the action. Shakespeare did it. Dickens did it. Twain did it. did it. Dickens d. Gene Wolfe does it.

Ideally, storytellers should never erect barriers that make it unnecessari-ly difficult to understand a story or to become interested in it. On the conly difficult to understand a story or to become interested in it. On the contrary, we should make great the contrary, we should make great the contrary of the

section to sephisticates reasers.

S. Chemismes, though, the story itself, the events we believe in and care enough about to tell them, don't easily easily grasped forms. Every writer I know has times when he has a story in his head but can't think of the right way to approach getting it down on paper. Where to begin, whose voice or point-of-view to user how to structure it: With some stories the answers are obvious, but with others they are agoni-zingly elusive.

The solution to a problem may finally be something completely off the wall—something that works only for that story. In that rare case, there is no story. In that rare case, there is no choice but to do something eccentric— but the result is so wonderful that the eccentricity is quickly absorbed, over-

For instance, the movie 2001: A SPACE OTYSETS moves incredibly slowly. It is, in fact, boting. There were repetited in the second of the secon For instance, the movie 2001. A other way

other way.

Does this mean that slow-moving films are somehow "better" than fast-moving stories of content of the standard of course of the saddenee's attention much more easily than enee's attention much more easily than too fast to be comprehensible). Nost of the time, the fast-moving film be the storyteller's best choice. Knybody who refuses to make a fast-moving film of the standard of the s who refuses to make a fast-moving fills because it's ow unigar and popular is an idiot. They'll get exactly the audience working to make the story as accessible as possible, until the story itself forces an eccentricity, they have let some theory of 11m-making introduce eccentricities that the story does not

Almost always, the best way to tell a story is the plain tale, plainly told. You start where the tension begins; you stop soon after the tension be-ends. You write it in the most transparent, common voice—third person past tense with a strong point of view—and you generally confine yourself to tell— ing what people said and did, and why.

ing what people said and did, and why.
But sometimes the story is so dif-ficult—spread out in time, involving too many characters, depending on come too many characters, depending on come techniques don't work. Sometimes, too, you want the story to have strong pera-ipheral affects, and so you decounted the "wist" ending, where key information is withheld until the end, when its revela-tion changes the meaning of everything tion changes the m that went before).

that went berover the plain tale plainly told, The scorm-ter plain tale plainly told. The scorm-ter plain tale plainly told, The scorm-the writer believes they are the only way, or the best way, to solve the stor-vis problems or achieve the desired ef-fects. (Usually the writer is wrong, of course, and if he had worked a little course, and if he had worked a little harder and been a bit more resourceful, the story could have been better pre-sented plainly. But sometimes you have to write it the wrong way before you discover that it doesn't work. And somediscover that it doesn't work. And some-times, having written it the wrong way, an editor buys it anyway and then a whole lot of readers sit there scratch-ing their heads and wondering what the hell is going on.)

This kind of writing feels artsy because the eccentricities distract the audience from the events of the plain tale. Sometimes the story is so good that it works anyway. And sometimes

DI STOMPTONS

Take, for instance, Roger Zelaz-ny's 24 VIBMS OF MT. FUJI, BY BONDSAI (Av's Jul). The story is about as art-sy-fartsy as it can be: Present-tense first-person (by a natract who dies before the end of the story!), with long passages of almost meaningless intro-spection, Mose, Selarm villandies, or formation which, if he told it earlier,



ARRESTATIONS and ISSUES DESTRUCTION

Amz = American Stories (Scithers) Jan. Jul. Anlg = Analog (Schmidt) Jun, Jul, Aug Av's = Isaac Ardmon's (McCarthy) Jun. Jul.



would make most of the boring introspec-

In other words, 24 VIEWS has just about everything wrong with it that can go wrong with an artsy-fartsy story.

Severy with an arthy-rattry Story.

Except one thing. The plain tale that Zelazny is trying to tell is very much worth telling. If he had told it another way, had told it plainly, then it would make a compelling romance, kind of like most of Zelazny's early stuff.

But in recent years, Zelazny has been groping for something else. Like Samuel R. Edany, he proved early in his Samuel R. Edany, he proved early in his plainly told. Like Delany, he began to reach out to try to get control of an art that he had performed instinctively, like Delany, the result is been partial itse Delany, the result is been partial fact, this is the most complete Zelazny story live seen in years. This time he actually achieved closure, which has been missing for a long time.

Zelazmy was trying to do more than tell the plain tale. It was the heart of the story, yes, but he wanted to do something else, too. Perhaps it began with a series of paintings of drawings of Mt. Fuji Zelazmy wanted to write a story that could duplicate the effect of repeatedly painting the same mountain repeatedly painting the same mountain from different perspectives, with dif-ferent foregrounds. Perhaps the "24 views" idea was itself a solution to another problem—how to create an assas-sin of compelling complexity, a loving murderer

Whatever the starting point, 24 VIEWS is not exhibitionism or dazzle. There isn't a lie in the whole story. There are even moments of great power, like the story-within-the-story told in section 9—a moment that would have been less possible had Zelazny chosen a different form.

different form.

24 YIEM'S doesn't work. It's a failure, as a whole. But it's still worth reading, it's still worth the patience of wading through some sticky and tedious sections, because Zelazyu the tale-teller is still alive inside the coccon, developing wings that, when he finally gets it all under control, wall really be something to see.

There's something to be said for writers like Larry Niven and Isaac Amimow who, being excellent at telling a certain kind of tale in a certain way, continue to tell those tales to an appreciative audience. I admire both those writers, and have long loved their

I have a different sort of admira-tion, however, for a writer like Zelaz-ny, easily the equal of Niven, though

not as lucid as Asimov, who nevertheless is trying (consciously or not) to change and grow. Niven today writes like Niven and grow. Niven today writes like Niven always has; Asimov has changed little; but Zelazny is taking risks. And I, for one, am encouraged that he seems to be getting closer to writing complete, suc-cessful stories again.

THIS OWE'S STHEN Y HARD TO WRITE

A lot of the stories with distracting artsy elements are a writer's attempt to tell a seemingly untellable story. It shall be story remains out that the intellable story was tellable after all, but at a price—it will be accessible to fewer readers. One such story is James Patrick Kelly's SOL-

It's not as if Jim set himself a simple task. Tony Cage is a designer of recreational drugs who made it big; a-long the way, he stepped on (or could be seen as having stepped on) a man who once was his mentor, who once saved his

Tied in with this is a third element—Cage's obsession with Stone-henge, the site of an annual solstice celebration that Cage is drawn to. And celebration that Cage is drawn to. And all three stories come together in a climar that is desperate and powerful. The story ends with Cage setting his clone-daughter free—but destructively, by abandoning her completely, because still can't get control over himself.

The story is tragic, and almost religious: Its strongest current is the way that Cage knows what is right and wrong, but still can't find a way to be a completely good man. And Jim Rell has a whitefire talent that can sear you with a touch.

With a touch.

But the effort to bring all three stories together into one short tale would have staried any writer's shill be would have staried any writer's shill be would have staried any writer's shill be writered by the ship of t

At first glance, the story seems to be "typical" exhibitionistic writing. But it isn't. The "irrelevant" Stone-But it inn't. The "irrelevant" Stone-henge passages quickly become deeply relevant, like a second instrument re-peating, without embellishment, the mo-tif that another instrument has just Cage's gradul confrontation with his own flaws begins to ennoble him, as he tries to find ways of undoing the harm he has done. The mentor's revenge adds tension just when it's needen.

And, though the story is not easily accessible the way a straightforward romance is, I believe Kelly has told it the only way it could be told, and that it was well worth telling. He attempted a labor of Hercules, and brought it off. It's not a perfect story by any means, but it works.

Felix Gotschalk's VESTIBULAR MAN PROF Man is a perfect story. It is also very hard to read This is a better that the story of the story of the be written in a very strange diction, with an almost alien point of view. It is very difficult to get into the story. It takes time both to understand why the language of it sounds weird and then to get used to it and let it have its pow-

Firth effect on you.

Derek is a country boy from a future Louisians who has gone into military training under a tyrannical drill instructor. Derek seems to be a of being a white supremodist, he is a flesh-supremodist, he list leads to be a of being a white supremodist, he list a flesh-supremodist, he list had so, a "97-percenter," which means that 97 percent of Alpha 430's body has been replaced by machines, including most of his personality.

The obvious idea would be to tell a story of a bigot getting his come-uppance. Gotschalk is not the obvious sort of writer. Alpha 430 is exactly as sort of writer. Alpha 430 is exactly as inhuman as Derek thinks he is, and berek is completely vindicated at the end, when he returns to the organic life of the swampland of Louisiana. The irony the swampiand of Louislana. The irony that he, too, has some nonorganic implants does not undercut but rather en-hances the power of the character's life

I can tell you the story. What I can't tell you the story. What I can't tell you is the curious, compelling effect of Gotschalk's highly idiosyncratic language. It is not just a matter of word choice, though the diction and vocabulary are unusual and diction and vocabulary are unusual and elevated. Gotschalk narrates closely from Derek's point of view, and in so doing we see Derek experiencing his own doing we see Derek experiencing his own body in a way that we never experience ours, rejoicing constantly in the organic nature of his body, and yet expressing it in mechanistic language, By the end of the story I felt like a stranger in my own flesh, or rather, like a newcomer just settling in.

The strangeness of the language will throw you out of the story at first. But stay with it. It will take you places you can't get any other way.

That, in a nutshell, is the only valid reason for using distracting literary techniques.

LEST WE OPPRIND

One of the most frequent complaints about literary stories is their



Vagueness, particularly in the ending. Time after time I have put down a story and thought, What the hell just hap-pened? And then, when somebody explains it to me, I think, Well, why didn't you SWV 90?

For instance, take James Sallis's December 2011 Instance, take James Sallies to the control of the c

I think that's what the story is about. Sallis's manipulations of reali-ty, the repeated shifts, got to me just the way he wanted them to Rut it was the way he wanted them to. But it was one sentence short of perfection—and that once sentence made all the differ-ence. Give us one more sentence, one in which clarity is achieved, and the story wnich crari

Of course, Sallis might fairly answer, "Intelligent people don't need that sentence you're asking for, and I don't write for stupid people."

But that's so unfair to us stupid

My guess is that Sallis, and the most other writers who publish of story and the most of the salling with th

mount to anything if your cabers don't know to anything if your cabers don't know to anything if your cabers don't know to anything to the to the to the to over-explain—but over-explaining doesn't kill a story the way under-ex-plaining does. There's nothing shameful in spelling it out so that any idiot can understand it. Us idiots need good

IS THE HERO TRAGIC, OR JUST UGLY?

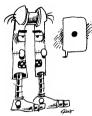
One of the most common complaints about artsy-fartsy stories is that the hero is a jerk. And it's a valid com-plaint. Still, the jerk hero is a nat-ural reaction against the pristine Galahad of the pure romance. To make the writer has to vary the hero to some de-gree from perfection.

This can range from Hercule Poi-rot's annoying vanity and Nero Wolfe's invariable habits to the painful intro-spection of Spenser and Fletch's cheer-ful opportunism-verging-on-amorality.

It's no accident that my examples are drawn from mystery fiction. The most delicate and difficult task for the most delicate and difficult task for the creator of a mystery series is to come up with a protagonist who is interesting nounce the provided in a mouth to allow his to get involved in an endless series of adventures. This task of differentiating the protagonist from the fastler the fastler than the paint tale well told. Until sometimes the hero gets to be so ugly-locking and lockings are locked. Nicholson can be cast in the part

Sometimes, though, the ugly hero Sometimes, though, the ugly hero crosses an invisible line and becomes, instead, the tragic hero. Macbeth is as vile as any artsy-fartsy anti-hero you could ever hope to find, and yet we have seen him become a murderous tyrant withseen nim become a murberous tyrant with out ever really wishing to, and with terrible remorse and self-loathing. The result, ironically, is an ennobling story instead of a debasing one.

I dislike William Gibson's novel NEUROMANCER for the very good reason that it never passes from ugly to enno-



bling. The protagonist has all the good qualities of a turd. In the whole novel, he never makes a single decision his own intitative. He never acts. He is self— and other-destructive. Only two characters in the whole novel did two characters in the whole novel did have any initiative, and both of them existed only as electronic life—the one, an artificial intelligence, the other, a computer simulation of a once-living man. And what infuriated me most was that Gibson had the only genuinely living characters in the book wishing living characters in the book wishing for death. This was obviously a conscious decision on his part, and it was subverted at every turn by his unconscious choices: almost every piece of information, almost every original act in the whole book came from these supposedly death-wishing creatures.

sedly death-wishing creatures.
The result was that, despite Gibeon's brilliant creation of a milieu, despite the excellent action-adventure writing, despite the derzling language, death thing down, the novel left me with a gnawing pain, a deep anger, because the book obviously wanted me to care about the protagonist, and there was nothing there to care about the contract of the c

I know it won the Nebula. I know it won the Dick. It can win the Nobel and the Pulitzer for all I care. Flash and dazzle can't compensate for the fact that any person with enough bonding drive, enough social impulse to write a novel cannot be autocentric and isolate enough to believe in the pursuit of death for its own sake. Gibson doesn't death for its own sake. Gibson doesn't believe in it. But for whatever reason (whatever reason in the control of the control o teller can do

I include this gentle criticism of NEUROMANCER so that you'll know that I am not an uncritical fan of William Gibeon's work.

So when I attended Mike Swanwick's reading at Disclave and learned that he was reading a story that he had written with William Gibson, I was deeply disap-pointed. Swanwick, too, has committed artsy-fartsy writing before; surely, thought Ir, Gibson and Swanwick will bring out the worst in each other.

My prejudices can't be right all My prejudices can't be right all the time. The story Swanwick read was DOGFIGHT (Omni Jul). If there's a bet-ter story written this year, it will have to be damm near one of the best stories ever written.

DOGFIGHT, you see, crosses the line. The ugly hero becomes a tragic hero. No lying here—Gibson and Swanwick tell the truth, and tell it magnificently. Deke is a loner, on his last bit

of money, but he sets himself the goal of mining a complex boorgestrone or the complex boorgestrone of the mining and the property of the many set of the set of the

contest doesn't occur to him.

In the process of the story, however, Deke meets a woman, Nance, who
offers him a real chance for lovemot to mention a cynical opportunity to
climb out of the hole that Deke has dug
for himself. Instead, Deke explicitly
acts out my definition of evil: He is
willing to sacrifice anyone else in order to achieve him own worthess goal.

It could have been a morose, de-pressing story. Instead, it is full of action, exciting from beginning to end, until the final sentence lays you waste. DOGPIGHT would be a memorable

story even if it weren't a perfect ex-

Swanwick swears that the process of collaborating with Gibson was so painful for both of them—that each was so demanding of the other—that neither

of them is willing to do it again.

I toyed with the idea of all of us getting together and making them collaborate anyway—the results are too good for it to end here. The way I figure it, Gibson deserves the punishment for having written MEURONANCER. But none of Swanwick's occasional literary crimes is worth doing such a thing to him; so for his sake, I guess, we'll have to let them off.

have to let them off.

I only hope that both Gibson and Swamuck see that the power of DOFIGHT arises from its clarity in every dimension. There are no artsy idlosyncracies or passages of boring introspection. Yet the character is fuller and richer than I have ever seen in anything by Updike or Bellow. The impact of the story is equally emotional and inteller. tual.

This story is the reason why sf and fantasy are a living literature, while so-called mainstream literature is a corpse that feeds no one but worms. a corpse that feeds no one but worms. Another generation of writers created our community of storytellers, when they write like this, the writers whose names I listed at the beginning of this column are the ones who will keep it alive.

are the ones who will keep it alive.
You can have it all. You can give
it all. That's what they've done with
DOGFIGHT, and it makes all the artsyfartsy writing look foolish by comparison. You can't get around the fact that
even when your writing is artsy for the
most compelling reasons, it cannot match
the power of a story that eracts no barrice between storyfeller and audience.

That is the end of Orson's essay for this issue. Now I can get down from the soapbox and do some good old-fash-ioned bloody-handed reviewing.

TRUE ROMANCES

All storytelling endlessly repeats certain motifs. Even history and jour-nalism, which pretend to have their roots in reality, emphasize the same motifs because they are the elements in a story that make it feel important enough to be worth retelling.

In romance, from medieval times to the present, these motifs are more na-kedly expressed than in the realistic novel or history or news story. Let's take a look at how some of this quar-ter's stories deal with the time-honored and inescapable myths.

THE DESCRIPT THE HET I

If you're a freudian, you might call it a return to the womb. I'm not, so I don't. But one of the most common so I don't. But one of the most common motifs in story after story is a descent to an underground place, dark and fully enclosed, a place of death and retribu-tion, where the hero is in danger of the place of the story of the story of the tieve something and bring it out. And in our Western tradition, this motif is most commonly expressed as a descent into hell.

hell. Brad Strickland's PIRA (F&SP Aug) Brad Strickland's PIRA (F&F Aug) has the bride-to-be of a prince descend into hell in order to bring back the talisman that will heal the disease that afflicts her fiance. Reality changes in hell; there are dangers, and she is helped by a stranger who turns out to be the true form of the crippled dwarf she the true form of the crippled dwarf she thought she left waiting for her out-side. The dwarf sacrifices himself (another common motif): it becomes even more noble when she discovers how he was crimpled in the first place. I don't care if you are tired of medievalish fantasies. This one's excellent, and vou should read it.

THE SERVANT OF SAIBEL (Amz Jan), by Diana L. Paxeon, is far less com-plex, as a sword-and-sorcery heroine finds herself trapped in a pitch-black state of the property of the state of the state companion helps her slay the worm that quards it. It just goes to show you that even when the story coasts along the surface, the old motifs are often strong enough to pull it through. JULIANES TO PATRYLAND

Another motif is the passage from the "real" world to one which is somehow less or more substantial, where events don't mean as much, or mean much more. In many medieval romances this is expli-In many medieval romances this is expli-citly a journey to fairyland. In Y GAMES (Anlg Aug), Eric Vinicoff's char-acters make the journey through video-games, which are not real but still change them in ways that "reality never games, which are not "real" but still change them in ways that "reality" never can. Fairyland captures you, and it is only with difficulty that you win your way back. I only wish Vinicoff had not treated it as a traditional Analog problem story, because his solution is both unnecessary and unbellevable.

Esther M. Priesner almost pulls off the impossible—writing a fairy tale with the same brevity and clarity and power as Jane Yolen without being Jane

14 STANDOUT STORIES

For the power of the plain tale: Michael Swanwick & William Gibson DOGFIGHT

Michael Kube-HoDowell WHEN WINTER HEDS (PASP Jul)
Garry Kilvorth THE THURDER OF THE CAPTAIRS (Av's Jun)

John Barnes FINALITIES BESIDES THE GRAVE (Amz Sep)
Bruce D. Arthurs UNICONN'S BLOOD (SwSs 2)

For the idea at the story's heart: Wayne Mightman IN THE REALM OF THE HEART, IN THE WORLD OF THE ENDINE (Av's Aug) James Gunn Mail Of PARTS (FASF Aug) Richard Grant PAGES PROM COLD HAMBOR

(Av's June Eric G. Iverson MCHINTEGERENCE (Anlg Jul) Christopher Gilbert THE ULTIMATE DIAGNOSTIC (Anz Sep)

For the way they're written:

Earen Joy Powler THE POPLAR STREET STEDT (FASF Jun) Ursor Junj Susan Palvick THE HERDHBOR'S MIPE (Amz Jul) Felix C. Gotschalk WESTIBULAR MAN (FASF Mar) Sharon N. Farber ROLLS REX, EING OF CARS (Amz Sep) Yolen. Alas, she mars it with a vague ending; still, A PRIRDDLY GAME OF CROLA. (Amz Sep) is worth reading, as it takes a phantom on a passage into the world of mortality, where, as is usual with this motif, he is captured by the experience and does not want to go back.

Another motif so common that it shows up, in one form or another, in most stories, is the unmasking of a character, the revelation that someody was not who others thought he was. Sometimes he was in disquier; sometimes he was in disquier; sometimes was in disquier; sometimes was in disquier; sometimes was in disquier; sometimes he was in disquier; sometimes he was in disquier; sometimes he had not not not some in the collaboration of the clama of the tales.

the climator in et al.

It said if Flippo tells this story in the slight flip of the close it wery finds out the real reason why he was forced to grow uplind and alone in the victous society of the Bronx Jungle; even when I see it coming, it still CTINGCAMY.

The ummasking is much more pointful far. Hanners DEEANS UMTMS (Ceni Nay): in which the hero discovers that have in all the work. If you know harl's work, you won't be surprised to discover set in a milet so cruel that at the end your grateful to have escaped. In Cay, the heroine is fleening from the knowledge of who she is and what, by her matter, she does . It hought it was about a goodens. But everybody know, and the proposal to the suppossible.

Bolaine Nochteun's NEIGHBORS (FSF Mag) is a strange circular tale, in which a couple moves into an apartiment of the strange circular tale, in which a couple moves into an apartiment of the strange of

the music.

A story that epitomizes all these motifs is John Barnes's FIRALTIES BB-SIDS THE GRAWE (Max Sep.). The hero is a facilities of the state of the state



stantly changing identity is one of the techniques of his trade, but it is also the hero's greatest dilemma; he was born in America, was an outcast, is at once a mass' himself many times, but always finds another mass hemath. It is not because of these notice that FINALITIES alence means that they are in good and bad stories alike. It is what Barnes did with the motifs that make this so did with the motifs that make this so his first pollished af story, we subsistence—level vitters have got to get together and shoot this guy before he getter and shoot this guy before he leapfrong all of us.

DOM: NO

Telling stories is a pro-social action. In a world where people are condemned by nature to perpetual isolation, storytelling provides one of the few occasions where someone can guide us into sharing the same experience. It

creates a community.

Besides being a result of storytelling, the creation of communities is
also a frequent theme.

TOWALTS UP DESIDAVAL

communities are built by shared experience; they survive by mutual trust. Bruce D. Arthurs' UNICOMMYS between the survive been betrayed in their trust. The heroine is a woman who was sexually abused to the survive been between the survive built by the survive built buil

It anyway.

James Patrick Relly shows us the

James Patrick Relly shows us the

vandals who turn out to represent an

ancient enemy. In THE LAST (1887 Jun),

It (1887 Jun),

It (1887 Jun),

leadership the community's survival

benefit on the valeding their only weapon,

quitble is that it ends too quickly. It

guess when a viter develope a novel's

a novel's worth of story afterward. The

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Loyalty is completely discarded in TIP OF THE SOURCE (M. TIP) by The

I MADE YOU, BUT ARE YOU HINE?

There are many ways in which parmers are many ways in which parmay can create a child. Michard stant may can create a child. Michard stant (Ave Jun) by writing it in first person present tense, but it's still a strong enotional actory of a man who manufactor human—Finocchio without the fairy to awate thing at the end. Jennifer Switt's MARIE (Av's Jun) tackles almost the opposite problem—a surrogate solther who does not want to know anything about the child born from her womb, who does not want it to be human. The story comerines gushes, but it still works

sometimes gumbne, but it still works.
Robert F, Young shows compassionchildren of an ancient Martian race,
he way the Martian children return the
race thing—a genuinely horifying horrace thing—a genuinely horifying horrace thing—a genuinely horifying horlerphs because Thingha form the beautiful of the
lift owner of the beautiful of the
lift owner of the beautiful of the
lift of

AMONG PRIMEMS

A good kid who's into magic
befriends the new boy in school, who
befriends the new boy in school, who
NIGHT (NCTy Fall, by Vincent Kelardy,
It's a good, solid story, with fair
treeshadowing intend of a twist ending;
nough realized that it could have gone
musician in New York City, who gets a
musician in New York City, who gets a
demanding than he expected. What wreak
it is an unbelievably of fensive intrusion. Believe it or not, here is what
it is an unbelievably of fensive intrusion. Believe it or not, here is what
vit, reader! All is not yet lost for
our desperate young hero! Turn to page
of the decirc's, whoever it was should
be forced to watch o'd it was the author's idea
or the editor's, whoever it was should
be forced to watch o'd gelscole or The

Nature abhors a vacuum, and romance abhors a committee. The great deeds of storytelling are all done by the Gnosen Hero, who is at once isolated from and saylor of his community. Deen the hell out of the saylor of the saylor the hell out of the saylor of the saylor bloomer than life, too.

T DITING FOR THIS JOB

LINE OF COMES (No. 2009). BILLY SENT, EXECUTED OF COMES (No. 2009). BILLY Jean 1s just a curious little girl--she inn't looking to be anybody's savior. But she ends up inadvertently liberating the automobile that bestows on her the shillity to hear the speech of cars. I'm don't often enjoy whinsy, but then, whinsy is almost never done this well? The comes of the come

Modrew M. Greeley's GABY (Amz Jan) is also a bit whimsical, with a nubile spardiam angel of the soot desirable see the spardiam angel of the soot desirable see to collect his Nobel Prize more interesting than he expected. The story is soon to collect his Nobel Prize not have cope out and wraps it up with a completely irrelevant Nazi pilot finish sering Adolf Ritler as the bad guy is sering the sering Adolf Ritler as the bad guy is sering the sering Adolf Ritler as the bad guy is sering the sering

THE CREAT LIBERATOR

"Let mose isn't the only hero to say
"Let my people go." Following a long
tradition of heroes who free a captive
tradition of heroes who free a captive
intruder into a small community offerous
intruder into a small community
paths long kept isolated during a deadly
plague. In OS SPRINGFIED MOMERATE (ADE)
land, despite occasional over-senting

tality, we join the community in gradu-ally coming to trust him, until he gives his life to save them

his life to save them.

Jaye Carfe protagonist in CATHCOMMES (Mez Jul) really doesn't want to

DATE (Mez Jul) really doesn't want to

pressive underground society. But a

kind-barted outsider saves his life and

gives him a girt that transforms first

ly din't like the story as well as !

Id. since it was thrown away with a

cat-factier would think was not stupid.

Cat-factier would think was not stupid. Vera Nazarian's THE WOUND IN THE WOOM (SWSS 2) suffers from some of the over-heightened language that is common in sword-and-sorcery stories, but it does come together with an elegant fin-ish in a duel in which the city is freed from the heartless rule of the son of the Woon.

MARTING A DEPPERABLE IN HISTORY

Michael Kube-McDowell's first novel, BMMINES proves that he can handle the wast meep of historical events with the wast meep of historical events with many the wast meep of historical events with march. He does it also with MMINE MINTES DESCRIPTION of the work of the waste of the wast lingering effects of nuclear war, as they try to receive the gift that their ancient ancestors prepared for them.

Harry Turtledove, in one of the last stories to be published under his old pseudonym "Eric G. Iverson," deals with a Similar idea of trying to make a helievably.



99 TERRIBLE TITLES OF GOOD STORTES 99 Titling is a different art from story-talling, and just because you're good at one doesn't mean you'll be good at

the other. FIRELITIES BESIDES THE GRAVE

It may be a quote from Frost, but it still doesn't make any sense, before or after you read the story. IN THE MEALW OF THE HEART, IN THE WORLD OF

when the story is a melodrama (albeit an excellant one) it's a good idea not to have an over-dramatic title. HAM OF PARTS

The story is so grialy that the cute title goes far beyond black humor—all the way to bed taste. TURICATE, MUNICATE, WILL THOU BE HIME? This wins the award for Worst Title of

the Year-and the year's only half ower. Some titles are so bad it would be better to publish the story without PAGES FROM COLD HAMBOR

LYRIC FOR THE DARBHASS SARABARD OF LOST TIME

The award for Consistency in His-titline sward for Consistency in Mistitl-ing goes to Richard Grant, who tends to put moody college-writing-class ti-tles on stories that are powerful e-nough to deserve titles that invite the reader in, rather than put the An almost identical dilemma is faced by an alien visitor who has come faced by an alien visitor who has come to judge the Earth in RESPECT (Anig Lour), by Sill Johnson and obvious peached to the season of the Sill Johnson and Sill Johnson the Deastry of humanity, the people struggling for surphumanity in the people struggling for surphumanity is plain-and the comes to share it and, eventually, take part in their are. The stroy would be tilouse except was the strong that the strong strong the strong and the strong and the strong as the strong problem in Analog stories of late

CHARTETA

The hero is often called upon to sacrifice in order to save others. Three of this quarter's best stories deal with this theme. James Gunn's HAN OF PARTS (FSF Aug) carries the idea to revolting but magnificent extremes in his best work of late.

his best work of late.

Wayne Wightman, about whom I gush
at length alsewhere, has dealt with the
BRALA OF RES BRANT, IS THE MOREL OF THE
REWIST (AVE AUG). Unlike Wightman's
Will continue with a story in FSS rest
month), this story doesn't have such
month), this story doesn't have
monthly this story doesn't
monthly the same and the search
monthly the same and the same
monthly the sa some unforgettable characters.

some unforgettable characters.
And it is only Christopher Gilbert's second published story, but in THE ULTHAMYE DIAGNOSTIC (Amz Sep) he hero who can diagnose any disease through the ultimate empathy: actually inhabiting someone else's body. But to say alive and keep saving people, as Stay alive and keep saving people, at one point he had to permanently take over someone's healthy body and leave them in his own dying one. He tried to choose someone who "deserved" to die, but it's always tricky when you have to make someone else perform the sacrifice.

BAD CHYS

The good guys may be the ones we root for, but the bad guys usually seem to be the ones who get things moving at the beginning of the story.

COPS. IT WAS ME.

Pour stories this quarter depend on the same technique—the gradual or on the Cories that adjacter depend on the Cories that adjacter depends sudden revealation that the narrator, a seeming hero, is actually a monster, as easing hero, is actually a monster, as the correct the correct three job is maken the correct three periods of the correct three periods in the correct three periods and three periods and the correct three periods and the correct three periods and three periods a simple tunicate, has a way of ensuring its own survival in TUNICATE, TUNICATE, WILT THOU BE MINE (AV'S Jun).

SNOW BLIND (TZ Aug), by Peter Heyrman, shows us a woman trapped in her house with her murderous husband--and house with her murderous hussand—and also provides a good example of what a twist ending can do when it works. Gene O'Nell's "She WHITE GOUTAL (FEST bull) to the state of the blown head gasket for all the difference it made in the story.

JUSTICE, REVENCE, AND DISTISHABLE

Stories of getting even are some of the most delicious in all literature. Augustine Punnell's WORMS FROM MARS and the foundation of the second seco

what they deserve.

What do you do when the person who must be punished is yourself? The protagonist of Roper P. Dunkley's SIDE
TRACKED (TZ Aug) finds the hideoually building the punisher of AR. Rotlan's story FURN RAYS BEFORE THE SEAN (MCT) SUME). In which a woman is not sure how it's being done, but she knows to the prosure how it's being done, but she knows to be the prosure how it's being done, but she knows to be the prosure how it's being done, but she knows to be the prosure how it's being done, but she knows to be the prosure and deserve the prosure and deserve the prosure and deserve the prosure real enough.

THE RITTER RIT. THE EATER EATEN

In THE BLUE COLLARIS (RSF Vall).

Robert Charles Wilson gives us a wonderfully horid story of a little guil afflicted with a masty family who guilt afflicted with a masty family who get rid of them all. The plane teacher, however, has his own motives. Which more company is lan Hotbradis SCHMEST FROM the community is land to the plane teacher. The precision was the precision of In THE BLUE CHLARIS (PASP Jul) .

way into a very fine tale.

Magic doesn't work out the way
it's supposed to in Stephen Gallagher's
good story THE PRICE (Av's Jun). The
members of the rook band are only trying
stood him better, he sight have lived
through their helpfulness. But nobody
does it like Gene Wolfe, whose THE NORMAN
WHO WERT OUT (FAFF Jun) shows what happens when a buuband and wife both seek pens when a hubband and wife both seek magical help in their effort to get a little action on the side. It's the kind of perfect little story that Boc-caccio would have put into the Decamer-on, if only he'd been good enough to write it . . .

Itomy is taken to its final deli-cious extreme in Robert F. Young's DROS-HALE CHREAGE (REST Ang), in which make the contraction (REST Ang), in which are kept in time shase until it is dis-covered, the hard way, that the plaque beings to live shase until it is dis-covered, the hard way, that the plaque beings to live in a radioactive world. It was enough that the main character otherwise scellent story when, at the and, be needlessly turns out to be fuch great unit, an unchical doctor combines the testing of two different drugs in the testing of two different drugs and phrameoutical companies. It turns out that the combination is actually a four-tant or youth-but everyon in a posi-Irony is taken to its final del:



94 1 ANY NO TODOS TA SETEN MON MONTHON SE

LIK UP HINCH TALESHID HEN WITTENS HILL LIST IS THE JURGILE, but considered it so array that I doubted it would fine large readership. To my surprise, his first novel, WALK THE HOOMS ROAD, is wonderful sweakbucking adventure with a hero who's e cross between Peter e hero who's e cross between Peter Blood and Leonardo da Vinci. Forgive e boring first chepter end e tacky cover, because the rest of the book is one of the best this year. Richard Grant. Not only are his stories FAGES FROM COLD RAMBOR and LIMED FOR

THE DARKMASS first-rate fiction, his first novel. SARABAND FOR LOST TIME (Avon), is surprisingly mature, with an intensity of characterization evoc-ative of Dickers and Wolfe. If the ending disappoints, it's only because the rest of the book is so good that I don't think anybody could have written an edequate ending to it.

Other Good New Writers to Look For John Barnes (Amz. Sen)

■ John Harmes (Amz Sep)
Leigh Essex (TZ Jan)

■ Karen Joy Fowler (F&SF Jun)

■ Christopher Gilbert (Amz Sep)
Rand B Lee (Amz Jan) Vera Nazarian (SwSa 2) Raul Reves (SwSs 2)

Jennifer Swift (Av's Jun) (* Wrote one of this quarter's best stories)



tion to notice is so incompetent or drugged up that they never make the con-nection: the tests are discontinued, and brilliant chance is missed. fortunate that such a wonderful story idea is buried in such a tedious mass of detail. Surely there's a way to write competently about incompetence.

WENT IS REALITY, REALLY?

Stories that speculate on the nature of reality have a tendency not to be stories at all, but rather essays. Certainly that trend is not broken by Jerry Oltion's THE BASIC UNIVERSE (Anly Sery Ottlor's THE RANGE DRIVERSE (MALS)—but scory or not, it's still fun were, with its speed-of-light limits, with its speed-of-light limits, with its speed-of-light limits, of the universe that functioned at machine-lanquage speed. Task wilh lains got a universe that functioned at machine-lanquage speed. Task wilh lains got a universe that functioned at machine-lanquage speed. Task wilh lains got a universe that functioned at machine-language speed. Task wilh lains got speed to be speed to the speed of th

In the state of th

In MENTAL BLOCKS (Amz Jul), Steven Gould asserts, to hilarious effect, that if you act like it's true, it becomes true. He wasn't sure how to end it, but it's fun along the way. Much more

serious is Gary Kilworth's unforgettable THE TRUMBER OF THE CAPPAINS (ANY 5 UNI) in which two friends in military school invent their own gods to help them survive an unbearable childhood. This intense and passionately written story near quite decides whether the gods are character lives as though it's real, as he becomes obsessed with the idea that he has sacrificed the great love of his life to his god.

DEWEID PC

There are two kinds of future in science fiction, ugly futures and pretty futures, and on the whole, I'd say that the ugly futures allow for the best etories

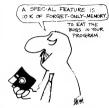
Still, there's something incongru-ously old-fashioned about John Shirley's ugly-future story, THE INCORPORATED (Av's July). He writes of a future in which pollution is institutionalized, which pollution is institutionalized, big nasty corporations run everything, and all in all it has the quaint feeling of those earnest social-change movies made in the 1960s, or the anti-Communist sf stories from the 1950s. Doesn't he know that there are fish in Lake Brie? know that there are fish in Lake Erie? It's quite a good, suspenseful story of a man whose memories are being stolen from him with the cooperation of his less-than-loyal wife, but I couldn't shake the feeling that Shirley got Caught in a time-warp in 1972 and still hadn't noticed.

Tom Purdom has a rather uncomfor-table solution for city crime in BYES (Anlg Jul)—reamers are installed to watch all the back alleys, and citizens can watch the monitors for entertain-ment. A little boy isn't sure what's real and what isn't, but even though he manages to save a life, the author is uneasy about all that watching.

STRIME.

Ugly futures are often introduced as actife-exaggeration of faults in acceptance of the strict of the str Spinsed is never one to ext on the side of the noodle-rite definitely, a bludge of the noodle-rite definitely, a bludge of the noodle-rite definitely, a bludge of the noodle-rite definitely and the noodle-rite definit

Ian Watson errs, alas, on the side of noodledom in the clever but ultimate-ly ineffective satire SKIN DAY, AND AF-TER (F&SF Jul). The premise is attractive: in a world crowded with causes tive: in a world crowded with causes and special interests, everybody gets to sign up for a limited number of causes and they're given only one day a year to be obnoxious and offend everybody else. Then they have to shut up about it. Lisa Tuttle's FLYING TO BYLANTIUM (TZ LIBH TUTLIE'S FLYING TO BYEARTION (TZ Jun) is the most deft of the satires. That's why, I suppose, it offended me most of all--because it was so well done. Her protagonist is a one-time most of all--because it was so Well done. Her protagonist is a one-time nerd who finally escaped nerd-dom and became a famous fantasy writer; but, trapped among fans as a guest of honor at a convention, she is relentlessly driven back to nerdhood and can't es-



cape. (And someday she'll have to ex-plain how a large mountain can be in the middle of a small town.)

The August Analog had two good stories set in much brighter futures, Not perfect ones—st writers have a way of wiping out large sections of the world as background—but futures in which mankind survives present perils and makes the best of things. TRADER'S SECRET, by Charles Sheffield, is a plausible tale in which a man and a plausible tale in which a man and a woman from different and sometimes competing societies are able to overcome their rivally to promote the good of humankind. It sounds pretentious, but tale, Likewise a mystery is Barry Turtledowe's (Eric G. Iverson') LES MORTES DYAKTEUR, which and which an unknown assassin has murdered several contestants in the low-gravity olympic events. Maybe has murdered several contestants in the low-gravity Olympic events. Maybe sports fans would not find the long ex-position of the off-Earth games as tedi-ous as I did, but as is usual in myster-ies, once people start dying, the story picks up.

DEMTH IS THE ONE STIRE THING

Most of us take the future quite personally—I'm not half so interested in the settlement of other planets as I am in my net worth in 1990. And no question of our personal future intrigues us as much as death. Oliver Lowenbruck's LOWESDUME CONTOTE BLUES (TZ Lowenbruck's LONESONE CONTOTE BLUES (TZ. Feb) is a wisful story in which people who are about both die get to hear the written by the legends of rock 'm' roll since they died. Roger F. Dunkley's TMISTED SHADOW (TZ Feb), a reprint from an English publication, brings together visions from an ancient and a future visions from an ancient and a future disaster, both of them hamting—and perhaps causing—the nuclear accident that destroys the little English garden. The best of the warning-of-death stories is the genuinely thrilling, in the old-fashioned sense of the word, THEOLOGY SAFETT HET (TZ Junh, by Charles Batter, in which a psychic who is generally reliable keeps trying to get a fix on a rather vague warning.

rather wage warming.

I'de probably just our grapes,
but we do enjoy stories in which like
the do enjoy stories in which like
High bear of the death. Larry Brown's
Higherman (TX Feb) gives us a san who
High bear of the content of the content of the
High bear of the content of the content
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like siter death. In unersoon content
and the content of the content
ted to heaven, so that the position to
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A more pleasant view of life after death comes in Tina Rath's THE LADY WHO PODE THE CENTRAL LINE (Amg. Jun) whose RDDS THE CENTAL LINE (Mar Jun) whose protagnist discovers how the next life is handled when she keeps noticing dead Russians on the subway. And in LAUGES TREILISI ROMANCE! (72 Feb), Ron Wolfemakes the pleasant suspection that life is a carnival ride, and sometimes the machinery breaks down. But never mind; if you didn't get your money's worth the first time, you can go around again.

AT TIME

Perhaps the most croman vision of the Perhaps the most croman vision of the most control of the perhaps the perhap rootuces the bittersweet feeling Foster was trying for. Foster is a talented writer, but his characters never seem able to hold onto more than one desire at a time; I wish he would try some of the misdirection and complexity that makes characters interesting.

In PERGUSSEN'S WRAITH (F&SF Aug). Mike Conner gives us a good little singular for system of the singular formation of the singular that happens to notice the strange pat-terns of lights. Once there, though, he becomes fascinated and then transformed by the lights. I only wish that Onopa had not trivialized the transformation at the end by having it give the guy more of a knack at picking up girls.

more of a knack at picking up gitle. What if the aliens come with irresistable power? Reginals Bretney arrogant, even though that offensive waspons are nothing such. But when waspons are nothing such. But when the property was all about in THE PROPERTY WAS ALL AS A WAS A WAS

The best of the stories about aliens this quarter is Karen Joy Fowler's THE FOPLAR STREET TOTUS (78-5) Jun). The aliens are studying markind, but they must maintain a control group that continues to live in a 'natural' habitat. The people are frightened, disoriented, but they fund ways to surrive in this hauntingly beautiful.

MACTO

meter are boly places, places of what magic and power, regardless of what priests try to explain what the power secondless with the power secondless without the power secondless with the meaning of a natural lasylinth of stellae in the western lawylinth of stellae in the western successful, but with a lighter touch, its accountage of the power secondless with the power secondless with the power secondless with the second second the washington, CC, areas a long time—long enough to have been worshipped by the washington, CC, areas a long time—long enough to have been worshipped by the washington the washin There are holy places, places of than a passing acquaintance with George

Washington, And Gary Kilworth tells the washington. And Gary Kilworth tells the story of still another magic place in discovery of Narcissus's pool might have been more effective if the archaeologist somehow deserved to fall victim to its somenow deserved to rail victim to i

spell of permanent self-contemplation.

The assassin heroine of Rachel
Pollack's THE RED GUILD (SwSs 2) finds
that magical power is within her: she
is an assassin because murder brings her
the greatest pleasure in her life, far
greater than love. She cannot help but greater than love. She cannot help but kill; all she can choose is the target in this powerful; bitter story, Much and the continue of the continue of the continuing characters FrontIlower and from are forced to choose between two pleasant, the other of which will be contained the continue of the continue descrop thes, (And the anthology that the contains the predictable bunch of surprising number of excellent stories. It's worth a look.)

-

HARM there are who try to be furny, and few who succeed, so here's a tound of appliance to the new here's a tound of appliance to the new here's a tound of appliance to the new form the success of the

R.A. Lafferty is even better than usual in MAGMINE SECTION (AMZ Jul), the tale of a writer of those incredible Sunday supplement stories—but a writer with impecable standards, who will only write those incredible stories if they are true

are true.

And here's a really off-the-wall recommendation. In the July issue of Computer Entertainment magazine there appears the story FUN CITY, written in game. It's only a fin the sense that there ain't no computer game that good but the story is delightful from beginning to end. The author is listed as Randi Racker. Certain that such a name Randi Hacker. Certain that such a name in a computer magazine had to be a pseu-chorym. I tolephore, and was assumed by their family name iong before the fun give at MIT gave it a different meaning. See a wonderfully talented writer, and she had been as the see a computer their family man and their family man with the see a computer text adventure. So I shall tip off her loke as soon as I think of a story good loke as soon as I think of a story good loke as soon as I think of a story good.

NOT THEIR BEST WORK

Generally if I don't like a story, I don't review it. But in the case of writers whose work is usually wonderful, I make a gleeful, bloodthirsty excep-Ed Bryant's THE MAN WHO ALWAYS

NAMESO TO THANKES. (Oant Jun) is the story of a failing physics teacher who gets turned down for a trip on the shuttles that the same thankes to the shuttles of the same thankes to the shuttles that the same to communicate with him. Then his lawest torither himself that fine-thankes the same thankes the same thankes to the same thankes the same thankes to farmany places, plus down of the same triples to farmany places, plus down a wander like and turbule which is the same thankes the same thank WANTED TO TRAVEL (Omni Jun) is the story

this case, I suspect he just didn't make

it absurd or intense enough.

Tamith Lee's AFTER THE GUILLOTTNE
(Ams Jan) begins brilliantly, with an
explicit account of exactly what the
guillotine feels like to three of its
virtue of the french seventure.

It the provide the french seventure is
enting to the french seventure in the
entropic afterlife. It may be Lee's
point that the afterlife is dull, but
there must be a way to write about it
without making us want to watch another millotining

Perhaps it's premature to give Lucius Shepard his debut here while he's Perhaps it's premature to give beclus Shepard his obbut here while he's could be seen and the seen as the see

what I recommend the rest of us do, too.
The story which earns the Stinker
Award for this issue—and perhaps for
this year—is actually very well
written, very powerful, just what we've
Y DANLING HOMENTERS, in her collection
Firewatch, is a tale of the abuse and
molestation of little girls, and it has
exactly the excruciating emotional effect that Willis interded.



It also succeeds in being the most It also succeeds in being the most offensive piece of sexist trash I've read in a long time, and it is ten times more culpable than the ignorant sexism of thousands of stories in decades past, because a major point of the story is outtack sexism. This writer is supposed to be aware.

You see, all the male characters in ALL MY DARLING DANGMIRES are depicted, not merely as exploiters of women, but as willing molesters of children. Swery male character who is given the opportunity is depicted as preferring sexual intercourse with small beliess sexual intercourse with small melpless creatures that cry out in agony during the act. Not just the major characters, but the minor characters and the back-ground characters as well. And only females are victims—none of the molest-ed children or animals are male.

If Willis had written a story in which every black male had a secret desire to rape white women, and only while

women, and did it every chance he had, there isn't an editor in New York who would not have advised her strongly not to include such racism in her story col-

If Millis had written a story in which there were many lewe, and every Jew was shown as a list and a thief who would betray any goy, but onaly goyim in order to cheat them out of a few permise, there isn't an editor in New York who would not have urged her to curb her anti-semitism before publication.

So why did Millis and her editor it this story appear this way? I prefer to believe that Willis, who has always seemed to me to be a very nice way seemed to nee to be a very nice start, bow offensive, how victous her start, bow offensive, how victous her start, but offensive, how the start of the start of

sex partners whimper in pain.

And I hope that before the paperback edition comes out, Willies will revise the story so that it has the effect
vise the story so that it has the effect
that all males are child molesters, but
that child molesters are monstrous.
That story would be one of her best,
instead of her very worst.

MINISTRE STAN

The figure made one remains of the control of the c

MAY SCHOOLS OF MUSES

NAT SCHEMOLOGY SHEES

In respect to my remarks about ST in respect to my remarks about ST in respectively. The state of th

ful in shedding light on Scientology.

He has published a presonalise,
APPLE OF DISCORD \$1, which deals with
why he believes people get into Scienton, and the scientific scie

WORLDOON WRITTERS' WORKSHOP

Those of you going to ConFederation, the Atlanta WorldCon, may be interested to know that I'm working with John Ressel and several others to put on what we hope will be a first-rate writeers workshop during the convention for a limited number of well-screened particireally exciting programming for beginning and would-be writers who are not actually in the workshop itself.

Nothing is final yet, except that we're doing something, but I expect that we're doing something, but I expect that applicants will be chosen from terrages story fragments; there will be some fee above the price of Morldoom membership to cover advance xeroxing and mailing of stories; there will be at least two professional writers at every workshop session; and the workshop will run every



** HAVE TO BOTIZED WINDSHAM'S WORT **

Wayne Wighteam's first stories appeared in the Elino Mevor Baseling and Pantaction back in '79, '80, and '81, but circulation was so small that it was the eard equivalent of disappearing. Oradually, though, with recent appearance in PASY and though, with recent appearance in PASY and Wayne Wighteam is one of the most dependably excellent withers working to the most dependably excellent withers working to the continuous and the second or with the continuous continuous and the second or with the continuous continuous and the second or with the continuous conti

social ment writers working today, our is have included GMRGHLOW (FAST mg. St.) TRESON OF DESIRES (FAST May, reviewed last time) and DES TREAD OF THE HEART, IN THE WORLD OF THE DELTH (Av's lug). He is the kind of writer tion, and inportant ideas, he is both literate and readshie; I expect him to be one of the moot important and and and the social ment he moot important ideas.

Mightman has weight English at a junior college. In Modeano, California, for fifteen years. I understand he has written a noval; also, once of this best works (GMS-GLIGE and TESSOR) are obviously part of a continuous story that will make an excellent book. The magazine editors already know shout this; if I were a nows-grubbing book editor, I would want to get Wightman on my list now, while he's still hamble and cheap

morning of the con from 9 a.m. (informal breakfast; 10 a.m. workshop session) to noon, followed immediately by an hour or two of workshop programming open to the public.

If you have any suggestions about how you think such a workshop should go, or programming about writing that you'd like to see, I'd be glad to read them.

SP BULLETIN BOARD

or 240c those of you with 300, 1200, or 240c those of you with 300 120 the fir you will so the first Carolina at (9,9) 922-3308. The long-distance charges are yours, but there is distance charges are yours, but there is the first time you call, all you'll be allowed to do is register (keeps out the vandals); within twenty-four hours, though, you'll have full access.

Tive found that the conversation on the bbs is a good deal more intelligent than what I've seen on sont others, and a fair number of professional writering the seen of the seen of the Nebula Awards Report on the board, for those who follow such thincs.

so much time on his own psychological problems that the Heechee take a back seat much of the time. He's also a particularly irritating and generally unlikable type, so it's hard to ever symmathize with his problems.

to be fair, GATDBAY did win both the tugo and the Nebula when it sas first published, but my own recommendation owned to the tube for tube for the tube for tube for the tube for tu

MILENNIUM By John Varley Berkley, \$2.95

Regardless of the awards Varley has getter for his other books, MILLENNIUM is still my favorite, simply because it is so much fun to read. If you are ITCTION REJUNE 1480 of the original INCENTERITION FULL MY 1480 of the original INCENTERITI

STAR HEALER by James White Ballantine/Del Rev. \$2.75

For many readers, "a new Sector Genlike me, you liked the earlier ones, you'll like this one. However, for those who have yet to read one of Mhite's far-future, interstellar medical adventures, a few more words may be necessary.

The central character is an item and corn mane Control and corn and corn

As in previous books, Mhite's style is relatively plain, with none of the flourishes of a Zelamy, for instance. Also, since the novel is a bit episodic, there is no real sense of urgency to maintime of the standard of fascinating aliens and their bitarre problems, however, are more than enough to keep you interested, even if you don't feel compelled to finish the book in one sitting.



PKDS NEWSLETTER #6, April, 1985, \$6, Yr. Box 611, Glen Ellen, CA 95442.

This issue of the Philip K. Dick News-

letter has some choice items in it: the revelatory letter from Ted White concernine WE CAN BIHLD YOU; the chilling, revealing items about Phil from two women who had been close to him Grania Davis and Tessa B Dick

Was he a disturbed, tormented genius? Or was he a crazy who could write, and who became worse as time went by? The major item in this issue is the

second part of an interview with Phil by D. Scott Apel and Kevin Briggs from June/July, 197

THE INN OF THE HAIRY TOAD By Mike Resnick, \$3,75

Published by John W. Guidry, One Finch St., New Orleans, LA 70124 .

Ah, ha! A very funny sword and sorcery story by a very clever, funny writer. The hero is Cretin the Beggar, and he is beset and threatened by a Diinn of the Fourth Order name of Kakkab Komir Khastu

also self-named Steeliaw. There are deals to be made. Tasks to be performed, freedoms to be earned...a wizard to be killed. It's all hilarious.

I honestly never thought I'd like any kind of S&S, but Resnick is a master of the craft...of humor.

This is a very small press, limited edition: 199 copies printed, with only about 100 copies still available.

RANDOM WRITINGS By Jim Stumm, Box 29, Hiler Branch, Buffalo, NY 14223. \$1.00 cash [or \$2. by check]. This is #1, and coincidentally is is-

sued whenever 5 pages are completed [similar phrasing to my THE NAKED ID, which is published whenever eight pages are completed]. Jim discusses the concept of inalienable human rights (do they really exist?). but the major item of interest is a very perceptive listing/comparison of two types of libertarian by 22 attributes, from class origin to lifestyles, attitudes, and morals. A devastating contrast.

For instance, Type 1 libertarian is es-sentially a false libertarian, as shown by his position on laws:

laws while waiting and working for their repeal. Or may violate a bad law openly, seeking maximum publicity, to bring to court a test case, or to make a political or moral statement

Type 2 libertarian has this attitude on laws: 'Donnices laws and lawmakers | Innores

their edicts and does what he pleases. but quietly, on the sly,

To me, what Jim is describing in his Type 1 listings are phoney libertarians who are really *shudder* liberals. They are double-thinkers like the young women who join protests against capital punishment while simultaneously maintaining the right to legalized abortion. Human life is sacred except when it is inconveniently in their wombs.

If future issues of RANDOM WRITINGS are as interesting and provocative as this one. Jim has a superior personalzine here. I wish he'd use both sides of the paper, though, and thereby double the wordage.

EU F 770

Edited and published and largely writ by Mike Glyer, trufan. Five for \$4. 24 pgs. 5828 Woodman Av., #2, Van Nuys, CA 91401. Fandom's news and reviews zine. ably

done, fairly done, mimeographically done. [With a little humor and satire on the

THE METAPHYSICAL REVIEW #3

Edited, published, printed by Bruce Gil-lespie, GPO Box 5195AA, Melbourne, Victor-ia 3001, Australia.

Available for letters, fanzines, articles, reviews, phone calls... and money donations and advertising. [That's a metaphysical approach to subscriptions, I suspect, or something due to Australia's tax laws or postage laws, or.

This zine used to be SF COMMENTARY. but Bruce is having trouble getting a wider variety of material from sfy contributors, so SFC may come back.

friends. Interesting letter from Joseph Nich-

Whatever, he's still talking to his

'As a good citizen, obeys even bad

olas who in a naked idish way says: and thus no longer care to read detailed criticism of it. This must be a pretty awful admission, coming from someone who edits a reviews magazine for the BSFA. hist the dreadful truth is that I just don't bloody care any more. Once upon a time of mattered a great deal to me, and the desire to write lengthy and intellipent criticisms of it arose from that fact: but after two or three years of this I began to realise that I was essentially wasting my time. A very small proportion of ((sf)) is very, very good, but the rest of it is absolute rubbish: and no matter how much you caigle the authors and rail at the readers that's he way it always will be. To pretend otherwise is to waste your time: better to get on with the things that really matter. on which you can actually have some effect. Never mind the Utopian ideal of reforming an entire literature, just get on with remaking the bits you can!"

Ah, soured idealism, soured ego soured ambition. I understand Nick's disappointment, but I don't labor under the same illusions or delusions; I never felt I could change sf, don't really want to. SFR has continued because it was in the fun/entertainment business mostly. with a few idealistic jabs here and there, a few more realistic recognitions of the true nature of writers and readers and editors and publishers. It all comes down to the old, old realization that 100



RICHARD E. GEIS

years from now nobody will give a fart whether I or SYR lived. So the only real reason worth a shir for daing this thing is for the tim, because it pleases me, and because it provides an outlet for a peculiar talent I seem to have, which makes my life more livable. Then, too, good writing should be noted, and bad writing should be cither ignored or killed in public. There's pleasure in doing that,

Christ, I'm putting forth arguments for continuing SFR after #62! Ass!

A MEASURE OF CALM By Andrew Joron & Robert Frazier The Ocean View Press, P.O. Box 4148, Mountain View. CA 94040.

Mountain View, CA 94040.
This is a quality half-size booklet containing a poem, "A Measure of Calm."
Its over is \$3.00

It is a despairing cry from a future of cold electronics, warm robots and hot angst. It is poetry by its structure and its often impenetrable metaphor. The occasional rhyme is accidental, coincidental and inconsequential

Why do they send me these things? I am prejudiced against modern poetry; my loves are Robert Service, "The Charge of the Light Brigade," and "The Rime of the Ancient Mariner."

Ah, they don't write real poetry like they used to; they haven't the skills, the discipline, the talent, or the desire to be read by others than their miniscule coterie of self-indulgent fellow pretentions "artistes"



Interview With STEPHEN KING



SFR: Considering your achievements with the full-length novel, why do you continue to write short stories?

KING: Maybe it's surprising, but, I tell you, it's a great exercise. THE TALIS-MAN was about 900 pages long, and my current project is over a thousand. The shorter form reminds me of the virtues of brevity.

SFR: Do you read much short fiction? Do you feel that any particular writers embody those virtues?

KING: As a matter of fact, I read a lot of short story collections. Joyce Carol Oates, Raymond Carver. I'm especially fond of Bay Bradbury for his ability to create, with such economy illusions that seem so real, it's a little tougher to read short stories, I think, because we have become such a novel-reading culture. SPR. Well, if short stories are tougher

SFR: Well, if short stories are tougher to read than novels, which is tougher to write?

King. It changes as a writer ages. The short story is an easier thing to do when you're younger and you haven't mastered the novel yet. In many respects, novelists are like distance runners; pacing is acquired with age and experience. Correspondingly, the short story is a sprint, and many times old marathoners have to releasm it.

SFR: You seem pretty adept at both. When you get an idea, do you have problems deciding if it will be a short story or a longer work?

ry or a longer work?

KING: Oh, no, I know immediately which
it will be on the basis of the idea.

SFR: Any examples come to mind?

KING: Sure. There's a story in SKELETON CREW about a little boy who has to go
to the bathroom, and discovers that

there's a tiger in the bathroom. The situation is fun and entertaining, but only for maybe $15\ \mathrm{minutes}$.

SFR: Tell me about SKELETON CREW.

KING: This collection represents my work from high school through last November. They're stories of unease and stories of the supermatural.

SFR; Which isn't surprising, coming from you. Is there any specific unifying theme?

KiMG: I guess they're stories in my style. Several of them are all-out gross-outs. The story equivalent of kids sitting at the supper table, and one of them hanging his mouth open with a bunch of food in it and saying, "Bobby, look! Gasaashbhh!" You know, the story that leaves you feeling a bit sick.

SFR: You have this great reputation for being superstitious and afraid of the dark. Any truth to it?

KING, I don't really believe in supersitions, but then I believe it's best not to take chances. If there's a laddor on the sidewalk, It is walk around it lock, but why walk under when you can walk around' And I am terrified of the dark. I sleep with the lights on and ye few under the covers so the monaters come from training your imagination too much.

SFR: What's in the works?

K[MG: I've always wanted to do a story about a killer toilet, but I don't think anybody would publish it. I think it could be pretty good, if I could find a way to do it. After all, you're so wulnerable when ... oh, never mind. STR. Thank you. Mr. Kine.



LETTER FROM A. J. BUDRYS 824 Seward St., Evanston, IL 60202 May 2, 1985

'Please don't fold SCIENCE FICTION

'On another important topic; on behalf of us who worked on the Writers of the Puture anthology, 1'd like to thank from Scott fand for his detailed endersement of this project's result and of the state of the state

'I have begun to be troubled, however, by the appearance of a proposition that saying good things about the writers and their stories, and about Hubbard's specific contest project, then confers a license to go to extremes in characterizing Hubbard. I think it's possible to dislike someone -- even someone one does not know and has never met -- and yet come a little short of calling him a liar, a cynic, and only one remove from a murderer, a child molester, a rapist and a torturer. That is a pretty hefty bill of (non)particulars, and apart from being a peculiar echo of what was being said about Joseph Smith not all that many generations brushing the writers while with all good will attempting to say nice things to them

'No one in SF who ever met habbard has ever characterized him as a shrink-ing violet. Bestraint is not his style for one specified reason or mother. (S one did, or at least were favorably impressed; Heinlein reportedly declared his back in a dark alley.) Being self-assertive and/or being united by many people except Robert A. Heinlein is never the second of the se

'Conversely, many of us -- myself among them -- have very little use for any form of organized religion, considering that the age-old track record speaks amply for itself in every language ever graven. But personal religious belief is an ineradicable human propensity. It persists under the most unlikely circumstances, and is, like it or not, among the dearly held things that must be defended if we are to defend humanity for what it is, rather than, paradoxically, for what some ethical system says it ought to be brought to be.

'In our community, Hubbard is widely reported to have once remarked that the way to get rich is to found your own religion. I imagine that, being an entrepreneur by nature, he did say it or have been an original thought in this culture, or in most others. But that as far as I know is the only "evidence" anyone can cite for a specific charee that Hubbard doesn't believe in the procedures that Scientology teaches, and I don't really see a sequitur there. If that's all the data Scott can cite to support his specifically calling Hubbard a liar on that point of belief, or if he doesn't rely even on that, then I think he has in effect declared a belief that being the founder of any religion creates a conclusive presumption of fraud ner se. That's delicate reasoning

The question of how to regard habbard is going to have to be thrashed out before the definitive history of tenetieth-century SF is writable. He looms among us and will not just go away; those who wish he would are expecting totally uncharacteristic behavior of him. If they wish him gone, they are going to have to provide a legitimate and effective push, if they can.

Having made the decision to re-enter the SF community, he leaves hisself open to legitimate resistance from other community methods of the secondary members who sincerely cannot the secondary members with the secondary members of the secondary members of the secondary members of the secondary members when the secondary members were well founded ... and if what he is demonstrably causing to happen well were not being mitigated by assertance in the secondary members when the secondary members were not being mitigated by assertance in the secondary members when the secondary members were sent the secondary members which we have sent the secondary members and the secondary members which we see that the secondary members were set that the secondary members which we see that the secondary members were set that the secondary members which we

((Most of the problem is Hubbard's inaccessibility. Given the lawsuits extant involving (or wishing to involve) him, I can understand his desire to remain incommunicado. I also admire his tremendous production of fiction and his desire to encourage young and new talent in science fiction. I will continue

to judge his writing as writing as best I can (which means finding the time to read his output). As a kind of maverick and non-conformist and libertarian, I can even admire his Diametics/Scientology efforts, even if I am as are you, an atheist and in some ways anti-wellogious 11.

LETTER FROM LEAH ZELDES SMITH 2007 W. Howard St. Evanston, IL 60202 May 20 1985

Recently, larrived in my new city with my new hauband and was greeted by an unpleasant surprise: A famine, containing malicious and insulting material about namy of my friends and acquaint-ances and some complete strangers; had been circulated in my name, marked with my return address. I was shown a copy, by friends; none was sent to me (although a few, sent to people at incorridation of the containing the c

'As it seess there are still a few people left who are still so idealistic about fandom that they believe the name in fanzine's colophon must be the author's, I am compelled to explicitly discissing responsibility for 'Mant Leah's Falls, New York. I did not write, edit, publish or distribute it, I had no knowledge of it until roughly a week later when friends asked me if I had lost my when friends asked me if I had lost my

"I an hurt and sademed. If it was the intention of the perpetrators to cause me pain and upset during what should have been a most happy time, to prevent me from enjoying the first weeks have succeeded. If this was common's idea of a joke, I confess I do not find frumy. Mile to purvey anonymously a pack of vicious lies and insults is a pack of vicious lies and insults is descipable.

The ridicule of myself I do not my mind, but the derision of others in my name fills me with outrage. Frankly, I believe the culprits are so foul that they will make themselves known to me, when next we meet, by the smell. To those who have also been maligned in this piece of ordure, I offer my profound regress and symmathy.

LETTER FROM PAT MATHEWS 1125 Tomasita NE, Albuquerque, NM 87112

1985
'DEAR MR. L. NEIL SMITH: (Letter SFR #55)

'Let me disagree with you about the reasons for the failure, if it is failure, of your Lando Calrissian books.

'When the first one came out, I rated to buy it. I had read THEIR MAJ-ESTY'S BUCKTEERS and found it funny and interesting; I had seen STAR WARS and Lando was one of my favorite characters. The nice, rather wooden youth I met in your book use nothing like the Lando of either the movie or the novelization I could nicture one of TV's cloned heroes playing the part, but not Rilly Dee williams who has been compared to the voume Clark Gable. (I don't know I don't remember Gable in his vouth But it's very plausible.)

'He lacked, for all your trying, the true heartfelt dash lando did in the true, neartiest cash Lando did in novelization stuck in my mind, in which lando is musing how nice it would be to go back as a general and rub the Empire's nose in his status. Not good Libertar-ian thoughts, alas, but pure Lando. Your wersion was far too straight-arrow for that

'Write a novel in which you can imagine a real rogue -- young Gable, for example -- in all his Not-Niceness, and I'll try another. In short, too much milk chocolate in your version of the the original. Sorry.'

LETTER FRUM BEV CLARK 10501 8th Avenue, NE, #119 Seattle, WA 98125 May 31, 1985

'It's discouraging to report, in response to I Neil Smith's comments about the fate of his Lando Calrissian books. that I too suspect the reason is that the protagonist was black. I say this as someone who is a Star Wars fan as well as an SF fan, and active in SW fandom. It's not just the Lando Calrissian books that didn't go over, it's the character himself, even among "active" SW fans. These are people who write erotic fantasies about Darth Vader, apologize at interminable lengths for anything Han Solo might conceivably have done that was the least bit questionable, and form distinct fandoms around every character with enough lines to be more than a spear carrier. Except Lando Calrissian: SW fans' reactions to him ranged from lukewarm to outright hate. No erotic fantasies, although he is (to my taste) far more appealing than Solo. No defenses of his actions even in the movies, let alone of hypothetical ones. No stories, no portraits, and so on.
The subject of racism was raised once delicately, in a SW letterzine, ignored, and quickly dropped. We like to think of ourselves as enlightened and liberal in our attitudes, media fans as well as SF fans, but sadly, Smith is right. We are not ready for a black protagonist.

((Ah. yes, unconscious racism. The editors and publishers know it exists and rarely publish of or fantasy novels with black protagonists. Yet, consciously, most sf and fantasy and Star Wars fans would loudly deny they are racist. Yet when entering into the world of identifying with the hero...they reject being a black. They "vote" with their basic instinctual racism. They don't feel comfortable "being" a black in reading a novel. (And does that explain why there are so few black of fans and readers?---They don't like being white, blonde, blue-eyed...)

((But is this kind of racism

had? Or is it simply a natural reaction? Should readers of fiction be made to feel quilty because of an unconscious, out-level resistance to being/identifying-with a black (or a really slimy alien with drinning gon and green tentacles)? I don't think so. Reader/hero linkages in fiction are often very intimate, private, sensitive. And the choice of which novel to buy and read is bedded in deen unconscious needs The reader's choice is still acutely private. This kind of unconscious racism is part of it I cannot condemn it or lament it. It is part of our make-up))



LETTER FROM ALLEN VARNEY 1817 E. Oltorf, #1006 Austin, TX 78741 1985

'Thanks for SCIENCE ELCTION REVIEW #54 (Spring, 1985), and for printing my comic book. Did you know it received three nominations for the Nebula award preliminary ballot? Of course, it did not make the finals, but I suppose that is only a failure of publicity...

'I write regarding the article in SCIENCE FICTION REVIEW awhile back about Richard Bachman, author of THE LONG WALK. ROADWORK, RAGE and THE RUNNING MAN. The new Bachman novel, THINNER, has just been published in hardcover by NAL. You'll recall that the SFR article discussed the possibility of Bachman being a pseudonym for Stephen King; as a King fan. I promptly searched out the Bachman books and came to the same conclusion. When I wrote to SFR to spread the new gospel, you said (rightly) that stylistic similarity was not enough to base my conclusion on, and that you'd gotten letters from people who had actually met Bachman.

'Enclosed is a clipping from the February 11, 1985, AUSTIN AMERICAN-STATESMAN: A news service story revealing that King really is Bachman, and quoting him to the effect that he used Bachman because there is "too much stuff" on the market under his own name. (An incredible reason; King was the bestselling author, bar none, at the bookstore where I used to work -- no matter how many books came out at any given time.)

'So the question arises: Who did those people meet when they claimed to have met Bachman? And who's the guy in the inside jacket photo in THINNER?

'In lieu of reviews of the books, I would like to pass along some brief comments on the Bachman material I've read: RAGE, the first written, is pretty primitive though well paced, a short novel of a high school kid who shoots his teacher and takes the class hostage -and then the class begins to come around to his way of thinking. It holds the interest.

> 'I'll echo the comments on THE LONG 34

WALK in the cowling CED outicle: it's masterfully told, beautifully paced and frightening. The ending is creepy. The allegory isn't carried off well. but it hardly matters

'ROADWORK takes the beginning of THE HITCH-HIKER'S CHIDE TO THE GALAXY and plays it straight: This poor sod's way for a highway bypass, so he buys a load of weapons and harricades himself in it The psychology is impossably good for King, as the guy (who manages a com-mercial laundry) watches the times nass him by and waxes nostalgic.

'THE RINNING MAN is the best of the four I've read (THINNER waits on my hedside table even now). It's the old Rob-ert Sheckley story of a deadly game show played straight. This poor sod has to get money to cure his infant doughter's sickness (no. really) and goes on the show of the title. If he can evade everybody in America for a month, he wins a million dollars. It's easy to forget the limp premise early on, as the pace accelerates until the entire novel becomes a relentless Hitchcockian chase night, because you won't nut it down until it's done. No one but King could hour smitten is

'So there you are. I told you so. Nyaah 1

LETTER FROM STEPHEN P. BROWN 1621 Wisconsin Avenue, NW Washington D.C. 20007 May 11, 1985

'By now you have probably heard the rumor that Stephen King wrote five novels under a pseudonym (Richard Bachman). Well, I was the guy that found that out (copyright research). I interviewed King, Kirby McCauley and Elaine Koster (King's long-time NAL editor) on the subject. My results appeared in the WASHINGTON POST. King told me repeatedly that my article was to be his only statement on the subject. I send it to you because of the nature of newspapers, the article has appeared only here in DC and in Minnesota. I am trying to peddle it to other papers right now (in-cluding the good ol' ORECONIAN). But the bulk of King's fams still don't know this.

- 'I am selling the article to Chuck Miller for a new Underwood-Miller book, UNDER COVER OF DARKNESS. It is, at the core. a pretty sad story. King is, as I state, a great pulp writer. It is his misfortune (millions in the bank notwithstanding) that he has become trapped into his mega-event publishing pattern. He writes twice as fast as he publishes.
- 'I must disagree slightly with John Shirley's letter. Perhaps it is true, that hardcore SF is the only true SF Perhaps it is true that the work of Le-Quin, Bishop, et al is "something else." But to me this just points out the idiocy of categories at all. Fiction is fiction, man, and who ultimately gives a shit whether or not a new novel fits into anyone's pigeonhole?
- 'Like most of your readership, I am somewhat disturbed at your coming hiatus. It would be tough to get along without a regular infusion of Geis (thus I enclose some cash for THE NAKED ID. includ-

ing back issues, please). But 1 am not going to limits that you reconsider. Good knows you've given more of yourself to the SF field than any ten writers, to the state of the

'It isn't SFR that created your fandon't isn't Elion Elliott, or 0.5. Card or D. Schweitzer, or the interviews or the letters (well, sometimes it's the letters), or any of that . It is Richard Ceis. And I look forward to

"P.S. A note about my new, more formal bytime. There are many Steve Browns at work today. Last year, I wrote 1,000 words of book review for the WASHINGTON POST. A week before they me, I picked up that paper and read a review of a TV movie about hookers, impleadly starring bebie Soure. The proposally starring bebie Soure. The paragraphs about the sins of the screen viter, one Steve Brown. He accused the gay of every known writing sin. So I called up the POST and had then change the bylime to what you see, Stephen P. Brown, and an forced to use it hence-

LETTER FROM ALEXANDER B NEDELJKOVICH Jankovic Stojana 35, 11090 Beograd Rakovica, Yugoslavia June 4, 1985

'I want to admit publicly that I did make a mistake and under-represent the extent of Philip K. Digk's praise for Jetter's book, DR. ADDER. Not by much, I think, but I did under-represent it. But my analysis was (I hope) in every other way accurate.

P.S. Mr. Geis, I will be sorry to permanently lose your excellent TM.-SFR, the amassed knowledge, good judgment, etc. and the serve you really grafating? Perhaps Silverberg's "30 million year rule" is getting to you -- the feeling matter in the slightest, eighty million years from now? We do not know shat things and forces are in what kind of balance, on what sorts of crossroads -- so, just perhaps, it might matter vast-years and are. For instance, years and are. For instance,

'If you really are folding THE ALIEN CRITIC -- SCIENCE FICTION REVIEW, shall I have to subscribe to some naive, goshwow, wide-eyed short-living fanzine, or read just this serious LOCUS and nothing else?' ((Hardly a day goes by that I don't conjure up scenarios, fromats, optomats, optomats,

((Daily, I swerve from wanting to continue SFR and to do it full-time along with THE NAKED ID. And not have to write novels for the extra \$\$ needed....to a wanting to be free of SFR and only do TNI as I

write best-selling novels.

If the life of the life of

((I'm thinking, I'm thinking! I'l'l let you all know. I'm gathering information. Right now I feel like Resting for a year. But..))



LETTER FROM ALAN DEAN FOSTER 4001 Pleasant Valley Drive Prescott, AZ 86301 May 6, 1985

"For his "wasteement" in re my humorus comment on the bloes being the Republican candidates for President and
Vice-President in 1988, Elton Elliott is
hereby sentenced to an evening of lishereby sentenced to an evening of listage of the publication of the sentence of the pinesple party,
but I thought the reference as I made
have included a reference as I made
the candidates of the pinesple party,
but I thought the reference as I made
comment with a bludgeon as it was.
C'mon, Elton. Speaking of grass-roots
politics, you ought to try taking them
seriously when you live in the same
seriously when you for the same
seriousl

not dead: It's just gone from semi-

"I will miss SCINGE FICTION EVIDE and heartily second Orson Card's comments. Why not try raising your price before you give it up? Or send out a questionnaire with the next issue or so research willing to pay for a quarterly fix? Remember, SFR will get you through times of no controvery better than controversy will get you through times of the controversy will get you through

CARD FROM ROBERT BLOCH 2111 Sunset Crest Dr. Los Angeles, CA 90046 May 12, 1985

'I flew over you two days ago while returning from France. Why the airline chooses a course which does a right-angle at Seattle and then comes down the coast via the Rockies seems incomprehensible, but I suppose foreign craft get diverted from more direct routes.

'All of which has nothing to do with STR #SS--except to let you know that although it took me two solid hours just to open the waiting mail. I served in on the waiting mail. I served in on no disappointed. For some time now I've found that your reviews are better than most of the books and filias they cover. My thanks to you, and a happy Mother's Day!'

((You remembered!))

LETTER FROM FORRY ACKERMAN 2495 Glendower Avenue Hollywood, CA 90027 June. 1985

'AN AMERIFAN TRACEDY

On the occasion of my 50th birthday, in front of a couple hundred banqueteers, the late Henry Eichner stood up and declared that upon his demise his (not inconsiderable) collection was to go to me. He also put it in writing, with witnessing signatures. But he died not too long afterward and left a widow within 3 weeks of being destitute. I didn't have the heart to cabe books off

For years jawe the late is fix Aivin Commendation of the remotion. For years jawe the late is fix Aivin Commendation the privilege of raiding may deplicate books be usured for his (famtastic) collection. The understanding was that if he died first, I would have first dibs from his library. He causes a few smath before causes a few smath before causes a few smath before pick out what I would eventually went. It was less than 100 books (out of well) to work the work of th

'Four days before he died. Walt Liebscher reiterated in front of two witnesses what a dozen meanle had beard him say repeatedly for years: that he want-4 days to empty it out of his apartment.)
But in the end, only a 25-year-old will could be formd. We had been friends since 1940 and it was my intention to incorporate his collection within my own (as I have done with Arthur Louis Toure) II's fabled Atlanteana) with a photo of Walt and a writeum about his accomplishments, as a memorial. Instead, the recinient auctioned it off to the highest hidder (a local dealer), having no interest but a monetary one in Walt's lifetime accumulation. I recently had the pleasure of sitting in my office and listening to a dealer from back East. using my phone, quote prices to a well-known LA SF pro (he despises the term sci-fi) as to what he should expect to have to pay for Walt's Finlay, Cartier and -- his pride and joy -- Powers' painting (\$2000, if I recall correctly). Gad. stroke-victim 66-year-old Liebscher could have used the money himself had be chosen to sell his collection rather than will it to Posterity via me. What a tragedy.

'I hope someone out there feels sorry for me, a triple loser. And especially

LETTER FROM TED WHITE 1014 N. Tuckahoe St. Falls Church, VA 20046 Feb. 15. 1985

'What sparked me to write this letter was Forry's. It's sad to see a man whom I admire, and whose achievements I've admired since I first became a fan thirty-four years ago, so proprietorially hung up on that ugly coinage, Fi." 1 wonder if Forry ever realized how the term read to non-SF people, what a term of derision it was and still is? You're quite right in your response: "Sci-Fi" was always used by the mundane press to put SF down, either covertly or overtly, and for obvious reasons: it contains an implicit sneer. Can Forry truly be ignorant of the way in which "Hi-Fi" lent itself to a variety of sneering adaptations by the press in the fifties? The other variations are long gone : "Sci-Fi" remains with us as a visible sign of the contempt in which SF was for so long held. Even today the literati of the mass media hold SF in disdain: We are still being laughed at, if less openly (money success breeds some respect, but not a lot; no one thinks STAR WARS ranks with CITIZEN KANE); SF is still regarded as a tossoff. (And, sadly, that's what it usually is, too ...)

'The only way I can figure it is that Forry was too close to the trees to see the forest (no pun intended there): a man who for much of his life wrote in neoligisms and simplified spellings (and thought of hisself as a punster although his purs lacked much wit simply saw his latest coinage as an inspired bit and never looked beyond that to notice either the effect it had within the field or outside. And when people tried to bring it to his attention that "Sci-Fi" had cheap comnotations, when people tried to tell him how it was being used, he betell him how it was being used, he be-

'I sympathize a lot more with his unhappiness with LASFS's 50th Anniversary Meeting. It's entirely too true that a lot on the state of the state of

"Hasmn nature being what it is, I'm sure there were always some fanns like this, but the proportion seems greater now. Perhaps it's due to the size of current-day fandom - especially club-cromation breakdoms. I twas a little strange to read the history of LASPS in the LACon II Program Book, with its odd presented by a photo, was not mentioned in the text, to give one notable example. I'm told he was in Fred Pattent's original strictle, but wes arbitrarily

"John Hertz is another jerk - 1 shared one program panel with him and called him to account when he delivered himself of an assingly arrogard and shared one program and the lower of the shared to the shared to the shared to the lower of the shared to the

'I doubt Patten was a fan before Laney died (1958), but he compared Laney unfavorably with that great bag of wind, Walter J. Daugherty, surely an egregious fanhistorical error.'

((You're going to have to learn to be more tolerant, Ted. WE know what SF means, but damm few others outside fandom know, so Sci-Fi does its job. A shame it is associated with schlock sf films, but maybe time will bring it respectibility. Is Sci-Fi any worse than Stf?))



LETTER FROM J.R. MADDEN POB #18610-A, University Station Baton Rouge, LA 70893 May 11. 1985

'In his letter of 30 January in SFR 1855, Darrell Schweitzer 'Sympathized with Forry Ackerman and Buzz Dixon in their complaints of how fandom has changed and how current fams have no sense of the FR 1850 to 1850 t

There are also those fans who do not even bother to read science fiction, they watch it on the movie screen or on the television tube. In one sense, I do not think we can exclude these 'media fans' from the ranks of total fandom because, to some small extent, they too incommon witheself or the fans have in common witheself or the fans have

'The "sense of wonder" is the common thread which binds fandoms however loosely. Of course, some have more of this "sense of wonder" than others and as a result, the level of fan activity can vary widely from individual to individual. Also, one should consider how much time these various levels of activity can require on the part of the participant. A fellow who pubs one issue of his twenty-five page zine a year as his total contribution to fanac may not work as hard as some convention chairmen. In regards to con chairs, they have to deal with mundanes more than do fan pubbers and that may result in more severe cases of burnout

"I do not think there are any less "fans" in fandom today than back in the thirties. And, by "fans," I mean those folks Barrell considers to be trudants: occupants, see . 1E. fantine fans. Their numbers are about the same as they have always been; they are just buried within a larger number of fringe fans: on fans, media fans, casul readers.

"Here in Baton Rouge, I started a club back in 1979. A nice hunch of people but who mostly fall into the casual reader category. We have attended a few conventions together including some fordcoms, we publish a small, benothen read a few of the fanzines we get in trade for the nesseletter. But, beyond myself and one other member who have asculally written locs to some of the zines and contributed articles, the rest of in fanzines. Is really not interested

"Personally, I stumbled into fandom in 1976 through the Norldon in Kanasa City (where everything is up to date) with the event calendar in ANALOG. Fanzines came along slowly later. Somehow, it discovered nore and sure about fandom in the case of the case of

'I don't know if it will make Darrell feel any better but I, a latecomer to fandom, have a copy of the Willis ish of WARHOON. I know who Mark Clifton is and David H. Keller, I've met John Brunner though I think his politics rather strange at times. And, I read the old and new Brian Aldiss. (Though at one club meeting, I talked about Brunner and Aldiss books and no one had ever heard of them.)

'And then there is Garth Spencer up in British Columbia who has begun his climb in the ranks of fanzine production. Marty Cantor did not get involved with fandom until 1975-6. Beck, even Mike Glyer ain't that ancient! There is hope for fanzine fans as there has always been. We will just have to adjust to the changing situation reparding fandom after all. We were just too nice shout it and it got out of control along the way.'

((I felt like a johnny come lately, too--in jeS or so. The Great Days of sf fandom seemed past. Yet there was Willis, Germenll, Mydall, Hoff-man, Sneary, Boggs, others, others, including Silverberg and Cllison... I can't remember them all. There was even Gels in that era. That was a 60 Iden Age. This period will will be a facility of the common control of the control of the common control of the control of the control of the common control of the co

LETTER FROM JOEL ROSENBERG 1477 Chapel St, #B-4 N. Haven, CT 06511 May 14, 1985

'Orson Scott Card: (P. 23) "Silly Seam" is a C.M. Kombluth story; it's not one of his better ones. Heinlein's term is "The Crazy Years." A silly season passes quickly, at the slow-news end of Summer, if I remember correctly; the Crazy Years don't.

"Speaking of Kombluth, I'm curious as to shy you haven't speculated that the lack of reprintings of "Neo Dooms" - both one hell of a good story and a powerful statement that dropping the boom on Hiroshina was the right ching to mobedly walld have any question about shown that the property of the reason that NM II happened was that Cemany surrendered too early in NM I, before there was enough destruction on the man soil; a version of Sceman's Narch would have been good of Sceman's Narch would have been good some sort of consoliracy.

"Two Domms" is at least as powerful as "The Mindown" which I've seen reprinted over and over, although no quite as powerful as "The Little Black to the property of the proper

'But that Truman was right to drop the bomb on Hiroshima is not exactly a popular opinion these days. Which ex-

'Then again, the simple explanation that "Two Dooms" is a novella, and that novella space in anthos is in short supnly might work, too.

'As to Kim Smith's feeling that "any wordprocessing system will be obsolete in a year, if it isn't already"... well, if by "obsolete" she means "not near as powerful as as what's available to anyone with a checkbook" then of course, she is right: progress marches on.

'On the other hand, I can't see that as an argument against buying a word processor or getting by with a toy system forever; I've got too much to write before the Last Trump. Computer prices will continue to drop by at least 10! per year. - but every year you what to some Age with your chies! and tablets or Saith-Corona and Liquid Paper or Correcting Selectic or whatever.

1 Ch., 22--

"Even if the new Ataris will be "outperforming the Apple Macintoh for 1/3 the maney," that doesn't impress me; when you add in the cost of the software owerpriced by a factor of about four. Stew Jobs' desire to save on chips by having the same one both crunch the manster for the same one both crunch the manter for the same one both crunch the manses fundamentally flawed, as was the was fundamentally flawed, as we saw the visit closed architecture (which means that you 'bugrade' by by ling a new systhat you 'bugrade' by by plug a new sysplugging in a new one).

'This may work out well for Apple, but not likely for Apple buyers. The Mac is the prettiest Etch-a-Sketch I've ever seen, though. Right now, the biggest bung for the buck is in CPM-80 systems.

My friend Darrell doesn't know when he's well off. Dasmit, the increase of the population of both 5F fandem and 5F readership is good for everyone involved. Namy people who love the field and who would have expressed that, in contract of an armone a writing index so the term of an armone a writing index so the both so the betterment of us all instead, to the betterment of us

'Darrell's nostalgia reminds me of Sholom Aleichem rhapsodizing about shtetl life.

'Elton Elliott ought to learn that it's lightning that causes the thunder, not the other way around.

'It's hard to break into TV and movies because producing either a television episode or a movie costs a lot of money, and producers don't like risking serious money on people of unknown and unproven ability.

'The reason that there are powerful and effective writers' union in Y is that there's a lot of serious mmey Closting around Y, and it pays their share. While - in theory - the deal in follymod is a closed shop arrangement, nobody has to hire a present mental of the Wide or ask myhody's permisered in the Wide or ask myhody's permisered into by adult parties on both sides - is, roughly, that producers are free

to buy from whoever they want, as long as whoever it is, if they're a newcomer, joins the Guild promptly.

Anyone can join the Guild; all you have to do is sell your first script. Expensive? Sure - but look at how much even a treatment pays. The word I've gotten is that if you go to hollywood with a trunk full of good professional spec scripts and the ability to write more, you're going to, albeit after much afform file wormers.

'This is doom?'

((Okay, I've been Thinking Seriously about buying a computer which

- a) be a great word processor
 b) allow me to keep small busi-
- ness records and such
 c) keep an updated mailing
 list or lists
- d) let me do layouts and headings and such for SFR, THE NAKED ID
- e) allow me to keep reams and reams of notes, stories, novels, etc. And especially (using a text scanner-are those good enough to "read" newspapers and book pages?) files of special interest categories of information.

And I'd need a printer to do all of the above. So I'm throwing myself onto the Readership for advice: WHICH ONE?)

IS PRINTING MY BAG?



LETTER FROM ELLEN DATLOW OMNI Fiction Editor OMNI Publications Internat:

OMNI Publications International Ltd. 1965 Broadway, New York, NY 10023-May 8, 1985 5965

"Orson Scott Card has the mistaken impression (SFR #55) that there is some kind of fiction committee at OMN through which I have to submit stories I went to the only one at OMN the only one at OMN the only one at OMN the only one to see it mistake from an assistant, unsuperson to see it mistake from an assistant, unsuperson to see it mistake from an assistant, unsuperson the only one to see it mistake from an assistant, unsuperson that it is not to see it mistake from an assistant, unsuperson that it is not be under the only one of the only one of the one

LETTER FROM BRUCE D. ARTHURS 3421 W. Poinsettia Phoenix, AZ 85029-3227 May S. 1985

'Onson Scott Card's 'On Sycamore Mill' was for the most part interesting, informative and assusing, but there was one passage that just gave me the heeble jeebles. That's the bit on page 9 where he's describing his disconfort with the other people in the Sycamore group, assys, in part, 'Chily when we get with says, in part, 'Chily when we get with it had been a group of ten Mormons, I wouldn't have had any problem.

"I'm aware that the Mormons tend to be insular, that Mormon families tend to have almost all, or more, of their time filled with clurch and church-related and church-sponsored and church-affiliated and church-approved activities, but are Mormons really so different (with the implication of "better") than a cross-section of Americans in general? Are they (or perhaps we) really so align?

'A round of spplause to Card, again, for the effort and work expended on the overview of gaspf 123 short stories in "You Got No Friends in This World." Un-about the control of the price of the property of the control of the control

"I thought at first that harrell Schweitzers" Creating Frivous Literary Theories" was going to be yet another of his boring attacks on the New Nave of the Schweitzers of the Schweitzer

"Enjoyed the interview with Vardeman even though I buy his books more from friendship than because they're such great literature. They're fastpaced adventures, frequently inventive, but his characters just don't come to

"Vardeman once coined a lovely phrase, during a conversation about creative writing classes: "It's not creative unless it sells." I later wrote that on the blackboard of a OK class I was in, just before the instructor came in. "Who wrote flux crap!" he sion that class had all semester, gession that class had all semester.

'(Anyone turned in a review of SNROW AND SORCEMES) I yet? I'm antious to see what outsiders think of the story I have in there. When I sent it only of this of the story I have in there. When I sent it only of this own of the story I was the story of the story I was the story of the story of

((As for me, I'm always astonished that my stuff reads so well in pub-

lished form. I think it's often sint in ms, and would like to redo most of it. But even in ms. there are sections, scenes, bits and npleces that I think are really it congratulate you in being able to see flaws in your work after it's anyone has reviewed SWAND AND SORC-RESS II, and I'm too tired now to bother to look.)

LETTER FROM ORSON SCOTT CARD 546 Lindley Rd Greensboro, NC 27410 May 22, 1985

'I was not surprised when you told me that 'Oh Syvanore Hill' had brought toom negative response from people whom you can engative response from people whom you feel uncomfortable among societies where you are a stranger. Mat they fail to recognize is that their negative response only reconfirms the ancient legend that when we Dormons sentitive response only reconfirms the cancel of the control of the stranger of the control of the contr

"I look forward to reading the criticisms of "On Sycumore Hill" and I reliable the hope that they might be truly vicious, unfair and abusive; such comments would only rebound to my credit in my own committy, where my relative success as a "bortkly" writer is viewed success as a "bortkly" writer is viewed neough I may even taste something of the rapture of the martyrs. Publish them all, Dick! — or at least the most thick-headed and bigored of them. We famatics only grow stronger under the



LETTER FROM KERRY E. DAVIS 250 NE Tomahawk Isl. Dr. Portland, OR 97217 May 5, 1985

"It all comes down to what people want to do. Truth has nothing to do with it, and never has. People use religion to make themselves feel good, and to justify persecuting, torturing and warring with others. Bertrand Russell said it best, particularly from several amples, in "An Outline of Intellectual Rubbish: A Hillerious Catalog of Organized and Individual Stupidity:"

'"Every advance in civilization has been denounced as unnatural while it was recent." "MA soon as we abandon our om mason, and are connect to rely upon authority, there is no end to our troubles, shoes authority? The Old Testamen? The New Testament? The Korant' in pracscred by the community in which they are born, and out of that book they choose the parts they like, ignoring the others... And so, even when we have a whatever suits our previousless truth

""Plato, in his REPUBLIC, laid it down that cheerful views of the next world must be enforced by the state, not because they were true, but to make soldiers more willing to die in battle."

"Many a man will have the courage to discussed to say, or even to think, that the cause for which he is asked to die is an unworth one. Obloqu'is, to nost ean, nore painful than death; that is why, in times of collective excitement, so few and venture to dissent from the prevailing opinion." ("Death" being a

""But probably 2,000 years hence may beliefs of the wise of our day will have come to seem equally foolish. Man is a credulous animal, and must believe something; in the absence of good grounds for belief, he will be satisfied with bad ones." (emb) in original.)

((Himmu. Let's see. I believe in orgasms, ice cream and self-knowl-edge. I believe in winning, feeling superior and "knowing the score."
I believe having the use of lots of money is good. I believe there is no Bod. I believe there is no Bod. I believe there is no Format (for me). And I believe in the self-edge of the self-edge

LETTER FROM IAN COVELL 2 Cosgrove Close, Berwick Hills Middlesbrough, Cleveland TS3 7B7 England

April 13, 1985 'I have read three L. Neil Smith books and ... well, basically, didn't react to them in a positive way (I keep being criticized for 'not liking' things so I'm rephrasing myself) ... If this interview proves anything, it proves that my brain neglects all but the most rabid political stances; I can abide the elle; Smith's work seemed to teeter on the edge of the right wing, but this in-terview proves I didn't take the note I should have. I like the way Neil Wilgus laced into him; I've grown a trifle tired of apathetic questions to even more apathetic responses; nice to see some-one stand up and say 'Now, watch it there, mister ... "when confronting an amazingly solid position. Like Wilgus, I'm puzzled by Smith's belief that violence is demigrated; if anything, the avenger-hero has become the norm again (don't you now have a prime time series based on DIRTY HARRY?) and in essence he never left (in my opinion); having had opportunity of recent to directly confront someone who is offended by the depiction of sex ("...it's embarrassing to

see them acting our something I think is a private pleasure ...") but excuses the really himilate or cause pain to neonle The new amounted to state definitely that people get off on violence, and are unset by sex because it arouses feelings they don't like showing (desire, tenderness vulnershility). to lace into Smith for what I feel are sentiments specifically designed to promote fear in others: maintaining social sachility (in his over?) by the threat of menrical for transgression "armed (and so) non-violent": I presume this means he carries a gun with him wherever he goes, because of course, you can't ston a fight in a bar by threatening to go outside for your gun. Of course, that a man nermanently carries a weapon does raise the question of when he re weals nossession to down down a nossibly violent situation. I think, looking at the first paras on p. 12, that Smith's books failed -- and I'm sure they did -because they don't have sustained onnosthe views; Smith is so sure which side the "right side" is that he never gave his "bad people" a justifiable stance: they are simply opposite to his heroes. All in all, an excellent interview that will probably make a cool relationship between the two speakers for a long long while.

(No, sex is a problem for people because it reminds them of their own inadequacies or unmet sexual needs, their own sexual hang-ups, guilts, sexual rage. Sex in-the-media constantly torments these types because it is a carrot they cannot have, because it arouses envy, lusts-they-dare-not-admit, and fears and shames they don't want to remember 1)

'Dean R. Lambe: While I do think Orwell is didactic, I'm also sure that his lesson in 1984 is correct: a government that keeps its people on a readiness-for-war footing (in this case by constantly emphasizing the dangers of the past; celebrating forty-year-old victories, hinting that our "opponents" today would do the same thing given a chance) can control behavior and social change to their own advantage (i.e. the status quo). Everything in recent court cases has emphasized the "need for national security," even in those instances when revealing military knowledge (say, about the General Belgrano) is consider ed still harmful, not because our (then) enemies don't know precisely what happened (it was their ship, being monitored by Russian satellites), but because revealing what really happened might be too much of a shock to the political system... So, we are constantly reminded of the threat of foreign invasion from our juvenile comic books through to remakes of remakes of war films...

Thersting to cappare Schweitzer's view of STARS IN M POLOZIF view years. I gave of STARS IN M POLOZIF view years. I gave of STARS IN M POLOZIF years of STARS when I stally failed be understand a single sentence in the Aftersord, and fared only marginally better with the so-called fiction. Wy problem with Delmmy has always been that I always thought his mention of homosexuality was the site-issue of alberal; it will be lived ... and not agreeing with that has meant I drew further and further away from emotional involvement while not being sure why! was doing so.

'Agree totally about the Snaw's FIRE PATTERN. I Teally on not know why he leaves the real story behind and launches into a redundant space opers... but turns out the book was being written while Snaw was revising GROMO ZERO MN into his new book. GDf failed -- I am while Snaw was revising GROMO ZERO MN into his new book. GDf failed -- I am told -- be cause its publishers knew it wasn't SF-y enough, and didn't push it is sell's (Sadly, GRITSVILLE DEPARTINE is enother odd mess, and sequel to a great book; a friend of mine, a Shaw fan Snaw book since about 1976; I soudho't like to argue the point.) Shame, because Shaw is one of the finest writers around, he Jist seems to have lost track of what nade the early books great:

The second DNACONDUCE for another magazine. It's sending is it says in the notes at the end), and it's "adult" to the extent that only adults will understand all the jokes and references; children will unity get some, one person what the book is, is a fairy tale for adults, a gentle rollicking tender expression of Carter's bnowledge about I illed it but I can see why you didn't. (MY objection to recent DMY books is hence page length, and hence price; all these mabunes? Under the immensely increased type size, and hence page length, and hence price; all the been about 20°P reducch.)

((I prefer large type, since my eyes are shifting from near-sightedness to far-sightedness, and I seem unable to get used to bifocals. And when my eyes are tired they lose a degree of focus. One hour my glasses are okay, the next they are too fuzzy...)

LETTER FROM LARRY NIVEN 3961 Vanalden Ave, Tarzana, CA 91356 June 2, 1985

'Your review of FOOTFALL was highly flattering, yet I suffer from the impulse to talk back. So:

'If you were the President of the U.S.A., and a giant alien spacecraft appeared in the sky, who would you call on for help? The Air Force would put you in touch with me or Joe Haldeman or

Dean Ing or David Brin, some of the SF writers who participated in a long-term planning session some weeks ago.

from the Citizens' Advisory Council for a National Space Policy for some years. That's my house, and Jerry to do the yelling, and 30 - 40 people involved somehow in the space industries. You

'Based on sales, anyone in the military -- particularly the Navy -- would send you to Robert Heinlein, or Jerry.

'Any reasonable avenue gets you the Dreamer Fithp. And who else do you ask about aliens? Politicians? The U.S.A. embassy in Moscow? We think the Threat Team is very reasonable. (And self-in-dulgent RINI)

Two may we coped with Footfall too casily. Remember: the foot was small ler than luxifer's Hamer. The fithp have to move it; they're storping territory they want for themselves; and they have the option of doing it again and sgall no low sit of the strength of the hard produced to the strength of the most strength of the strength of the African city. Why didn't we deal with these in the book' Because obliterated places contributed nothing to the thems stall are somes for HAMER.

'The survivalists: We wanted them, and they do contribute. Make your own list of what we'd lose, or have to shove in some other way.



LETTER FROM DARRELL SCHWEITZER 113 Deepdale Road Strafford, PA 19087 May 3, 1985

"Nowthen, you are quite correct when you say that SRN's typography stimulates me to write letters. There are, again, serious errors. "Oreating Frizolous position error, three lines from column too on page 27 having drifted into column too make the page 27 having drifted into column too on page 27 having drifted into column too on page 27 having drifted into column too on the page 27 having drifted into column at and jay me totic, but I would like it known that the last two sentences of pagragraph 3, column 2, page 27 should

"'They came to a patriotic, if Freudian end during World War I, when they tried to spirit away a top secret German cannon known as 'Big Bertha.' The German crew had left the safety off."

'The paragraph breaks off in mid-sentence as it now stands, the missing lines being at the end of the following paragraph.

'And, in the same affected paragraph (middle, column 2), I think it should read 'maybe a pneumatic drill' rather than many a pneumatic drill, which would be a bit much, even for a Victorian pettionat.

'Further, someone, either you or me, screwed up the correction line about the Saxon grandmother from the review of the Parke Godwin book. It should read (Let's get it right this time --): "Including, even especially, a cranky old Saxon grandmother."

'If anything of mine is ever reprinted from SCIDNCE FICTION BRIDEN (and actually something has been; the article on archaic language in femtasy is in my book EDUCRING FANTASY MORLES) it will need heavily copyedited. I don't know if it's just me, but sometimes my SFR exits seem to be sail in ender a curse.

'As for the Donning affair. I am no longer an insider, and so have little more information than most people do. I know, certainly, that Donning has con-tinued to publish books. A new ELFQUEST and a new MYTH book have appeared although the Asprin doesn't seem to be in stores. I have known neonle who've had to ask their friends to pick it up for them at conventions, since it can't be had anywhere else. However, the day has not yet come when Donning has had any thing like a coherent nublication schedule, and books have appeared in the right month. Rarely in the right year. This of course wreaks havoc with orders. When I had Donning books in print. I would often ask bookstore owners why they didn't stock Donning titles. (Inevitably, they didn't.) The answer usually was that it was too much of a fight to get them, and they could more easily sell something else. Sometimes I was told that the bookseller didn't really believe Donning was going to publish what they announced, since delays were the rule, not the exception. (In my own case. WE ARE ALL LEGENDS was about a year late THE SHATTERED CODDESS about 8 months late, and none of the other announced books were ever published.) done harm, this is a company which has had credibility problems for a long time.

"We own impression of them is that they are well-meaning incompetents, who couldn't screw writers even if they tried. They're not that well organized. Onciss and royalty statements were usually late. (In got the last half of the search of the statements where model, until the end, when the size of the print runs got mysteriously domesticated). All I could count no would be that if I was told anything would be done by a certain date, it almost certainly wouldn't. Domning has never operating the search of the mixtures inserflow as the rest of the mixtures.

'I used to order my books by the crate, charged against royalties, and then I sold them at conventions. This worked out to be a happy arrangement, sold them at the conventions of the conventions of the conventions of the convention of the convent

"When I was being mphlished by Domning, for all the aggravation, I always felt in good company. I even got remaindered in good company, along with Lafferty, Ray Nelson, Sprague de Camp and Marion Limmer Bradley. These books were all canned because the company is something any publisher has the option of doing. But don't you really wender about a publisher who publically admits being unable to make money with two Marion Zimmer Bradley fantasies, at the same time that THE MISTS OF AVALON Is on the TY TIMES bestseller list? There's something very wrong there, and I don't

"I do know that most of the Starrblazo/Domning SF titles have been reblazo/Domning SF titles have been reblazo/Domning SF titles have been rethem all listed in a remainder wholesale
catalogue at a buck a copy (with a minima order of \$100.00). In Sact, here
is the address, for the benefit of the
unthors, fan dealers, etc: Book Sales
Inc., 110 Enterprise Avenue, Secaucus
NY, 10704. It would be best to query
first, to make sure the books you want
the same the books you want
they went. The same the same the books you want
they went.

'Actually, I have no hard feelings toward Donning. I wish them well, but at the same time I think they have a great deal to learn about the basics of nublishing.

'By the way, I should mention that I am still peddling copies of both my Donning titles, WE ARE ALL LEGENUS and THE SHATTERED CODDESS. They are \$5.95 each, plus \$1.00 postage & handling. Some of the rare, unsigned copies are available...

'Some further thoughts on the subject of Whithering Fandom... It is
not the subnew of the subventions would have been considered fams
by the standards of fifteen years ago,
but to some extent this is servely because of the subcause of t

'But I have a better analogy. Old amount within a generation, unmourmed by thousands of convention attendes and hundred sof end its existence. Perhaps there will be no participatory famines left because there aren't any special people left to want them or have any use for want the or have any use for the characteristic and the second of the second of

'I wonder if the surviving Old Fans (that is, those who remember, or are still a part of traditional fandom: I suspect the youngest ones are around thirty) aren't like the early Christians who survived all the persecutions and were able to come out in the open, but found themselves secretly longing for the catacombs, because in the old days everyone was a strong, true believer, forged in the fires of the faith, devoting their lives entirely to the cause. But when the cult became legal, why, anybody could become a Christian. It was no longer The people in it were no longspecial. er special. Some of them didn't care a whole lot.

'So it is with fandom today. We've come out of the caracomes. Si's is no longer the special property of the fervent few. There is much to be lost. The sense of history seems to be going. Famzine fandom has declined to the status of a minor special-interest group, certainly smaller than game-playing famdom. But this is merely the logical outcome of decades of nissionary output on the part of SP people. So we've con-

will went everyone mee ST we hoping you will went everyone mee ST when but the draws right. The field would seem empty without it. I don't know that anyone else could really replace it. Certainly going which could take its place as gentled to the state of the state

((We apologize for the typing errors, the goofs, and etc. We'll do better.

((If my memory serves, there are as many fanzines being published now as in the '50s, and there are probably as many or more hardcore fanzine fans. The special people now are those who read, write and draw for and publish fanzines. As in the fifties, sf is the usually unmemtioned sun we orbit around. SFR is now the one great serconzine around in fandom. It might be called the pros' fanzine. I mostitue this inner core of Trufans will survive for as intending the provines survive, including 10/16K

JANRAE FRANK & HANK STINE

LETTER FROM JANRAE FRANK & HANK STINE 8033 Sunset Blvd., Los Angeles. CA 90046

June 5, 1985

'One of the things that perished when hay bio parent destroyed linds's and my stuff was our clippings file and copies of our published over. I sould really appreciate it if anyone out there who has copies of our fiction, articles, reviews we have written or have been written about our work, published letters and small mentions, or knows where to find them would get in touch with us.

Many of this has been in very obscure sources, including girly magazines. Although selve been trying of make a list, it is impossible to remember where and when each piece was published.—especially Hank's sork since he has 20 years of published work behind him. And many of the publications are no loneer extant."

((Interesting description--"bio-parent"---and no doubt a sad, desperate story behind it. I'm sure the SFR readership will help all they can.))

OTHER VOICES

NIGHT OF POWER By Spider Robinson Reen Books May 1985 \$13.05

REVIEWED BY STEPHEN P. RICHAN

Nost bad novels are either the borning excressores of a mone bad writer or the earnest efforts of a new and unstilled writer. Either way, they are sailed writer. Either way, they are capital. But when a new novel, published in hardcore by a major SF house and written by a writer who has been awarded a writer who has been a wall-loom and a writer who has been a wall-loom and infamous critic, and the book is as offerentee and verticed as is NIGOT DF TOWN.

The latest opus by perpetual gadily and unreconstructed hipple Spider Robinson is not only a bad book, it is a book so runningly arful that at is a morbid-ly fascinating read. For those (like myself) who have a taste for the Truly Terrible, there ham't been a new SF novel this deliciously bad since Tom Mornet-come's immortal SEED OF CHANCE. Robinson's book is much were son's book is much were en

Years of exposure to Robinson's men tells me that he is not really a bigot. nor does he harbor the active hatred toward women that this novel implies. Apparently, it is a combination of an incredible naivete with an overblown ego that led him to write this bit of filth for all the right reasons. There was probably a moment, a year or two ago. when Robinson sat himself down and decided to write a tough, uncompromising book about racial tension, urbane decay and female adolescence (particularly that biological rite of passage, the on-set of menstruation). With the fire of creativity in him. Robinson bravely decided to avoid shying from graphic scenes of sex and violence.

Those are all strong worthy themes. In the hands of a superior writer, an unsettling and powerful novel could result. But Spider Robinson has failed. miserably, embarrassingly, on all counts. RACIAL TENSION: The title refers to the central event in the novel -- the night in 1996 when all the blacks in New York rise as one, blow up the bridges and tunnels, and shut down the city. They impose a shoot-on-sight curfew on whites. Their demand: New York state and Pennsylvania to be set aside as a sovereign country for blacks, to be called Equity (they planned on dickering for New Jersev later). This version of "send them all back to Africa" is presented as a viable solution to racial strife. The person is, and how he thinks is responsible for an idea this preposterously stupid. That ignorance is also at work in the book's portrayal of its black characters. There is a Big Daddy stereo-type named Michael: spiritual and literal leader of the revolt, seven feet tall, bald, partial to floor-length red robes, and a hilarious penchant for the tall, bald between anything the brown in angulish whenever anything the beaution countries. The author the book's blacks are divided into what can only be termed "jive-ass n-----" and paragons of saintliness who speak exclusively. In Basic white English.

Nich the exception of the father, the daughter, and a few family members, all of the White characters are paychopaths. The father is a cupher member resument. He is a cipher named Russell whose function is to demonstrate White Guitt, which he does to such tiresome lengths that the reader waits in vain for the bullet with his cringing face nainted on it.

IRRAN DECAY: This novel is also a failure on the most hasic of SF grounds Although the calendar reads 1996, there is no sense of the future at all fact, there is little sense of the present. What we have here is an imaginary New York that feels like 1969 or 1970. Leaving aside the Night of Power itself. there are only slight cosmetic touches to indicate future. One such touch is the system by which the blacks involved in the uprising keep in contact. There are these video games, see, and they're really computer terminals. There are these keen red sunglasses, see, that en-able the wearer to view what is really going on on the screen between zamning aliens. There are hundreds of these machines, in every arcade in the city and no one knows about them except the blacks directly involved. So those neat sunglasses become like, this Heavy Symbol, and...oh, never mind!

I ran a line from the book (about happy blacks in Times Square 'shocking and jiving and breakdancing in the screets) pact a black friend. We decided that it has been at least forty years whatever that means. But first I had to convince my friend that the novel wasn't written by a probabiled Aryan Brotherhood fametic, but by an adult liberal which make the conditions of the convince of the convin

FBMLE ADDISCENCE: Jennifer, a threen-year-old Pepsacidly described as a "genius" (in truth, the vaciliares as a "genius" (in truth, the vaciliares as a "genius" (in truth, the vaciliares as a "genius" (in the person of the person of a rock concert (no other party was lime first opens at the climatic moment of a rock concert (no other party was limes). Jennifer's naturation process, as she turns from girl into we make the person of t

any woman to read this book without throwing it into the trash compactor and leaning on the lever hard enough to whiten the knuckles. This novel could radicalize Phyllis Schlafly.

As a crylist Pohinson keens the book zinning along in his breezy, wideeved fashion. But he has two serious problems. He cannot restrain himself from interjecting had nems into the narration at electing old purs into the haragain what dramatic tension he had managed to build was thus drained away. His second problem is Robert Heinlein. Robinson, the most infamous of apolo-gists for Heinlein's Seventies atrocitgists for neurroun a peyontres accounttattered dress of Heinlein's once-brilliant style that he has made it his own Many SE writers imitate Heinlein, only Robinson imitates Heinlein at his worst. Thus we have a grandfather speaking of his granddaughter as being "husband-hish" and the like.

But the climactic scene whom lonnifer solves her contrived problems and hecomes a woman complete is the worst This is the scene that propels this nov-el into the realms of the Great Rad Books. It is a scene that transcends suffil into a whole other category that hasn't to a whole other category that hasn't been named yet. Jennifer is captured by a couple of brutal (white, of course) New York cops, one of which takes her into a bedroom with Bad Intentions ("You don't understand: when I hurt you, that is when it's good for me."). What she does to this hanless sadist to free herself is so casually brutal, so graphic-ally, appallingly described, that it was actually painful to read. By then, comic though Robinson probably intended some of the scene to be, even this lover of Terrible Fiction no longer found anything at all funny in this man's renellant smede

Please, don't buy the dam thing. Check is not for your local library and see for yourself. NIGHT OF FOMER is already becoming a book where people at parties or conventions read passages aloud for the amasement of their friends. It is a novel destined to live in infamy and one that may well ruin Pobinson's credibility as a writer for all time.

MEDEA: HARLAN'S WORLD Edited by Harlan Ellison Bantam, 1985, 532 pp., \$10.95

REVIEWED BY ANDREW ANDREWS

Once upon a time there was a Fletcher Pratt collection titled THE PETRIFIED PLANET. It was the editor's intention to create, by commuttee, a planet, and write stories within the defined structure of the planet.

Yet in MEDEA, editor Harlan Ellison has done brilliance far in excess of the Pratt collection.

Ellison explains how MEDEA was born: "A dream come true. For ten years I've tried to sell the idea of this evening to



the committees that program science fiction conventions. To build a world, to build a series of interrelated stories around that world, to build a book contabling those stories, in front of a tabling those stories, in front of a to try and make an attempt at understanding what special creative linkages are formed in the very special minds of professional farrasists.

"For ten years I was told by convention committees that it was too difficult, too many problems, too logistically fallible: couldn't be done. But tonight we are doing it!..."

"Tonight:" Agril 15, 1985. The place: Department of Humanities and Commanications, Department of the Arts, ULA Extension. The participants: 80b-ert Silverberg, Frank Herbert, Thomas Disch, Theodore Sturgeoin and many mensional process of the property of the process of the pro

What have they done?

Imagine what it is like to bear a child. A beautiful child. The birthing crocess. Each of the control of the co

There are those that may revise this book, with stories by Jack will lissoon, larry Niven, Harlam Ellison, Frederik Pohl, Hal Clement, Thomas M. Jack will-Frank interfert, Pour Anderson, Later Willer, Frank interfert, Pour Anderson, Later will be the property as an intellectual exercise; a historical curiosity. And there are those who will see a strange major in what these forward-thinkers have wrought what these forward-thinkers have wrought the limits, and further.

SHADOWEYES By Kathryn Ptacek TOR, 1984, 314 pp., \$3.50

REVIEWED BY CHARLES DE LINT

Over the years, the culture and character of the Native People of America's Southwest have played a strong role in various genre books. Some of the best examples have shown up in the Navajo of Tony Hillerman's mysteries and Roger Zelazny's EYE OF CAT, the Hopi in Martin Cruz Smith's horror/thriller NICHTWING, and even the mythological background to Steve Engelhart's COYOTE series from Epic Comics. When such material is integral to the story, it enhances the book with underlying resonances at the same time as it allows the non-Indian reader a glimpse into cultures as exotic as anything a good SF writer could dream up with the added attraction of them being real.

In SHADOWEYES Kathryn Ptacek has chosen a disenchanted Chiricahua Apache as her principal protagomist. Unfortunately, the fact that Chato Del-Klinne is an Apache meither enhances nor detracts from the story. Mhere it could have added the aforementioned depth and resonance to the book's supernatural element and Del-Klinne's character, it serves no real purpose beyond the fact that he was conveniently tutored by a shaman until his seventeenthy year, thus allowing him to understand the menace and subsequently move against

That complaint aside, SHADOW-EYES is still a quickly-moving. well-paced borror novel The characters interact as real people. the manage is suitably borrific and Ptacek shows a real strength in her handling of the various scenes involving the shadow creatures. Had she only given us more background on the Apache culture and legends from which the menace springs this would have been an excellent book, standing well above the other offerings that have anneared so far this year. As it is. SHADOWEYES is still a very good hook -- not so much flawed. as falling short of great.

SCIENCE MADE STUPID Written & illustrated by Tom Weller Houghton Mifflin, 1985, 78 pp., \$6.95

REVIEWED BY DEAN R. LAMBE

Sure to become a classic with THROUGH THE ALIMBYTARY CANAL WITH GUN AND CAMERA and HOW TO BECOME EXTINCT, Weller's slick-magazine size gem will tickle the funnybone of anyone who knows that pi doesn't come with vanila ice cream.

From the opening table of geological ages, wherein we find that the "Listerine epoch" of the "Cretinous" contained "animals who don't understand about tar nits" to the "backispiece" where we discover that the work ' ... is set in 12point Monotone Bimbo, with chapter headings in Basketball Overextended." Weller sets science on its ear. Although a short book, the coverage is complete. from macro-cosmic to microscopic, with excellent illustrations drawn by a nonsober hand. Scientific puzzles are explained with a clarity unrivaled since Mr. MaGoo first changed a light bulb. Fundamental concepts leap from the page with the insight of Newton's fondness for cookies made of figs. With justification, the Appendix is uncertain about Heisenberg's Principle.

I WOULDN'T WANT TO MKE
THE BLACK HOLE TOSS AN
CLYMPIC EVENT.

DROP THE SUCKET
YOU'RE IN BA-A



High points include clear instructions on building your own backyard nuclear reactor and a gauge for detecting the probability of rainfall. The controversy between Special Creationists and Darwinists is laid to rest with only a little morkeying army

Pester your local bookstore to stock SCIENCE MADE STUPID. Warning: Keep out of reach of children's school principals. They are already especially stupid about science, and are unlikely to find anything furny in this book

THE ADVENTURES OF TERRA TARKINGTON By Sharon Webb Bantam, 1985, 204 pp., \$2,95

DEVIEWED BY BILL WINANG

This is a delightful romp through a galaxy strange and alluring as Terral Tarkington, interstellar nurse, travels to the farthest reaches of space to bring the best in medical care to all beings. In her travels she encounters many strange aliens, an interplanetary spy ring, stranger aliens, and the man of her dream.

The book is great fun shenever the story centers on Terra. No natter shat danger she encounters she finds a surprising solution that sawes the day the story center of the story that the same she was the same she shall be shaded for the same shall be shall

THE WORLD ENDS IN HICKORY HOLLOW By Ardath Mayhar Doubleday, 1985, 182 pm., \$11.95

REVIEWED BY STUART NAPIER

The question has been posed many times: What sould you do if you woke up one aorming and learned that the world-as-you-knew-it was over the to a nuclear war? Everyone's answer would be different but Newhar's tale of skat the Hardenan family -- recently moved back from the city to the east Texas scrubland-did proves once again our thending fascination with stories of human survival.

The author seems to be echoing what singer Hank Williams, Jr. said a few years ago that "a country boy will survive." Only the briefest of narrative will be the singer of the singer of

Perhaps too conveniently, the family is already somewhat prepared: wood stove, oil lamps, you name it, the whole back-to-the-earth catalog. And yet, as they soon learn, life will be permanently different.

The locale is strictly rural and not prone to suffer the problems of roving scavengers turned barbarian which usually is a stock clicke of most post-bomb novels. So the author felt he had to invent some human predators. In this case, the thegers, a notley crew of hook-river in a little shanty rom. Already warped from the constant inbreeding of the offspring of their profession, they are as unlikly a group of amtagonists as I have ever encountered. If they were really as ignorant as Mayhar depicts before the book much less after.

Despite these flaws -- serious feel for language and clearly understands and is sympathetic to the rural tradition of self-sufficiency. The best that deal with the interaction of the family members as they learn they must featly members as they learn they must let go of the past and live in the present. Not had advice.

As a text on what to do and how to plan for the unthinkable this book makes good reading. However, you still have to figure out for yourself how to avoid radiation -- and don't count on luck.

GHOSTS AND GOBLINS Selected & illus. by Tim Kirk Platt & Mumk, hardover, 1982, \$6.95

REVIEWED BY NEAL WILGUS

This is a very short review because the important thing can be quickly pointed out - 45 pages of lush Tim Kirk

ental

anitings in full color. It's beautiful!

Incidentally, there are eight accompanying stories and poems by the likes of Charles Codfrey Lead, Andrew Lang, Margaret Widdener and Joseph Lacobs, which Kirs elected to Illustrate. They are typical phost and goblin stories of the companying the companying the providers of the control of the companying the c

If you've only seen Tim Kirk in black-n-white (as I had), you're in for a wonderful treat if you can track this 10 X 12 collection down. I picked up GMOSTS AND GOBLINS (and KERMIT'S GADDEN GOBLINS) (as I picked you can be a seen as a see a seen as a see a seen as a

Limerick lovers alert -- the two "Limer-eeks" by Ann McGovern are well turned and Kirk does them full justice.

turned and Kirk does them full justice.
Great stuff.

THE TWILIGHT ZONE: THE ORIGINAL STORIES Ed. by Martin H. Greenberg, Richard Matheson and Charles G. Waugh. Avon, 1985, 550 pp., \$8.95

REVIEWED BY ANDREW ANDREWS

Leaving many of them to rust to antiquity, so many of the original "Noilight Zone" stories never made it to a short-story collection before, not to mention syndication. It is with delight that I got to re-experience such classics as Charles Beaumont's "The Howling Man" and Richard Matheosn's "Steel: "THE TWILIGHT ZONE: THE ORIGINAL STORIES make it happen. While many view the short anthology a dying wenture in publishing, you can only linger on a project such as this with joy: How can editors select from numerous classics and clinkers, and manage to put together stories that ring beautiful and true? Editors Greenberg, Watheson and Waugh should be commended for some firm afforts.

Carol Serling date this amthology for tribute to the fine writers whose inaginative ideas and talent made T2 a
reality." From the introduction, Etchard Matheson reminds all of us that
onthe rejumented TV series to popular
"are the stories. The STORIES... which
intrigue and excite and assue and territy and half a dozen other wonderful
was able to fulfill its promises.

For those of you who have forgotten, or for those fresh into this avenue, this 550-page anthology is worth your money.

FRANK FRAZETTA BOOK FIVE Edited by Betty Ballantine Bantam, 1985, 95 pp., \$12.95

REVIEWED BY JOHN DIPRETE

BOOK FIVE has recently appeared in Betty Ballantine's hugely successful (over two million copies in print) Frank Franctica art series



Despite the fact too many brief, free-style black-and-white sketches pad out the volume, there's still enough in sase the massive bright still enough in sase the massive bright of but for focus' lighting dramatizes the physical bandling of flesh-tones and yellow dark shading exudes an extraordinary, larger-than-life quality.

No ome cam outdo the Master when it comes to showing a barbarian's "mighty these." An average Frazetta-drawn wein bulges and crasts over arms and legs like a swollen, snake-vine. Indeed: if you were to scratch open the artery of a typical Frazetta hero, you'd probably let loose a mile-ligh geyer of:., yechn's acter fact, something like this seem. It is not something the company of the company

An overly-brief (especially in light of the artist's lucid self-expression) interview brings out an interesting fact: Much of Frezetta's distinguished later works -- while appearing to form a "progression" in style -- were actually just more carefully-rendered pieces, owing to the fact that he took more time on them. (Some of the stuff he really labored on stamds head-and-shoulders)

If you're a Frank Frazetta completist, then here's your latest edition. If you're never heard of Frazetta, then buy this book (or a few old copies of Creepy, Eeric, or the Howard titles) to see what the craze is about. Much of modern fantsay art owes its present embodiment to his now-famed masterpieces.

EASTMAN'S AND LAIRD'S TEENAGE MUTANT NINJA TURTLES, \$1.50 + postage, Mirage Studios, POB #1218, Sharon, CT 06069.

"...We made a wrong turn somewhere. Now we're caught, our backs to the wall in this trashstrewn alley. Barring the way out are fifteen members of the purple dragons, the toughest gang on the

""You're dead, freaks!! Nobody trespasses on purple dragon turf and gets away with it ... especially when they're wearing stupid

"He's wrong

'We're not wearing costumes."

And so it begins. TEENAGE MUTANT NINJA TURTLES is, simultameously, a cutting send-up of Marvel Comics in general -- particularly their preoccupation with three out of the four concepts in the title... and a bearfelt tribute

I don't know how they did it -- other than marvelously. The book should have been as preposterous as the title. It should have been ...

and yet ... the script, except for two or three slow noments, has punch and snap, remainiscent of the best hardboil-end Mervel characters -- Daredevil and Nolverine -- when scripted by someone who understands how to write volonice so who understands how to write volonice so ist. The articar's shows the influence of lack Kirby and Framk Miller (to whom but comic is dedicated), and perhaps more than a little to Vaughn some than a little to Vaughn shall be human characters occasionally lack conviction, the turtles are just

The plot, while typically Marvelesque, accepts and then plosses over the absulation of the plotses over the absulation of the plotses of the same garbage can of radioactive wastes that, as if fell from the truck, cost Matt Mardock/Dardedvil his sight and gave him his radar sense also slopped on four baby turtles and a rat named Splinter, giving them all extra size and intelligence...

Yeah; I know.

But it works, dammit. And yes, I know that you're probably not going to mail off your hard-earned to some POB in a dinky little town like Sharon, Commecticut for a comic book called TEDMAGE MUTANT NDNA TURTLES.

But let me tell you something: Someday, somehow you're going to bump into a copy of this comic, and you're going to start to glance at it, and then your jaw is going to drop, and you're going to fight an internal way between savoring each page closely and remidfire turning

... and you're going to be bloody sorry you waited so damn long. You're not going to be able to resist four teenage mutant ninja turtles named Leonardo, Donatello, Michaelangelo and Raphael ---

Remember, I <u>told</u> you so.



SCIENCE FICTION MOVIES By Gregory B. Richards 1984. Gallery Bks, 80 pp., hardback

REVIEWED BY BILL WINANS

This 9 X 11" book, available for \$4 or 30 or 31 some bragain book tables, is a good one for younger readers. It has over 110 photographs, many in full color, is indexed, has a filingraphy and brief bloom of the subjects are and direction of the subjects and direction of the subject and the brief, omitting a number of films and presenting only brief descriptions of most others.

Attractively packaged and with lots of information in its too brief text, I think mamy younger readers will value it.

PANDORA'S GENES By Kathryn Lance Popular Library, 1985, 279 pp., \$2.95 REVIEWED BY DEAN R. LAMBE

Civilization has vanished with a whimper, and mutants are abroad in the land. In this familiar after-things-fell-apart territory, Lance points at the contemporary Luddite fears of recombant INN research (resember when it was "stomic mutants"), with her tale of the mins of Mashington, D.C. gos in the mins of Mashington, D.C.

For a novel of biological speculation the premises are a little shaky. Several generations back, a Petrophage genengineered to cleam up oil spills went wild, and pobbled all the oil and Detro-

PAIN.ETTE'S PLACE-----

DOMAIN By James Herbert Signet, March 1985, (c) 1984-85, \$3.50 REVIEWED BY PAILETTE MINARE'

Only partially destroyed by poison, large mutant rats have gone underground to breed among the severs and other tunnels which homeycomb subterranean London, many of which provide access and ventilation to secret government bomb

Mean nuclear explosions in London begin thandering and nocking blur kingdon, the monster rats believe their grotesque queen, the Mother Creature, is under attack -- for the main government underground sheter had been built above racial memory is the lingering knowledge of the sweetness of soft human flesh with its fresh, warm running blood, so superior to cold food which does not

Only a fraction of London's humanity escape into the tunnels, avoiding the searing heat saves of the blasts, lethese and the searing heat saves of the blasts, lethese and the searing heat saves of the blasts, lethese heat heat of the search search

While in the main shelter waiting the disintegration of the fallout radiation, thirty survivors of the initial destruction must cope with their injuries and radiation sickness in addition to problems of human relations within this restricted snace.

Six men and one girl emerge from the central shelter -- only three live through the many traumas and pitfalls to finally be rescued by helicopters: Steve Culver, a pilot, Alex Dealey, Ministry of Defense employee, and Kate Garmer

The author, James Herbert, tells there is story so graphically that the reader is torn between an unger to that new meabre sights and hair-raising perfist they will encounter, and an ecrie dread, a shrinking refurstance to experience further grueling events along with them, to feel their trauma, their horror, their pain.

Herbert's descriptive realism will be happening to you, for he does not spare the unsavory details as you are there walking beside the survivors in their constant struggle for domain:

'The older man blanched when he saw the creatures eating into Kate's mangled hand. Even as he watched, a rat snipped off two fingers, Ftreating with its prize as another took its place. Blood flowed from the wounds, covering the rats' heads, smear-

ing their evil yellow eyes. while Kate writhed, her screaming descending to shocked agonized moons but the rat still clume. Culver realized the tooth were hound into the bonce of the hand -- what was left of the hand -- and nothing would loosen that grip, possibly not even death... Kate was mouning renestedly her eyes closed in a half-faint her head rolling from side to side. Her hand was in shreds, all the fingers gone now but the rate still nulled still tugged, still onswed at the bloody remnants. crackling fragile bones."... (P 332 and 333)

HELL HOUSE By Richard Matheson Warner, June 1985, (c) 1971, \$2.95

REVIEWED BY PAULETTE NINARE!

Is the Belasco house, set in a fogbound Maine valley, haunted by mmany ghosts of former residents and guests controlled by the former owner, Emeric Belasco, or is it haunted only by the powerful, demonic Belasco himself, impersonating the other specters?

Lionel Barrett, physicist and parapsychologist, is engaged to go to Hell House and establish the facts on whether or not there is actually survival after death. His two assistants are Reverend Florence Tanner, a spiritualist medium and Benjamin Fischer, the only survivor of a previous investigation. Barrett's wife, Edith, accompanies high

Barrett's scientific approach which does not harbor belief in ghosts but contends that certain phenomena occur by means of the subliminal self-and by the action of residual energy, is at odds with the religious approach of Rev. Florence Tanner, whose abilities as a medium include the production of teleplasm during the trance state.

Barrett intends to use his BAR machine (Electromagnetic Radiation Reverser) to reverse and dissipate the toxic power stored up in Hell House, therefore cleansing the house of its evil. If successful, this will prove there is no survival after death.

The twenty-seven former guests of Hell House, led by Belasco, were extremely sensual, engaging in all forms of debunchery, including drug addiction, necrophilia, mutilation and camibalism. This sensual aura affects the four inserts of the sensual control of the sensual contr

It appears that Richard Matheson has researched material for a great number of occult novels which could be written in more detail without quite a much emphasis on scientific explanation. If you like occult mysteries, you will be interested in reading the works of Richard Matheson.

leum-hased products. When the seals went on the containment labs, other 'wild deenas" began to change the world A particularly masty molecular bit engaged the himan X-chromosome for a Rhesus factor-like autoimmine sensitivity, and now tor-like autoimmume sensitivity, and now most women die upon bearing a second fe-male child. The sex ratio has shifted drastically, women have become property again and polyandry is the social norm.

This post-disaster story alternates among the viewmoints of three meonle. Will Principal of the District has deposed the previous President, and struggles to rebuild with the aid of his brother. Zack. When Zack is sent to procure Evvy, a lovely peasant girl, for Will's personal misuse, Zack betrays his leader and conveys the frightened teenager to the distant Garden, a secret enclave of female scientists. Years later, still mourning the disappearance of his broth-er, the Principal forces the women of the Garden to re-locate in the face of barbarian attack from religious fanatics. Will suspects Evvy's true background. but the old Mistress of the feminist scientific order protects the girl's secret. As the anti-research Trader fanatics manage Will's efforts toward a New Renaissance, however, fear, pride, and love in all three characters clash. and threaten the future of the entire

Despite ample opportunity, this first novel is refreshingly free of the sound of grinding axes: plot and people move along realistically; and a sequel rary's new Ouestar imprint is off to a good start.

HOMECOMING By John Dalmas TOR, 1984, 247 pp., \$2.95

REVIEWED BY STEVE MILLER

HOMECOMING, published in Sen tember, is a sequel to THE YNGLING, published by Tor in October. If this sounds a little strange you should know that Dalmas' YNGLING came out in the early seventies by another publisher and that HOMECOM-ING stands alone well enough to make it a worthwhile book without knowing the first book of the series.

Dalmas has combined several genres in this book. The basic idea is that the colonists of New Home have sent a ship back to Earth after a separation of some 700 years. Thus we have the savage Earth, slowly building itself back after a plague, so slowly that most technology has been lost. This is combined with a "superman" type of man born to the depopulated world: the Yngling of the earlier book. His talents include both physical feats and mental powers far beyond mortal "normal" men. Fortold in a legend, the Yngling has been shepherding his people from the north as they move away from a slowly eroding northern climate toward a gentler south.

The complications Dalmas manages to derive from this situation are enormous. To begin with it is the colonists returning to Earth

the am the mal !!innocente:!! they have little concention of war, othar than from extremely old record books and they are imised to physical and political styles of pres-sure and violence. They come to study and in short order a number of their crew members are cantired and held for ransom by clans in conflict with each other, all of whom see the outworld technology as a means of defeating the enemy and establishing their own particular empire

The Yngling wanders into this situation walking alone as he fre-quently travels. The New Home colonists have force fields and some minor esper talents: the ESP talante of those on Farth have improved to the point that many of them have mind readers working for them: it doesn't take long before the Yngling is himself involved through his special talents.

An enjoyable, readable book, though not a good read for the faint of heart as the northern tribes tend to scalp their foes.
The solutions to the problems caused by the complex situations are believable and the characters, if more than human at times, are in-teresting and worthy. If the outof-body experiences are a hit too much "occult" for an occasional reader I'd refer them to the fine tradition of such things in Space Opera: I have a feeling that if Dalmas keeps on with this series we're eventually going to see the Yngling or his children traveling all over space.

The only real quibble I have with the book is the editorial decision which left several expository sections ostensibly lifted from other books in the same style and size type as the rest of the book. The result is confusing from time to time: You have no idea what or whom is being quoted, nor even the fact that some other source is being quoted until you reach the end of that particular small chapter or excerpt.

HOMECOMING, and as I recall. THE YNGLING, are worth reading, in whatever order. If Dalmas can keep um this level of output his name will be gracing the cover of quite a few books in the years ahead.

THE SCIENCE FICTION FANTASY WEIRD HERO IME SCIENCE FICTION FANIASY WEIRD HERO MAGAZINE CHECKLIST by Ray Mysocki 96 pp., \$6.00 Available from Ray Wysocki, 28895 Fall River Rd, Westlake CH, 44145 REVIEWED BY BILL WINANS

This is the most complete checklist I have seen, a complete list of all applicable magazines from 1919 to the present. That means there are over 7,300 separate issues of over 320 magazines listed here. Magazines are covered in alphabetical order, giving the date, volume and number of each issue, along with other pertinent information, including title changes, first and last issues, and more.

The checklist is the product of extensive research, much of it from the author's personal collection, and the quality of the research and quantity of information makes it well worth the price Recommended



NIGHT'S DAUGHTER By Marion Zimmer Bradlev Del Rey/Ballantine, \$2.95, 245 pp.

REVIEWED BY PAUL MCGUIRE

Onick, what is the last MZB novel you can think of which had a male character who was not either a bozo, a homosexual, or a fiend? Along with the title character. the main character of NIGHT'S DAUGHTER is a likable and intelligent young man, and Ms. Bradley does a fine job portraying all four qualities. The young woman is just as engaging. Yet it is a 100 ish hird-man who almost steals the show.

Based on Mozart's THE MAGIC FLUTE, the novel has a deceptively simple plot. The son of the Emper-or of the West journeys across a wasteland to undergo a series of ordeals in order to win the hand of a princess. The princess is the daughter of the King of Light and the Queen of Darkness. Her parents are enemies. Raised in seclusion, it is only recently that she has begun to learn the truth about her evil mother. Perhaps because the Emperor's son is the first young man she has ever seen, it is love at first sight for the princess. Perhaps because she is the most beautiful woman he has ever seen, ditto the Emperor's son. They can only be united if they both survive the ordeals of air, earth, fire and water. The true purpose of the ordeals is to bestow enlightenment. If your true purpose is to be entertained, this is a reasonably smart and stylish way to go about it.

AN ALIEN IN LA.

JOHN SHIRLEY HAS JUST MOVED FROM NEW YORK TO LOS ANCELES, AND THINKS THAT IN A FEW DECADES HE MAY GET USED TO THE PLACE. BUT HE DOESN'T THINK HE'LL EVER FIT IN

After the pala trees, the first things I noticed in Bewrly Hills were the walls, and the warnings. The walls around the houses were about six feet tall; sometimes they're wood, sometimes they're hedges backed with a spike-top-ped black steel fence. They're there to discourage burglars (not because they greater than the state of the said of the said of the said of privacy. Privacy, because every so often a tour tus rolls by these houses, the tourists rubbemecking so assiduously you anticipate a bonnana for

Often, the houses and grounds are much bigger than they seem from the There's usually a little aprop of front-vard lawn visible through the iron gates, and on the lawn is, invariably, a little metal sign, about a third the size of a real estate for sale sign and shaped like a cop's badge. The signs say things like: WARNING? PRFM-ISES PROTECTED BY IRONFIST SECURITY CO. OT WARNING: ELECTROWATCH ARMED SECUR-ITY. And the word in the bars on Sunset is: If you're a black guy in a beatset is: If you're a black guy in a best up looking car, you don't even drive through Beverly Hills. Because if you look like you don't belong, the real life Beverly Hills Cops will pull you over and the chances are fifty-fifty as to whether you get your ass kicked or just ticketed for some imaginary in-

I'm in Beverly Hills a few months staving in the guest house owned by my staying in the guest house owned by my girlfriend's parents. I know: I don't belong here. The guy who owns this place has a <u>Platinum</u> American Express card. Before I came here I never even heard of a Platinum American Express card. On these ElectroWatched-over premises -- in a 7,500-square-foot main house and a large two-bedroom guest house -- is a fortune in jade and antiques, an enormous satellite TV dish. five expensive cars, solar-power-heated swimming pool, hot tubs, saunas, thor-oughbred dogs, tennis courts, computers (gathering dust), electric massage tables, an arsenal of kitchen appliances, game room, four VCRs, a nautilus room with several arcane "fitness" devices that check your pulse and blood pressure as you exercise, various servants, sculptures, and one rather battered science fiction writer in a ripped Clash t-shirt who looks vaguely spologetic for being alive as he wanders, hands abwardly in the pockets of his jeans, through the landscaped grounds. The writer reflecting, as he wanders, that he may be in district the condense 'Ban Bashing' Ban Bashing is a recreational pastime of which the condense 'Ban Bashing' Ban Bashing is a recreational pastime of which was been thaving to look at the home-less. So they get a few friends togeth-less. So they get a few friends togeth-less. So they get a few friends togeth-looks to be go because there's a shell-wide wandered into affluent neighborhoods to beg or because there's a shell-reactly. Best them up, Unwasten

A few long, luxuriously verdant, immatched clean blocks away are some of the costlest stores in the country; places on Rodeo Drive that'll cheerfully sell you a single tie for two hundred and fifty dollars. But Beverly Hills isn't the real LA., man, no. This is the carnation in the buttonhole of its ratty suit.

Most of L.A. is cars, and things for cars to feed on, and park near, and a great big blue bowl for the cars to fill with poisonous tumes.

In the Help Wanted section of the L.A. papers there are ads like:

SINGLE WOMEN!
(Age 23 to 30 only)
Check out the LOVE CONNECTION!
HIT TV SHOW ABOUT VIDEO DATING
NEEDS YOU!
We send you on a date,
You tell us (on TV)
What hanpens on your date!!

Call for interview...
and NEMLYWEDS WANTED FOR TV'S NEMLYWED
GAME... and ARE YOUR KIDS TALENTED?
FREE TV-COMMERCIAL SEMINAR AND EVALUATION (ages 4 and up)...

Look in the magazine ads for weight reduction you see:

FAT SUCTION!! IT REALLY WORKS!

The self-improvement section of the A.A. Weekly contains page after page of ads for cottage industry mysticism like the Chemes Gelbertion (% holds: Self-ads) and the Chemes Gelbertion (% holds: Self-aprovement Center!" and "sexuality/ splittainty" worshops and "Seoul Transistion of the Chemes Gelbertion (% holds: Self-ads) and "security in the Chemes Gelberting of the

profusion here. Roach motels for people with insectsized self-esteem for people who "Feel like you're going nowhere?" on the endless circuit of freeways and bill-bard-engisted boulevards.

I went to a dinner party thrown (or I went to a dinner party thrown (or maybe I should say "pitched") by a song-writer friend who's plagued by mystic revelations almost daily, poor chap. A number of his friends were there all in the The Business in one end or anoth-EVERYONE there but me had seen a IEO and had communicated with them in some way 'Oonoh." one young woman cooed. "it was. like, soooo heav-eeee, because I was driving late at night and -- like I was not stoned, hardly -- and these two lights rose up from the other side of lights rose up from the other side of the hill and came together and then split up again and flew in a pattern, you knogooooo?" I pointed that the lights could have been mirage refractions from carlights or any number of other atmospheric optical effects. She looked at me with amazement. Aghast. How could I even imagine? I mean. refractions?! What a Weeeeirdooo, you knooo? ... So then the subject of life after death came up and the book numorting to collect empirically consistent Afterlife experiences from people who'd died and returned and when I said such things could be hallucinations obtaining from sociological mindsets they all looked at me like Catholics who'd seen me throw a tomato at the Pope. Bullshit Trendy-Mysticism Hype is the religion in I A

But it's lazy religion: the real devotion goes into success, the more material the better. Same, yeah, as in New York, only here it's expressed in cars, houses on stilts in "the canyon," gold chains and the best drugs.

Appropos to sniffing out success I talked to a producer at the party about TV and film writing. The producer -who shall remain nameless, and who runs a rock video show that'll remain nameless -- told me something about Angelinos that made me think of the Japanese. Because I'd heard that the Japanese have a word that literally means "maybe" or "quite possibly" -- but when they use it. it may well mean "no" or "absolutely not." Or it might mean "it might be possible in certain circumstances" or "let's see how things pan out" or it might mean 'Yes!," all depending on how they shade it, and in what context it's said. People working in the film and TV industry here, my producer friend in-formed me, "...are plagued with kneejerk positivism. So they're affirmative even when they don't mean to be. They say

by John shirley

'Sounds great' but you have to learn when that really means 'Great' and when the really means 'Great' and when the means 'Naybe' or 'Night be good for someone but not for us'or 'this really sucks, don't call us we'll call you.' I mean, you'll have neetings with people who'll tell you yesh they'll commit five who'll tell you yesh they'll commit five who'll tell you what they'll commit five who'll the you though and they neer the you'll call their office and the secretary won't put you though and they neer return your calls and you never hear from them again. The insincently here is a disease, and you come out here hating it but you find yourself acting the same

Gossip is rife in the constantlyshifting currents of network N, and it exposes the ruthlessness behind the removal's glossy, friendly "My Gong, heard from a number of well-placed people that a number of "young sus types" at one network have a "a hard-on for" control of the control of the control support of the control of the control of the support of the control of the control of the support of the control of the control of the support of the control of the control of the support of the control of the control of the control of the support of the control of the control of the control of the support of the control of the control of the control of the support of the control of the control of the control of the support of the control of the control of the control of the support of the control of the control of the control of the control of the support of the control of the control of the control of the control of the support of the control of

The consensus on SF files among the follywood agents and writers I've spoken to is this: Despite the embarrassing financial failure of DUM, disappointing showings on 2010, and STANANN just break and TDE REUNE OF THE EDIF demonstrate the field is still viable. "But big, arry productions are out, except for maybe a George Lucas Production. To maybe a George Lucas Production." Six formals SI; fif, and modest budgets."

There are a lot of theories as to what was really going on with the Writer's Guild strike. The wideo show producer, who also writes, told me: "A lot of it was boredom and frustration, since 75 of the writers in the WMA aren't working. It was a way of asserting their reality as writers. The grievance itself was the writer's percentage for video cassette rights. Lots of times what

happens is this: The producer sells the video cassetter rights before the film distribution rights, and sometimes finds it's more lucrative not osell theater distribution at all. Writers get their more from theater distribution at all. Writers get their more from theater distributions. So they struck for higher percentages on casettee rentals and sales, not so much for what they'll get now, but for a few years down the road when the casettee market is expected to be between five and ten times what it is

But I also talked to a movie producer. He produced one of 1944's major science fiction films. A good film and reasonably successful. His thony was, in some underhanded way because it "onbled them to get rid of the deadhood around the studio." He explained that there are a lot of writers werking under there are a lot of writers werking under out. To avoid paying off the writers, the studios encouraged the strike so the contracts, rendering the contracts void.

He also complained of having had to "fork over ten grand" in navola to "a guy in New York who takes care of these things." The "guy" evidently acts as a liason between the studio's P.R. neonle and the "weeiays" who play rock videos. One of the hassles of making a movie these days is having to extract material from it to use in a rock video to promote the film, which also means having to buy a lot of pop music for the soundtrack -- music you maybe wouldn't otherwise use if not for the new reliance on rock videos for movie publicity. Once the video is made you've got to persuade people to play it on the various stations and for a lot of them that means simply, out-right bribery. You give them cash or cocaine. "It's part of the budget for the promotional video, he said resignedly. Because payola is an integral part of the rock industry.

When it became obvious that this

producer's movie wasn't going to win any major Oscars 1 told him there was perhaps some small consolation in the fact that it might well win the Hugo award. He looked at me blankly. "Hugo" I have said, "id, yeah the Scili

So much for the Hugo in Hollywood



7

A great many people in L.A. are just as their stereotypers would have them. The clickes are true. Everyone you meet has a screenplay coing -- dishwashers. bagboys, priests, everyone -- or "a dyn-amite idea for a pilot." And, yeah, lots people act Cliche Californian: I've already been told to "mellow out" once: a friend advised me, "This isn't New York. Here you don't talk so aggressivelv. And you better cut back on those morbid jokes of yours. Talk positive." I met some producers from Loremar. They really do wear gold chains. People in Beverly Hills take their kids to Transcendental Meditation, self-expression groups, even Tae Kwon Do and Karate as early as four years old "for the spiri-tual discipline of it." I went with a friend to see his kid test for his nurple belt. It's an eerie thing to see forty kids from four to seven years old. all wearing white karate outfits and moving through a series of incredibly complex and exacting maneuvers with su-perhuman precision. Afterwards we went out for Sushi and watched the Sushi master ritualistically cut and shape fish flesh...with superhuman precision.

Maybe the fads, the fascination with martial arts, health foods bodybuilding (I mean simply EVERONGE belongs to health club), mass market mysticism, pseudoreligions. Naybe it's all an attempt to influe a sprawling, amorphous, narrissistic lifestyle with shape and substance. This is a city without a clear moral center, and it wallows in disorientation.

And in fact 1'm disoriented myself, now. 1 had a clear sense of mission when I came here. But now, now with my eyes burning from the smog...My jaw muscles aching from trying to maintain an insincere smile...

Now 1'm not at all sure why 1've moved to Los Angeles.



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